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## Perfluoro-N-Butyl Iodide (PFBI): A 13-Week Nose-Only Inhalation Toxicity Study in Rats with a 4-Week Recovery Period

David R. Mattie AFRL/HEPB 2729 R Street, Bldg 837, Area B Wright-Patterson AFB OH 45433-5707

Darol E. Dodd
Alion Science and Technology
P.O. Box 31009
Dayton OH 45437

Peter J. John University of Dayton Research Institute (UDRI) 800 College Park Dayton, OH 45469-0168

> Gary M. Hoffman Huntingdon Life Sciences 100 Mettlers Road East Millstone NJ 08875

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Air Force Research Laboratory Human Effectiveness Directorate Biosciences and Protection Division Applied Biotechnology Branch Wright-Patterson AFB OH 45433-5707

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**AFRL-HE-WP-TR-2007-0020** 

# THIS TECHNICAL REPORT HAS BEEN REVIEWED AND IS APPROVED FOR PUBLICATION

#### FOR THE DIRECTOR

//SIGNED//

#### MARK M. HOFFMAN

Deputy Chief, Biosciences and Protection Division Air Force Research Laboratory

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#### **PREFACE**

This study was sponsored by Alion Sciences and Technology of Dayton, OH, under the management of Darol E. Dodd, PhD. Alion was contracted to AFRL/HEPB at Wright-Patterson Air Force Base (WPAFB), OH, under contract number F33615-00-C-6060. Contract oversight was provided by David R. Mattie, PhD, of AFRL/HEPB. A co-sponsor of the study was Peter J. John, PhD, of the University of Dayton Research Institute (UDRI), Dayton, OH. Contract oversight was provided by Ed C. Snyder and Lois J. Gschwender of AFRL/MLBT at WPAFB, OH.

Funding was provided by ASC/ENVV (WPAFB) under the program entitled, "Qualify Optimum Oxygen System Cleaning Solvent." Vincent R. Johnson and Charles R. Valley served as program managers.

This study, Huntingdon Life Sciences study no. 04-6154, was performed under Test Guideline 870.3465 and conducted in compliance with the United States Environmental Protection Agency's (EPA) Good Laboratory Practice (GLP) Standards 40 CFR Part 792 (TSCA) and with the Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development (OECD) Principles of Good Laboratory Practices ENV/MC/CHEM/(98)17 with one exception. AFRL/HEPB conducted the serum hormone analysis; although performed in the spirit of GLP, their analysis and report do not meet compliance under GLP guidelines.

Huntingdon Life Sciences, East Millstone, NJ, and AFRL/HEPB are fully accredited by the Association for Assessment and Accreditation of Laboratory Animal Care International (AAALAC). All studies involving animals were conducted under a program of animal care accredited by the AAALAC and in accordance with the "Guide for the Care and Use of Laboratory Animals", National Research Council (1996).

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## LIST OF ABBREVIATIONS

 $\begin{array}{ll} \mu L & \text{microliter(s)} \\ \mu m & \text{micrometer(s)} \end{array}$ 

ANOVA Analysis of Variance

EPA U.S. Environmental Protection Agency

F female(s)

FOB Functional Observational Battery evaluations

g gram(s)

GLP Good Laboratory Practice

hr(s) hours(s)
IR infrared
L liter(s)

Lpm liters per minute

M male(s)

m3 cubic meter(s)
mg milligram(s)
min(s) minutes(s)
mL milliliter(s)

PFBI perfluoro-n-butyl iodide

ppm parts per million RIA radioimmunoassay

SBIR Small Business Innovative Research SOP Standard Operating Procedure

T<sub>3</sub> triiodothyronine

T<sub>4</sub> tetraiodothyronine, thyroxineTSH Thyroid Stimulating Hormone

UDRI University of Dayton Research Institute

WPAFB Wright-Patterson Air Force Base

#### **EXECUTIVE SUMMARY**

Fischer 344 rats (15 males & 10 females per group) were exposed for 6 hours/day to 0 (Air Control), 500, 1500 or 5000 ppm of PFBI for generally 5 days/week for 13 consecutive weeks (at least 65 exposures) followed by a 4-week recovery period. Exposure levels were determined using an infrared spectrophotometer 4 times per chamber per day. Particle size distribution measurements were made once weekly using a TSI Aerodynamic Particle Sizer. At the end of the treatment period, up to 10 animals/sex/group were euthanized and necropsied. Remaining animals (5 males/group) were held for a 4-week recovery period, after which they were euthanized and necropsied. Parameters evaluated during the study were: viability, clinical observations, ophthalmology, body weights, feed consumption, clinical pathology, thyroid function, organ weights, macroscopic observations and microscopic pathology.

The mean ( $\pm$  standard deviation) analytical exposure concentrations of PFBI were determined to be 0.0  $\pm$  0.0, 500  $\pm$  22, 1489  $\pm$  83 and 4931  $\pm$  359 ppm for the Air Control and the exposure groups, respectively. Particle sizing results indicated that the atmospheres were essentially vapor only, as expected, since there was no substantial difference between the test substance chambers and the Air Control chamber.

There was one accidental death on Day 29 (one control male) and all remaining animals survived until their scheduled sacrifices. The target tissue following 13 weeks of daily inhalation exposure of rats to PFBI was the thyroid. The findings consisted of a minimal thyroid follicular cell hypertrophy occasionally accompanied by hyperplasia but without an increase in thyroid weight in the 500, 1500 and 5000 ppm males; only one 5000 ppm female had similar histopathological thyroid changes. At  $\geq$  500 ppm, there was also increased TSH in females and increased  $T_3$  and  $T_4$  in animals of both sexes. These effects resolved following a 4-week recovery period.

Other changes were several minor clinical pathology variations at all exposure levels but with no biological significance and a 9.4% reduction in absolute body weight in the 5000 ppm males. None of the organ weight changes were associated with histopathological correlates; these included increased kidney weights in the  $\geq$  1500 females and decreased spleen weight in the 5000 ppm males. Increased adrenal weights at  $\geq$  1500 ppm (both sexes) with decreased thymic weight in the 5000 ppm males were indicative of stress while the effect on the accessory sex glands at 5000 ppm were considered secondary to decreased body weight in males.

#### INTRODUCTION

Perfluoro-n-butyl iodide (PFBI) was identified as an environmentally acceptable (i.e., zero ozone depletion potential) replacement solvent for cleaning oxygen systems. Cleaning evaluations have shown it to be a superior wipe solvent cleaner. Initial toxicity testing was conducted under a Phase II Small Business Innovative Research (SBIR) initiative used to develop PFBI as a cleaning solvent. Acute toxicity, subchronic toxicity (4-week) and genotoxicity evaluations were reported by Dodd *et al.* (2004). Because PFBI has iodide in the compound and caused increases in thyroid hormones in the subchronic toxicity study previously conducted, a recovery group was added in order to test for a return to normal levels of thyroid hormones and TSH 4-weeks after the end of daily exposures. This study was conducted to assess the potential inhalation toxicity of PFBI when administered via nose-only inhalation exposure to rats for at least 13 weeks followed by at least a 4-week recovery period. The assessment included routine toxicology parameters as well as detailed evaluations of neurotoxicity and thyroid function parameters. This study was designed to provide the information required for a health assessment including a proposed permissible exposure limit.

#### **MATERIALS AND METHODS**

The experimental outline for this study conducted at Huntingdon Life Sciences (Testing Facility) is detailed in Table I. This study was initiated 21 November 2005. Animals were received on 8 December 2005 and exposures began 21 December. Exposures were terminated on 26 March 2006 and the animals were euthanized on 24 and 27 March. Recovery group animals were euthanized on 21 April. The final report was signed and finalized on 6 October 2006.

#### Justifications

## Route, Duration and Frequency of Administration

The inhalation route is one of the potential routes of human exposure to this test substance. The duration and frequency of the exposures are as recommended in the relevant OECD and EPA guidelines.

#### **Test Animal Selection**

The rat is used as a surrogate for humans in the detection of chemical exposure toxicity and is a species in which known toxicants have been detected. This rodent species is commonly used in the conduct of toxicity studies and is that recommended by the relevant OECD and EPA guidelines. Historical control data are also available with this strain of rat for comparative evaluation, if necessary.

Table I. Experimental outline for 13-week inhalation study of PFBI

Group	Exposure Level (ppm) <sup>a</sup>				WnN	Number of Animals	nimals				
				Clinical Laboratory	boratory		Necropsyc	psyc		Micros	Microscopic
		Initial	la	Studies <sup>b</sup>	ies <sup>b</sup>	Terminal	inal	Recovery	very	Pathologyd	logyd
		M	Щ	Σ	ш	Σ	Щ	N	Щ	Σ	ш
1 (control)	(control) 0 (air only)	15	10	6	10	6	10	2	0	15	10
2 (low)	200	15	10	10	10	10	10	2	0	15	10
3 (mid)	1500	15	10	10	10	10	10	2	0	15	10
4 (high)	2000	15	10	10	10	10	10	2	0	15	10

Exposures were 6 hours/day, generally 5 days/week for at least 13 weeks for at least 65 exposures followed by at least a 4week recovery period for 5 males/group. Exposure levels are expressed as ppm of test substance. The exposures were conducted via nose-only inhalation exposure.

exposures period. Samples were also collected from all animals for RIA measurements of serum TSH, T<sub>3</sub> and T<sub>4</sub> at the end of 'Hematology, coagulation and clinical chemistry were performed on all 13-week study (Main Study) animals at the end of the the exposures period and at the end of the recovery period. Samples were collected and shipped to the Sponsor designated laboratory for analysis.

\*Complete postmortem evaluation was performed on the animal (male animal no. 1010) which was found dead (accidental) during the course of the study (Day 29)

'Microscopic examination of a complete tissue set was performed for all Main Study animals in the control and high-exposure groups following the exposures period. In addition, the thyroid/parathyroid gland was examined for all animals following the exposures and recovery periods and the lungs were examined for all animals sacrificed at the end of the exposures period.

M = Male; F = Female; The first day of exposure was Day 1 for the study.

#### **Number of Animals**

The number of animals in the protocol was considered to be the minimum necessary for statistical, regulatory and scientific validation. The purpose of this study was to monitor for toxicity of the test substance. Historical control data indicate that clinical laboratory data, organ weight data and microscopic examination of tissues vary among individual animals. The number of animals/sex/group (10) was selected based on this variability. In addition, 5 males per group (since any effects were not expected to be sex specific) were added to allow an evaluation of recovery of effects after a 4 week period. Three test substance-treated groups receiving low, medium and high exposure levels and a negative control group were considered the minimum number of groups necessary to provide a range of effects.

#### **Exposure Level Selection**

The exposure levels for this study were selected based on results of 4-week inhalation testing (HLS study 97-6111) which showed adverse effects at 10,000 ppm (decreased body weight gain and respiratory mucosal hypertrophy/hyperplasia) but no adverse effects at 1,000 and 100 ppm (Dodd *et al.*, 2004).

#### **Test Substance**

The solvent perfluoro-n-butyl iodide (PFBI) (formula:  $C_4F_9I$ ; CAS # 423-39-2) has a molecular weight of 345.9 g/mole. Pure (98.8%) PFBI (Lot # Q12C-14) was manufactured at Lubrication Technology, Inc. (Franklin Furnace, OH) and supplied by SynQuest Laboratories, Inc. (Alachua, FL). The test substance was received on 5 December 2005 and stored as specified (~4°C in the dark).

The identity, strength, composition, stability and method of synthesis, fabrication and/or derivation of each batch of the test substance were documented by the University of Dayton Research Institute (UDRI), Dayton, OH, before its use in the study. This documentation was maintained by the UDRI. An archival sample was taken (15 mL) and stored in the Archives of the Testing Facility. The unused portion of the test substance, as well as any empty test substance containers, was returned to AFRL/MLBT at Wright-Patterson Air Force Base (WPAFB), OH, on 18 April 2006.

#### **Test Animals**

Albino inbred VAF/Plus® Fischer 344 [CDF®(F344/ DuCrl)] rats were purchased from Charles River Laboratories, Kingston, NY. A total of 106 rats (63 males, 43 females) were received and 100 total (60 males, 40 females) were used in this study. Rats were approximately 6 weeks of age at receipt and approximately 8 weeks of age at exposure initiation.

Males weighed an average of 175.6 g (range: 155 - 200 g) at the initiation of exposure, while females weighed 123.1 g (range: 103 - 136 g). Individual weights of animals were within  $\pm$  20% of the mean weight for each sex. Females were nulliparous and non-pregnant.

Animals were acclimated for approximately two weeks. All animals were checked for viability twice daily. All animals were examined during the acclimation period to confirm suitability for study.

More animals than required for the study were purchased and acclimated. Animals considered unsuitable for the study on the basis of pretest physical examinations, outlying body weight data, or ophthalmoscopic examinations were eliminated prior to random selection for group assignment. Animals considered suitable for study were distributed into 4 groups of 15/males and 10/females by a computerized random sort program so that body weight means for each group were comparable.

Each rat was assigned a temporary number upon receipt. Each rat was identified with tail tattoo bearing its assigned animal number. The assigned animal number plus the study number comprised the unique animal number for each animal. In addition, each cage was provided with a cage card which was color-coded for exposure level identification and contained study number and animal number information.

Animals were monitored by the technical staff for any conditions requiring possible veterinary care and treated as necessary. Animals were individually housed in suspended, stainless steel wire mesh cages during the study. A twelve hour light/dark cycle controlled via an automatic timer was provided.

Temperature was monitored in accordance with Testing Facility Standard Operating Procedure (SOP) and maintained within the specified range to the maximum extent possible. The desired temperature range was 18 to 26°C; the actual range was 17 to 24°C. Excursions outside the specified range were not considered to have affected the integrity of the study.

Relative humidity was monitored in accordance with Testing Facility SOP and maintained within the specified range to the maximum extent possible. The desired humidity range was 30 to 70%; the actual range was 14 to 75%. Excursions outside the specified range were not considered to have affected the integrity of the study.

Certified Rodent Diet, No. 5002; (pellets) (PMI Nutrition International, St. Louis, Missouri) was available without restriction. Fresh feed was presented weekly. Analysis of each feed lot used during this study was performed by the manufacturer. Results are maintained on file by the manufacturer. There were no known contaminants in the feed that were expected to interfere with the objectives of this study.

Water (Elizabethtown Water Company, Westfield, New Jersey) was available without restriction via an automated watering system. Monthly water analyses are conducted by Elizabethtown Water Company, Westfield, New Jersey (Raritan-Millstone Plant) to ensure that water meets standards specified under the EPA Federal Safe Drinking Water Act Regulations (40 CFR Part 141). In addition, water samples are collected biannually from representative rooms in the Testing Facility; chemical and microbiological water analyses are conducted on these samples by a subcontract laboratory. Results of all water analyses are maintained on file at the Testing Facility. There were no known contaminants in the water that were expected to interfere with the results of this study.

## **Exposure Conditions and Administration**

Animals were individually housed in polycarbonate cones attached to nose-only inhalation exposure chambers. No feed or water was provided during exposure. Chamber static pressure was recorded every half-hour during exposure. Chamber temperature, airflow rate and relative humidity were monitored continuously and recorded every half-hour during exposure and maintained, to the maximum extent possible, within the desired ranges. The desired temperature range was 20 to 24°C; the actual range was 19 to 24°C. The desired relative humidity range was 40 to 60%; the actual range was 22 to 49%. Excursions outside the specified range were not considered to have affected the integrity of the study.

The route of administration was inhalation via nose-only exposures. The test substance was administered for 6 hours/day, generally 5 days per week for at least 13 weeks and at least 65 exposures. Test substance administration continued through the day prior to necropsy for all animals except the recovery animals.

The test substance was administered as a vapor in the breathing air of the animals. The test atmosphere was generated by an appropriate procedure determined during pre-study trials. The trials were performed to evaluate the optimal set of conditions and equipment to generate a stable and uniform atmosphere at the target exposure levels.

## **Exposure Procedure**

Group 1 animals were exposed to house-line air only. For Groups 2 and 3 animals, the test substance was placed in a glass syringe (covered with a damp paper towel and an ice pack) on a syringe pump with an initial setting of 3.3 mL/hr (Group 2) and 10.5 mL/hr (Group 3). The test substance was directed, via 1/8" Teflon® tubing and a syringe adapter, from the syringe onto the glass helix of a counter current volatilization chamber. The ice pack was eliminated on Day 3, as the wet paper towel was considered adequate to keep test substance cool.

For Group 4, the test substance was contained in a flask (covered with a damp paper towel in ice bath), via 1/8" tubing, by a fluid metering pump set at an initial setting of 40% with a 1/4" piston and was directed into the glass helix of a counter current volatilization chamber. Again, use of the ice bath was eliminated on Day 3 as the wet paper towel was considered adequate to keep test substance cool.

For Groups 2-4, houseline air was delivered from an in-house system consisting of a generation flowmeter and an exhaust flowmeter. For the generation system, house-line air was delivered through a flowmeter with a built in metering valve and back pressure gauge, to the ball and socket joint at the bottom of the volatilization chamber and passed over the coil to volatilize the test substance.

The test substance laden air flowed through tubing at the top of the volatilization chamber into the calibrated MIRAN (IR) air analyzer. The air equilibrated within the cell allowing for continuous monitoring during the test substance generation. The air then exited the Miran and flowed, via tubing, to the inlet turret of the flow-past nose-only inhalation exposure chamber.

The chamber atmosphere was exhausted via tubing through a flowmeter with a built in metering valve. The chamber atmosphere was exhausted via plastic tubing and filtered through a series of two filter pots prior to entering the in-house exhaust system. The filter pot closest to the

chamber exhaust consisted of wound polypropylene and the second consisted of polyester fiber, activated charcoal and a glass fiber filter. Chamber airflow was maintained at 13.0 (Lpm) for both the 360 minute exposure and for 5 minutes post-exposure to allow the chamber to clear.

## **Chamber Operation**

The flow-past nose-only inhalation chambers (approximately 0.7 Liters in internal volume) were each operated at a minimum flow rate of 13 Liters per minute (0.52 Lpm per test animal). The final airflow was set to provide at least one air change (calculated by dividing the chamber volume by the airflow rate) in 5.0 minutes (12 air changes/hour) and a T99 equilibrium time (calculated by multiplying the air change by the exponential factor 4.6) of at most 23 minutes. This chamber size and airflow rate was considered adequate to maintain the oxygen level at least 19% and the animal loading factor below 5%. At the end of each exposure, all animals remained in the chamber for a minimum of 30 minutes. During this time, each chamber was operated at approximately the same flow rate using clean air only. Figure 1 in the Appendix provides a diagram of the generation system and flow past the nose-only inhalation exposure chamber.

Determination of the 4 exposure levels were made using a MIRAN® Ambient Air analyzer equipped with a strip chart recorder. The test atmosphere was drawn continuously through the MIRAN® and measurements were recorded 4 times during each of the exposures. The exposure levels were determined by comparison of the measured absorbance to a calibrated response curve constructed using the same instrument settings.

Particle size samples were drawn once a week during exposure from the chambers and room air using a TSI Aerodynamic Particle Sizer. The samples were drawn for 20 seconds at a rate of 5.0 Lpm. The mass median aerodynamic diameter, geometric standard deviation and total mass concentration were calculated. A computer was used to program the system to the appropriate settings prior to sampling. The particle size distributions were calculated by the computer and printed out.

A nominal exposure concentration was calculated. The flow of air through the chamber was monitored using appropriate calibrated equipment. The test substance consumed during the exposure was divided by the total volume of air passing through the chamber (volumetric flow rate times total exposure time) to give the nominal concentration (ppm), which was calculated as follows:

$$Conc(ppm) = \frac{amount \, consumed(g) \times 1000 \left(\frac{mg}{g}\right) \times 1000 \left(\frac{\mu g}{mg}\right) \times 22.4 \left(\frac{\mu L}{\mu mole}\right) \times 295^{\circ} K}{\exp osure \, duration(\min) \times airflow \left(\frac{L}{\min}\right) \times MW \left(\frac{\mu g}{\mu mole}\right) \times 273^{\circ} K}$$

Where: MW = 345.9 g/mole

#### **Animal Observation**

Animals were observed in their cages twice daily for mortality and signs of severe toxic or pharmacologic effects. Animals in extremely poor health or in a possible moribund condition were identified for further monitoring and possible euthanasia.

All animals were observed as a group in-chamber at least once during each exposure. Out-of-chamber, each animal was removed from its cage and examined twice pretest and once weekly during the study period. Observations during the dosing phase were performed post-exposure. Examinations included observations of general condition, skin and fur, eyes, nose, oral cavity, abdomen and external genitalia as well as evaluations of respiration, palpation for tissue masses, circulatory effects, autonomic effects, central nervous system effects, changes in motor activity, and reactivity to handling or sensory stimuli.

All animals were examined via ophthalmoscope pretest and at study termination. Eyelids, lacrimal apparatus and conjunctiva were examined grossly; cornea, anterior chamber, lens, vitreous humor, retina and optic disc were examined by indirect opthalmoscopy. The eyes were examined after instillation of a mydriatic (Tropicamide Ophthalmic Solution 1%).

Body weights were recorded twice pretest and weekly thereafter throughout the study. Terminal, fasted weights were obtained just prior to necropsy.

Feed was available without restriction 7 days/week. Animals were presented with full feeders of known weight. After 6 or 7 days during the treatment period, feeders were reweighed and the resulting weight was subtracted from the full feeder weight to obtain the grams consumed per animal over the 7-day period. Feed consumption was measured (weighed) once pretest and once weekly during treatment and calculated.

$$Feed Consumption \left(\frac{g}{day}\right) = \frac{grams \ of \ feed \ consumed}{6 \ or 7 \ days}$$

#### **Neurobehavioral Studies**

Testing was staggered over 4 sessions during the 13th week of exposures and was conducted on non-exposure days at least 16 hours post-exposure. Each session consisted of 2-3/sex/group. Testing was performed on 20 animals per session for 13-week study (Main Study) animals. Noise level was maintained within a level of 55 to 65 decibels by a white noise generator. Temperature, humidity and illumination were measured and recorded to ensure that variations in environmental conditions were minimal during all evaluations. The functional observational battery was performed for all animals before evaluation of motor activity. No feed and water were available during the measurements.

## **Functional Observational Battery**

A functional observational battery (FOB) (Moser, 1989) was performed on 10 Main Study animals/sex/group. Time of testing was counter-balanced across treatment groups.

The following evaluations were performed as part of the FOB:

- Home Cage Evaluations: posture, vocalization and palpebral closure.
- Handling Evaluations: reactivity to general stimuli (handling); assessment of signs of autonomic function: lacrimation, salivation, altered fur appearance, or red/crusty deposits around eyes.
- Open Field Evaluations: arousal level and gait; count of urination and defecation; convulsions, tremors, abnormal movements or behaviors, excessive or repetitive actions; piloerection and exophthalmos.
- Reflex Assessments: response to visual (approach response) and auditory (finger snap) stimuli; response to a tail pinch; pupillary function.
- Grip Strength (Meyer *et al.*, 1979): Grip strength was measured using a Grip Strength Meter (Columbus Instruments International Corporation, Columbus, Ohio).
- Landing Foot Splay: A container of dampened sand was placed on a laboratory cart or table against a wall, and the surface was smoothed with a flat-edged instrument. Each animal was released onto the sand from a height of one foot. The distance between the marks left by the hindpaws was measured in centimeters. Two trials were performed for landing foot splay, the average of which was used for comparison.
- Proprioception: Animals were gently restrained on a horizontal surface by grasping the thorax. The observer gently pulled back on the hindlimb of the rat so that the dorsal surface of the paw was on the testing surface, and released. Extent of hindlimb retraction was scored.
- Air Righting Ability: Animals were held upside down and dropped from a height of one foot into a container of bedding. The landing position of each animal was recorded.
- Body Temperature: Rectal temperature was obtained using a digital electronic thermometer (Welch Allyn SureTemp Plus).
- Body Weight: Animals were removed from their cages and weighed.

Temperature was monitored and recorded twice daily, just prior to the first evaluation and just after the last evaluation. The desired temperature was 18 to 26°C; the actual range was 21 to 24°C. Relative humidity was monitored and recorded twice daily, just prior to the first evaluation and just after the last evaluation. The desired relative humidity was 30 to 70%; the actual was 30 to 49%.

Noise level was monitored using a Digital Sound Level Meter (Sper Scientific, Ltd., Scottsdale, AZ) and recorded twice daily, just prior to the first evaluation and just after the last evaluation. The desired noise level was 55 to 65 dB; the actual level was 57 to 62 dB.

Illumination was monitored using a Photometer 1 (Quantum Instruments, Inc., Garden City, NY) and recorded twice daily, just prior to the first evaluation and just after the last evaluation. The desired lighting was <80 footcandles; the actual level was 44 to 50 footcandles.

#### **Motor Activity**

Using a modified version of Schulze's procedures (Schulze, 1990), the locomotor activity of all animals was monitored during 13th week of exposure using an automated Photobeam Activity System (San Diego Instruments, Inc., San Diego, California). Sessions were 60 minutes in length; each session was divided into 12 intervals of 5 minutes. The time of testing was balanced across treatment groups.

Temperature was monitored and recorded twice daily, just prior to the first evaluation and just after the last evaluation. The desired temperature range was 18 to 26°C; the actual range was 21 to 23°C. Relative humidity also was monitored and recorded twice daily, just prior to the first evaluation and just after the last evaluation. The desired humidity range was 30 to 70%; the actual range was 23 to 58%.

Noise level was monitored using a Digital Sound Level Meter (Sper Scientific, Ltd., Scottsdale, AZ) and recorded twice daily, just prior to the first evaluation and just after the last evaluation. The desired noise level was 55 to 65 dB; the actual range was 60 to 63 dB.

Illumination was monitored using a Photometer 1 (Quantum Instruments, Inc., Garden City, NY) and recorded twice daily, just prior to the first evaluation and just after the last evaluation. The desired light level was <80 footcandles; the actual range was 43 to 47 footcandles.

## **Clinical Laboratory Studies**

Clinical pathology procedures and parameters are based on those recommended in published guidelines (Weingand *et al.*, 1996). Blood was obtained from lightly anesthetized (Isoflurane) animals via puncture of the abdominal aorta. Rats were fasted in the morning for at least 6 hours prior to blood collection (terminal procedure by carbon dioxide inhalation – no recovery). The Main Study animals (up to 10/sex/group) were bled at the terminal interval.

Blood for hematology studies was collected (approximately 0.25 mL) into tubes containing EDTA anticoagulant. Blood samples were analyzed using the ADVIA 120 HematologyAnalyzer, (Bayer Corporation). The following tests were performed:

- Hemoglobin concentration
- Hematocrit
- Erythrocyte count
- Platelet count
- Mean platelet volume
- Mean corpuscular volume
- Mean corpuscular hemoglobin
- Mean corpuscular hemoglobin concentration
- Red cell distribution width
- Total leukocyte count
- Reticulocyte count
- Differential leukocyte count

Blood for coagulation studies was collected (approximately 1.0 mL) into tubes containing sodium citrate anticoagulant. Serum samples were analyzed using a mechanical clot detection system, STA Compact® by Diagnostica Stago Products. The following tests were performed:

- Prothrombin time
- Activated partial thromboplastin time

Blood for clinical chemistry was collected (approximately 1.0 mL) into tubes with no anticoagulant, allowed to clot, and centrifuged to obtain serum. Serum samples were analyzed using a Hitachi 917, Roche Corporation Automatic Analyzer. The following tests were performed:

• Aspartate aminotransferase (Kinetic - Modified IFCC Technique)

- Alanine aminotransferase (Kinetic Modified IFCC Technique)
- Alkaline phosphatase (Kinetic Modified AMP Buffer)
- Lactate dehydrogenase (Kinetic Lactate-pyruvate Technique)
- Blood urea nitrogen (Kinetic Modified Urease)
- Creatinine (Kinetic Modified Jaffe Method)
- Glucose (Hexokinase Method)
- Creatine kinase (Kinetic Modified NAC Method)
- Cholesterol (Enzymatic Modified Trinder Method)
- Total protein (Biuret Technique)
- Albumin (Bromocresol Green Method)
- Total bilirubin (Modified Wahlefield et al.)
- Direct bilirubin (Modified Jendrassik and Grof Method)
- Sodium (Ion Selective Electrode)
- Potassium (Ion Selective Electrode)
- Chloride (Ion Selective Electrode)
- Calcium (Cresolphthalein Complexone Method)
- Inorganic phosphorus (Phosphomolybdate UV Method)
- Gamma-glutamyl transferase (Kinetic Modified Persijn and Vander Silk Method)
- Triglycerides (GPO Triglyceride-lipase Method)

Additional serum chemisty tests were also performed:

- Globulin (calculated value; total protein albumin)
- Albumin/globulin ratio (calculated value; albumin ÷ globulin)
- Indirect bilirubin (calculated value; total bilirubin direct bilirubin)

Any remaining (frozen) serum were stored for up to six months after completion of assays and then were discarded. Peripheral blood smears were retained and archived with the study.

## **Thyroid Evaluation**

Blood (~2.0 mL for all animals) was collected into tubes with no anticoagulant, allowed to clot, and centrifuged to obtain serum for 3 sample tubes per animal. Blood was obtained from lightly anesthetized (Isoflurane) animals via puncture of the abdominal aorta as a terminal procedure (no recovery) from all animals for radioimmunoassay (RIA) measurements of serum TSH,  $T_3$  and  $T_4$  at the end of the exposures period and at the end of the recovery period. Rats were fasted in the morning for at least 6 hours prior to blood collection. The total amount of serum available for the sample 3 tubes was 1 mL (400  $\mu$ L and 400  $\mu$ L and 200  $\mu$ L). The resulting samples for RIA were immediately frozen on dry ice and maintained frozen (< -70°C) at the Testing Facility until shipped for analysis (all at one interval on 3 May 06) to AFRL/HEPB. The complete results of these evaluations are reported in Narayanan and Mattie (2007).

#### **Postmortem Evaluation**

Euthanasia was performed via exsanguination following carbon dioxide inhalation. A necropsy was performed on all surviving animals after animals were treated for at least 65 exposures (Terminal sacrifice) and/or held for 4 weeks of recovery (Recovery sacrifice). Necropsy schedules were established in order to assure that approximately equal numbers of males and

females from each group was examined on each day of necropsy and that examinations of animals of both sexes from each group was performed at similar times of the day throughout the necropsy period, as appropriate.

A complete macroscopic examination was performed on all animals, including all scheduled and unscheduled deaths; all abnormal observations were recorded. The necropsy included examination of the external surface and all orifices; the external surfaces of the brain and spinal cord; the organs and tissues of the cranial, thoracic, abdominal and pelvic cavities and neck; and the remainder of the carcass.

Organs indicated in Table II were weighed for all animals at the scheduled sacrifice interval(s). Prior to weighing, the organs were carefully dissected and properly trimmed to remove adipose and other contiguous tissues in a uniform manner. Organs were weighed as soon as possible after dissection to avoid drying except the thyroid/parathyroids which were weighed after at least 2 days of fixation. Paired organs were weighed together.

All tissues indicated in Table II were preserved in 10% neutral buffered formalin. Eyes and testes were initially placed in Modified Davidson's solution and then retained in 10% formalin. Lungs were infused with formalin (gravity method) prior to their immersion into a larger volume of the same fixative.

Smear preparations of the marrow from the rib were air dried and fixed in absolute methanol. After fixation, the tissues and organs from all animals were routinely processed, embedded in paraffin, cut at a microtome setting of 4-7 microns, mounted on glass slides, stained with hematoxylin and eosin and examined by light microscopy. The bones were decalcified in Decalcifier II<sup>TM</sup>.

After decalcification the skull was serially sectioned transversely at approximately one centimeter intervals. All sections were examined, post-fixation, for the presence of macroscopically visible morphologic abnormalities. Four sections per animal, described as follows, were processed, embedded in paraffin, cut at 4-7 microns, mounted on glass slides, stained with hematoxylin and eosin and examined by light microscopy. The first section included the area between the upper incisor tooth and incisive papilla. The second section included the area between the incisive papilla and the first palatal ridge. The third section included the area between the second palatal ridge and first upper molar tooth. The fourth section included the area between the first upper molar tooth and nasopharynx. (The fifth section posterior to the fourth section includes the nasopharynx when five sections were taken.)

Larynx sections were prepared from two sites; one was the area of the ventral diverticulum and the other was the area of the ventral seromucous glands at the base of the epiglottis. In a few instances, sections of larynx were not from the aforementioned planes of section. These were classified simply as Larynx for the purposes of data entry.

In addition, slides of the indicated tissues were prepared and examined microscopically for all Main Study animals and the thyroid gland (sectioned at  $\sim$ 5  $\mu$ m) was examined for all animals following the exposures and recovery periods. Any abnormalities not noted during macroscopic examinations which were seen during histology processing were recorded.

Table II. Tissues evaluated during postmortem examination

Tissue	Preserved	Weighed	Microscopic Examination (Groups)		
			1, 4	2, 3	
adrenal gland	X	Χ	Χ		
aorta (thoracic)	X		Х		
bone (sternum, femur)	X		Χ		
bone marrow smear (rib)	X				
brain (medulla/pons, cerebrum and cerebellum)	X	Х	Χ		
epididymides	X	Х	Χ		
esophagus	X		Χ		
eye	X				
heart	X	Х	Χ		
kidneys	Х	Х	Х		
large intestine (cecum, colon, and rectum)	Х		Х		
lacrimal gland	X				
larynx <sup>a</sup>	Х		Х		
liver	Х	X	Х		
lungs (with mainstem bronchi)	Х	Х	Х	Х	
lymph node (mediastinal and mesenteric)	Х		Х		
mammary gland	Х				
muscle (biceps femoris)	X				
nasopharyngeal tissue <sup>b</sup>	Х		Х		
nerve (sciatic)	X		Х		
optic nerve	Х				
ovaries	Х	Х	Х		
pancreas	Х		Χ		
pituitary	Х	Х			
prostate	Х	Х	Χ		
salivary gland with submandibular lymph node	Х		Χ		
seminal vesicles	Х	Х	Χ		
skin	X	-	-		
small intestine (duodenum, jejunum, ileum)	X		Χ		
spinal cord (cervical, thoracic, lumbar)	X		X		
spleen	Х	Х	Х		
stomach	X	-	X		
testes	X	Х	X		
thymic region	X	X	X		
thyroid (with parathyroids)	X	X	X	Х	
trachea	X	-	X		
urinary bladder	X		X		
uterus (body/horns with cervix)	X	Х	X		
Zymbal's gland	X	- `			
gross lesions	X				
<sup>a</sup> The larvageal mucesa were examined. Section				L	

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup>The laryngeal mucosa were examined. Sections of the larynx examined included the epithelium covering the base of the epiglottis, the ventral pouch and the medial surfaces of the vocal processes of the arytenoid cartilages.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>b</sup>Four sections of the nasopharyngeal tissue were examined. This included sections through the nasal cavity and examinations of the squamous, transitional, respiratory and olfactory epithelia.

## **Statistical Analysis**

The following parameters were analyzed statistically:

- weekly body weights and body weight changes
- feed consumption
- hematology
- coagulation
- clinical chemistry
- organ weights
- forelimb and hindlimb grip strength measurements
- landing foot splay measurements
- body temperature and body weights for FOB evaluations

Evaluation of equality of group means was made by the appropriate statistical method, followed by a multiple comparison test if needed. Bartlett's test (Bartlett, 1937; Sokal and Rohlf, 1995) was performed to determine if groups had equal variances. For all parameters except organ and body weights, if the variances were equal, parametric procedures were used; if not, nonparametric procedures were used. Organ and weekly body weight data was analyzed only by parametric methods. The parametric method was the standard one-way analysis of variance (ANOVA) using the F ratio to assess significance (Armitage, 1971). If significant differences among the means were indicated, additional tests were used to determine which means were significantly different from the control: Dunnett's (Dunnett, 1955, 1964), Williams (Williams, 1971, 1972), or Cochran and Cox's modified t-test (Cochran and Cox, 1959). The nonparametric method was the Kruskal-Wallis test (Kruskal and Wallis, 1952, 1953) and if differences were indicated, Shirley's test (Shirley, 1977) or Steel's test (Steel, 1959) were used to determine which means differed from control. Bartlett's test for equality of variance was conducted at the 1% significance level; all other statistical tests were conducted at the 5% and 1% significance levels.

Motor activity count data were analyzed using split-plot repeated measures ANOVA with model terms for group, animal within group, interval and group by interval interaction. If the group x interval interaction was statistically significant (p=0.05), indicating non-parallelism in the behavioral profile between groups, a separate one-way ANOVA for group effects was performed at each interval. If the response data passed on the parallel hypothesis, an ANOVA (using summed responses over intervals) was used to test for the overall treatment effect which constitutes the level hypothesis. If any significant overall treatment group effect was found by any of the above ANOVAs, Dunnett's t-test was used to find groups that differed from control. Analyses were performed for sexes separately and combined. Treatment group effects were deemed significant at the p=0.05 level. Plots, tables, listings, and analyses were generated using SAS® version 8.2 for WINDOWS (SAS Institute, Cary, NC).

#### **Data Storage**

All raw data, preserved specimens, and retained samples, as well as the original study protocol and the original final report are maintained in the Archives of the Testing Facility. AFRL/HEPB was responsible for the archiving and retention of any data, reports and/or specimen/samples generated at sites other than the Testing Facility.

## **Regulatory References**

This study was designed to meet or exceed the pertinent requirements of the OECD Guidelines for Testing of Chemicals 413, adopted 12 May 1981 - Subchronic Inhalation Toxicity: 90 Day Study. The study also meets or exceeds the US EPA OPPTS Health Effects Test Guidelines 870.3465, 90-Day Inhalation Toxicity, dated August 1998.

This study was conducted in compliance with Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development (OECD) Good Laboratory Practices as set forth in ENV/MC/CHEM(98)17 and EPA Good Laboratory Practices as set forth in 40 CFR Part 792 (TSCA).

This study complied with all appropriate parts of the Animal Welfare Act Regulations: 9 CFR Parts 1 and 2 Final Rules, Federal Register, Volume 54, No. 168, August 31, 1989, pp. 36112-36163, effective October 30, 1989 and 9 CFR Part 3 Animal Welfare Standards; Final Rule, Federal Register, Volume 56, No. 32, February 15, 1991, pp. 6426-6505, effective March 18, 1991.

#### **Protocol Deviations**

The following protocol deviations occurred during the study but were not considered to have compromised the validity or integrity of the study:

- Due to the nature of on-test animal identification (tail-tattoo) specified by the protocol, it
  was not possible for the technician performing the observations for the FOB to remain
  completely unaware of the animals' treatment. The technician who performed the
  observations for the FOB was instructed to avoid looking at the tail for the identification
  number in order to remain unaware of the treatment group to the best of their ability.
- Adrenal glands for Recovery Animal No. 2014 were inadvertently misplaced after weighing. The organ weight was recorded prior to the loss of this tissue.
- Due to change in computer systems at the start of study, the body weight and body weight change were evaluated by parametric methods only.
- In the Sponsor's Serum Hormone Report, the number of samples per group varied due to the inability at the Testing Facility to collect sufficient serum from a rat in each of several groups for all three hormone analyses.
- The styrofoam container used to ship the serum samples to AFRL/HEPB was broken during shipment. The entire bottom was cracked. Samples were still frozen except for one box labeled Box 3/SER3. This box contained twenty samples from the recovery group for conducting one of the thyroid hormone analyses. The samples were refrozen and stored with the rest of the samples until they were analyzed.

## **RESULTS AND DISCUSSION**

## **Chamber Monitoring**

Pre-study chamber distribution analyses showed that the test substance was evenly distributed within each chamber. The target and mean (± standard deviation) analytical (IR) and nominal concentrations are summarized in Table III. The analytically measured (IR) exposure levels of the airborne test substance were reasonably close to the targeted exposure levels and to the

nominal concentrations. Chamber environmental conditions averaged 22°C temperature and 43% relative humidity.

Table III. Chamber exposure concentrations

Group	Test Substance	Target Concentration (ppm)	Analytical Concentration (ppm)	Nominal Concentration (ppm)
1	Air Control	0	$0.00 \pm 0.00$	$0 \pm 0$
2	PFBI	500	500 + 22	569 ±25
3	PFBI	1500	1489 ± 83	1522 ± 112
4	PFBI	5000	4931 ± 359	4996 ± 405

Mean particle size distribution measurements for the exposures are summarized in Table IV. These results indicated that the atmospheres were essentially vapor only, as expected, since there was no substantial difference between the test substance chambers and the air control chamber.

Table IV. Chamber particle size distributions

Group	Test Substance	Mass Median Aerodynamic Diameter (µm)	Geometric Standard Deviation	Total Mass Concentration (mg/m³)
1	Air Control	2.813	1.892	2.24E-03
2	PFBI	2.368	2.000	1.87E-03
3	PFBI	1.973	1.831	2.46E-03
4	PFBI	2.135	1.828	5.56E-04

#### **Clinical Observations**

All animals survived until the termination of the study except for one control Main Study male (#1010), which was accidentally killed on Day 29 during loading into the nose-only inhalation exposure tube.

During the exposure periods, all animals observed and changes were unremarkable (Appendix Table 1). During the non-exposure periods, all animals were generally unremarkable except for an increase in ano-genital staining in the 5000 ppm exposed animals (especially the males) during the latter few weeks of the exposures period (Appendix Table 2). A recovery in the males was noted during the 4 weeks after exposures were completed.

Ophthalmoscopic examination was performed on Day 91. There were no indications of treatment-related ocular abnormalities or ocular disease in the test substance exposed animals (Appendix Table 3).

There were test substance related differences in absolute body weights and in cumulative body weight changes only in the 5000 ppm males (Appendix Figure 2, Appendix Tables 4 and 5). At the end of the treatment period, the absolute body weight in the 5000 ppm males was 9.4% lower than controls. Statistically significant decreases in body weight changes or absolute body weights were noted in the 3<sup>rd</sup> and 4<sup>th</sup> week, respectively, and continued through the end of the exposures but a recovery was rapidly seen during the 4 weeks after exposures were completed. Female body weights and cumulative bodyweight changes are shown in Appendix Figure 3 and Appendix Tables 4 and 5. Mean cumulative bodyweight changes from baseline are given in Appendix Table 5.

There were no test substance related differences in feed consumption in the test substance exposed animals, compared to the Air Control animals (Appendix Figures 4 and 5, Appendix Table 6). A few minor and transient statistically significant differences (decreased or increased feed consumption) were noted in both males and females during the 13 weeks of exposures and 4 weeks of recovery.

#### **Neurobehavioral Studies**

For motor activity, the group-by-interval interaction was not significant for either male (p=0.9476) or female (p=0.1258) rats. The test of the group effect for male rats was significant (p=0.0374) but none of the subsequent comparisons between treated groups and control were significant at the 5% level. The test of the group effect for female rats was not significant (p=0.1146) so no comparisons between treated groups and control were made. When the group-by-interval interaction was compared for the combined sexes it was not significant but the test of the group effect was significant at p=0.0034. The subsequent comparisons between treated groups and the control showed that the 500 ppm and the 1500 ppm groups were significantly higher than control at p<0.01 and p<0.01, respectively.

There were no test substance related effects on motor activity because the increase in motor activity in the 500 and 1500 ppm exposed groups compared to the Air Control animals was absent in the 5000 ppm group (Appendix Table 7). There were no test substance related effects on FOB parameters compared to the Air Control animals (Appendix Tables 8 and 9).

## **Clinical Pathology**

After 13 weeks of exposures, there were no exposure-related differences in hematology values in test substance exposed animals, compared to the Air Control animals (Appendix Table 10). A few statistically significant differences in HGB, HCT, RBC, reticulocyte and WBC values were noted in all or some test substance exposed groups but the changes were slight and not dose related.

After 13 weeks of exposures, statistically significant and dose-related shorter (1.3 to 0.7 seconds) prothrombin time was noted in all test substance-exposed groups of males (Appendix Table 11). A prolongation of less than 3 seconds is not considered biologically significant.

The most consistent changes after 13 weeks of exposures were decreases in AST/ALT and/or ALKP in all test substance-exposed groups and increases in serum phosphorus in the ≥500 ppm males and ≥1500 ppm females (Appendix Table 12). Other statistically significant values

such as decreases in glucose, BUN, creatinine and cholesterol were only seen in one sex and the severity of the changes were considered slight.

## **Thyroid Evaluation**

Inhalation exposure for 13 weeks to PFBI resulted in increased TSH at  $\geq$ 500 ppm in females and increased T<sub>3</sub> and T<sub>4</sub> in animals of both sexes (Table V). Increased T<sub>4</sub> was the major effect and it was more pronounced in males than females. At the end of the recovery, all hormone levels observed in males returned to control values indicating the hormonal changes were only transient and not necessarily adverse.

Table V. Effects<sup>1</sup> on serum level of TSH, T<sub>4</sub> andT<sub>3</sub> following a 13 week inhalation exposure to PFBI

ppm	5	00	15	500	50	000
	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female
TSH	+6%	+32%*	+11%	+42%*	+10%	+53%*
T <sub>4</sub>	+270%*	+65%*	+300%*	+97%*	+310%*	+210%*
T <sub>3</sub>	-	+27%*	+20%*	+31%*	+33%*	+31%*

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>percent increase relative to control values

## **Pathology**

Statistically significant increases in absolute/relative adrenal weights at 1500 and 5000 ppm (both sexes) were associated with decreased absolute/relative thymic weight only in the 5000 ppm males and would suggest a stress effect (Appendix Table 13). Statistically significant lower absolute values (relative to controls) for the epididymides, prostate and seminal vesicles without an adverse effect on testicular weight were considered secondary to decreased body weight in the 5000 ppm males. All organ weight changes including increased absolute kidney weights in the  $\geq$  1500 ppm females and minor decreases in absolute spleen weight in the 5000 ppm males had no histopathological correlates. Most or all of the above differences were not apparent at the end of the recovery period.

Gross pathological findings are shown in Appendix Table 14; there were no gross findings considered to be related to administration of PFBI. Microscopic pathological findings following exposure are shown in Appendix Table 15. Administration of PFBI was associated with minimal thyroid follicular cell hypertrophy in males. Hypertrophy occurred in most animals, in all PFBI-exposed groups, and was occasionally associated with minimal epithelial hyperplasia. Minimal epithelial hypertrophy was also present in a single female exposed to PFBI at 5000 ppm (Table VI). Microscopic changes were associated with increased hormone levels but no thyroid weight change.

<sup>\*</sup>statistically significant relative to controls

Table VI. Incidence of test substance-related findings

		Ма	les			Fem	ales	
PFBI (ppm)	0	500	1500	5000	0	500	1500	5000
No. Animals examined	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10
Thyroid follicular cell hypertrophy	0	6	7	7	0	0	0	1

Only the thyroids were examined from all males to assess recovery. Following a 4-week recovery period, thyroid follicular cell hypertrophy was not present in males exposed to PFBI at any exposure level, indicating recovery. One 5000 ppm male had a single focus of cystic follicular hyperplasia but since this finding was not present at the end of exposures, it is considered incidental to previous administration of PFBI.

All other microscopic findings recorded occurred sporadically or at a similar incidence in controls and test article-exposed groups and were typical of the background findings commonly seen in this species.

#### CONCLUSION

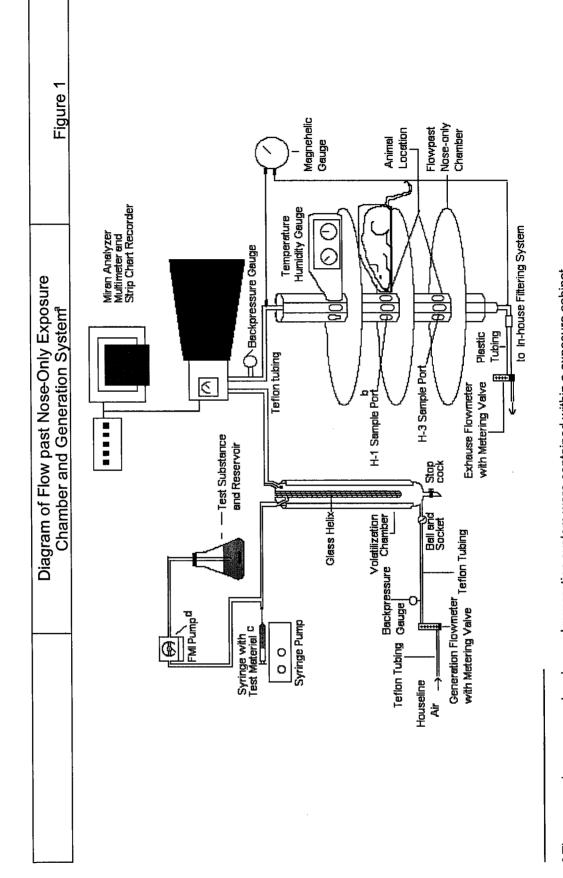
The target tissue following 13 weeks of daily inhalation exposure of rats to PFBI was the thyroid. The findings consisted of a minimal thyroid follicular cell hypertrophy occasionally accompanied by hyperplasia but without an increase in thyroid weight in the 500, 1500 and 5000 ppm males; only one 5000 ppm female had similar histopathological thyroid changes. At  $\geq$  500 ppm, there was also increased TSH in females and increased  $T_3$  and  $T_4$  in animals of both sexes. These effects resolved following a 4-week recovery.

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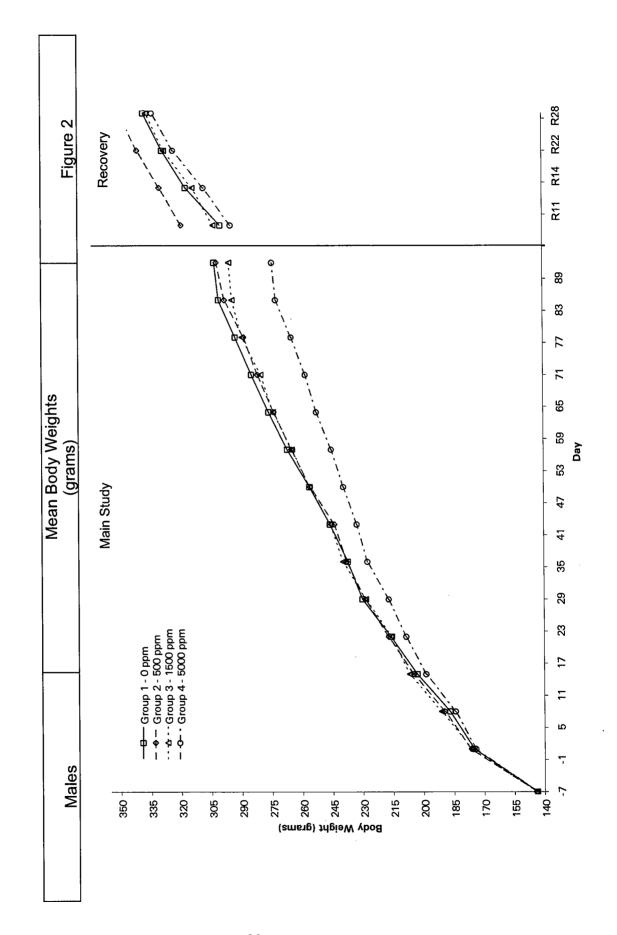
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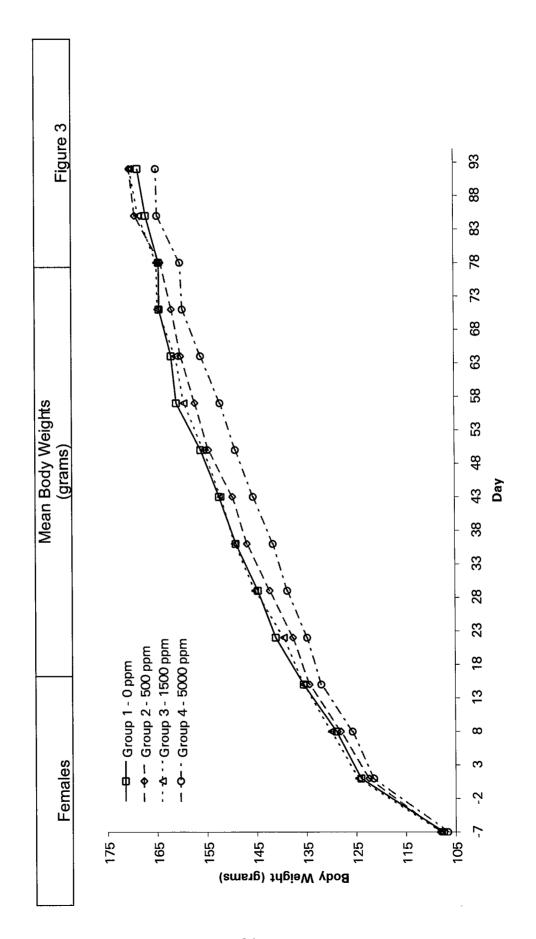
**APPENDIX: FIGURES AND TABLES** 

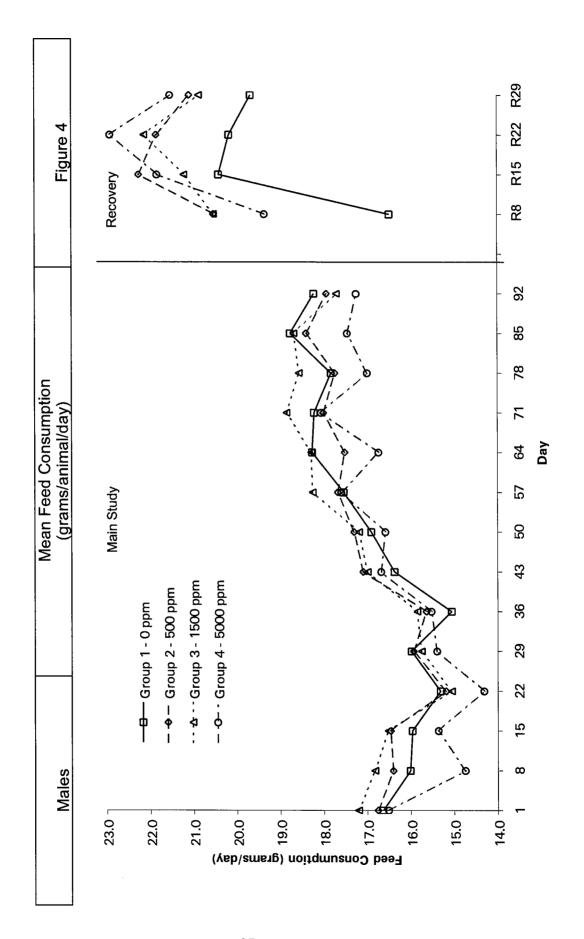


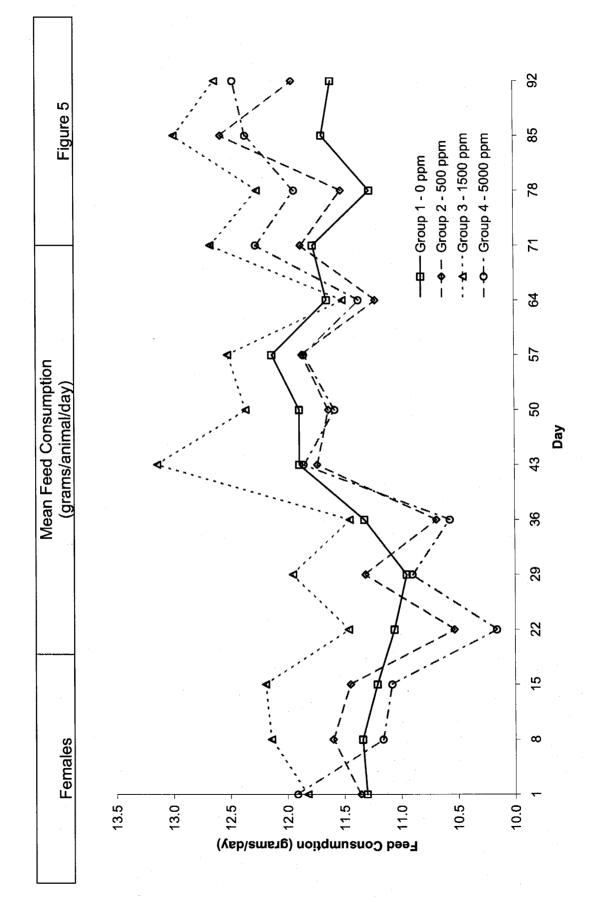
<sup>b</sup> The distribution sample ports (H-2 & H-4) were located on the respective side opposite the H-1 & H-3 sample ports. <sup>a</sup> The nose-only exposure chamber and generation system were contained within a exposure cabinet.

<sup>o</sup> A damp towel and/or ice pack (Groups 2 and 3) and ice bath/paper towel for flask (Group 4) was applied to keep test material cool. <sup>d</sup>Syringe was used for Groups 2 and 3 and the FMI was used for Group 4.









				Summ	ary of lı	n-Chan	Summary of In-Chamber Observations	servat	ions				Table 1	<b>Ф</b>	
Exposure Day	-	7	က	4	2	9		<b>&amp;</b>	6	10	7	12	13	14	15
Group 1 – 0 ppm															
Within Normal Limits	W	₹	₩	₹	ΑÏ	₹	₹	₹	¥	₹	₹	₹	₩	₹	¥
Group 2 – 500 ppm									·						
Within Normal Limits	W	₹	A	₹	<b>I</b>	₹	₹	₹	₹	₹	₹	ΑÏ	₹	₹	¥
Group 3 – 1500 ppm															
Within Normal Limits	All	₹	Α	₹	₹	₹	₹	₹	₹	₹	₹	All	₹	₹	₩
Group 4 – 5000 ppm															
Within Normal Limits	₹	₹	¥	₹	All	₹	₹	₹	¥	₹	¥	₹	₹	₹	₹

All = 100% of the animals exhibiting a given observation.

				Summa	ary of li	n-Char	nber Ol	Summary of In-Chamber Observations	ions				Table 1	e 1	
Exposure Day	16	14	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30
Group 1 – 0 ppm															
Within Normal Limits	₽	₹	₹	₹	Ā	₹	₹	₹	₹	₹	₹	₹	₹	₹	₹
Group 2 – 500 ppm															
Within Normal Limits	¥	₽	₹	¥	₹	₹	₹	₹	₹	₹	₹	₹	₹	₹	Ħ
Group 3 – 1500 ppm															
Within Normal Limits	¥	₹	₹	Ψ	₹	₹	₹	₹	₹	₹	₹	₩	₹	₹	₹
Group 4 – 5000 ppm															
Within Normal Limits	₹	₹	₹	₹	₹	₹	₹	₹	₹	₹	₹	₹	₹	₹	₹

All = 100% of the animals exhibiting a given observation.

				Summ	ary of l	n-Chan	nber Ol	Summary of In-Chamber Observations	ions				Table 1	<del>6</del> 1	
Exposure Day	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45
Group 1 – 0 ppm															
Within Normal Limits	W	₹	₹	₽	₹	₹	¥	¥	₹	₹	₹	₹	₹	₹	¥
Group 2 – 500 ppm															
Within Normal Limits	Aii	₹	₽	₹	₹	₹	₹	₹	₹	₹	₹	₹	₹	₹	₹
Group 3 – 1500 ppm															
Within Normal Limits	ΙΨ	₽	- All	₹	₹	All	₹	₹	₹	₹	All	₹	₹	₹	₩
Group 4 – 5000 ppm															
Within Normal Limits	₹	₹	All	₹	Ā	All	₹	₹	¥	All	₹	₹	₹	₹	₹

All = 100% of the animals exhibiting a given observation.

				Summ	ary of I	n-Char	Summary of In-Chamber Observations	bserva	tions				Table 1	<u>6</u>	
Exposure Day	46	47	48	49	20	51	52	53	54	55	56	22	28	29	09
Group 1 – 0 ppm															
Within Normal Limits	All	₹	₹	₹	₹	₹	₹	₹	₹	₹	₹	¥	₩	ΑÏ	¥
Group 2 – 500 ppm															
Within Normal Limits	¥	₹	₹	₹	₹	₹	₹	₹	₹	₹	₹	₹	₹	Ā	₹
Group 3 – 1500 ppm															
Within Normal Limits	₹	₹	₹	₹	₹	₹	₩	¥	₹	₹	₹	¥	Ā	Α	Ā
Group 4 – 5000 ppm															
Within Normal Limits	W	₹	¥	₹	₹	₹	₹	₹	¥	¥	₹	₹	₹	₹	₩

All = 100% of the animals exhibiting a given observation.

Table 1									
F									
	89		W		All		All		Ā
	29		₹		₹		₹		₹
	99		₹		₹		₹		W
ations	65		₹		₹		₹		₹
Observ	64		₹		₹		₹		₽
amber (	63		₹		₹		₹		₹
In-Ch	62		₩		₹		₹		₹
Summary of In-Chamber Observations	61		₹		₹		₹		₹
NumS	Exposure Day	Group 1 – 0 ppm	Within Normal Limits	Group 2 – 500 ppm	Within Normal Limits	Group 3 – 1500 ppm	Within Normal Limits	Group 4 – 5000 ppm	Within Normal Limits

All = 100% of the animals exhibiting a given observation.

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**1**10

Perfluoro-n-butyl iodide (PFBI): A 13-Week Nose-Only Inhalation Toxicity Study in Rats with a 4-Week Recovery Period

Table 2

Dose   Pretest   Ran.   Dosing phase   Pretest   Ran.   Dosing phase   Pretest   Ran.   Dosing phase   Dosy   Do	1 1 1	! ! ! ! !		! ! !	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	K B M	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1				
Total Number in Group Mithin Normal Limits Chromodacryorrhea Day -7 -1 3 9 9 16 23  Total Number in Group Mithin Normal Limits Ochan Li						Ran.		Dosing	phase		
O Total Number in Group Within Normal Limits  Son Total Number in Group Within Normal Limits  Chromodacryorrhea  Son Total Number in Group Within Normal Limits  Son Total Num	Group	Dose PPM		Бау				6	16	23	30
Total Number in Group   15   15   15   15   15   15   15   1	-	c									
Son	1	<b>&gt;</b>	Total Number in Group		15	15	15	15	15	15	14
S00 Total Number in Group Within Normal Limits Wet Fur Chromodacryorrhea  500 Total Number in Group Within Normal Limits Wet Fur Chromodacryorrhea  5000 Total Number in Group Within Normal Limits Within Normal Limits Within Normal Limits  5000 Total Number in Group Within Normal Limits Within Normal Limits  5000 Total Number in Group Within Normal Limits Within Normal Limits  5000 Total Number in Group Within Normal Limits  600 600 600 600 600 600 600 600 600 6			Within Normal Limits		15	15	15	13	10	13	13
500         Total Number in Group Within Normal Limits         15			${\tt Chrowodacryorrhea}$		0	0	0	01	Ŋ	73	н
Total Number in Group  Within Normal Limits  Wet Fur Chromodacryorrhea  1500  Total Number in Group Within Normal Limits  Within Nor	7	500									
Within Normal Limits			Total Number in Group		15	15	15	15	15	15	15
Solution   Wet Fur Chromodacryorrhea			Within Normal Limits		15	15	14	11	۵	13	12
Chromodacryorrhea			Wet Fur		0	0	Н	7	0	0	0
1500 Total Number in Group Within Normal Limits  Chromodacryorrhea  5000 Total Number in Group Within Normal Limits  Chromodacryorrhea  Nithin Normal Limits  Chromodacryorrhea  Nasal Discharge  0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0			Chromodacryorrhea		0	0	0	77	7	N	m
Total Number in Group Within Normal Limits Wet Fur Chromodacryorrhea  5000 Total Number in Group Within Normal Limits Chromodacryorrhea Nasal Discharge  Total Number in Group Within Normal Limits O	m	1500									
Within Normal Limits         15         15         14         13         14         13           Wet Fur         0         0         1         0         <			Total Number in Group		15	15	15	15	15	15	15
Wet Fur       One of the construction of the c			Within Normal Limits		15	15	14	13	14	13	13
Chromodacryorrhea       0       0       2       1       2         5000       Total Number in Group       15			Wet Fur		0	0	н	0	0	0	0
5000  Total Number in Group  Within Normal Limits  Chromodacryorrhea  Nasal Discharge  0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0			Chromodacryorrhea		0	0	0	7	Н	N	N
15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 00 0 0 0 0 0	4	5000									
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$			Total Number in Group		15	15	15	15	15	15	15
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$			Within Normal Limits		15	15	14	14	15	15	11
			Chromodacryorrhea		0	0	rH	П	0	0	m
			Nasal Discharge		0	0	0	0	0	0	н

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Perfluoro-n-butyl iodide (PFBI): A 13-Week Nose-Only Inhalation Toxicity Study in Rats with a 4-Week Recovery Period

Table 2

Company   Pose   Clinical Sign   Day   37   44   51   58   65   65   65   65   65   65   65				ω E	ល				
Day   37   44   51   58					Dosin	g phase			)     
O Total Number in Group Within Normal Limits Ano-Genital Staining Chromodacryorrhea Chromodacryorrhea Chromodacryorrhea Chromodacryorrhea Ano-Genital Staining Chromodacryorrhea Ano-Genital Staining Chromodacryorrhea Chromodacryorrhea Sono Total Number in Group Within Normal Limits Ano-Genital Staining Chromodacryorrhea Sono Total Number in Group Sono Chromodacryorrhea Sono Total Number in Group Sono Chromodacryorrhea Sono Total Number in Group Sono Sono Sono Sono Sono Sono Sono Son	Clinical Sign	Day	3.7	44	51	23	65	72	79
Total Number in Group   14   14   14   14   14   14   14   1									
Mithin Normal Limits	Total Number in Group		14	14	14	14	14	14	14
Ano-Genital Staining 0 0 1 0 1 0 0 1 0 0 1 0 0 1 0 0 0 0 0	Within Normal Limits		13	13	13	10	13	른	11
Chromodacryorrhea  500  Total Number in Group  Within Normal Limits  Ano-Genital Staining  Chromodacryorrhea  Nasal Discharge  Sono  Total Number in Group  Within Normal Limits  Ano-Genital Staining  Chromodacryorrhea  Nasal Discharge  Sono  Total Number in Group  Within Normal Limits  Ano-Genital Staining  Sono  Total Number in Group  Within Normal Limits  Ano-Genital Staining  Sono  Total Number in Group  Within Normal Limits  Ano-Genital Staining  Sono  Total Number in Group  Within Normal Limits  Ano-Genital Staining  Chromodacryorrhea  Nasal Discharge  Sono  Total Number in Group  Within Normal Limits  Ano-Genital Staining  Chromodacryorrhea  Nasal Discharge  On O O O  On O O  On O O  On	Ano-Genital Staining		0	0	1	0	0	0	0
Total Number in Group   15   15   15   15   15   15     Mithin Normal Limits   10   8   7   6     Alopedia   2   0   0   0   0   0     Alopedia   2   0   0   0   0   0   0     Chromodacryorrhea   15   15   15   15   15     Mithin Normal Limits   0   0   1   2     Chromodacryorrhea   15   15   15   15   15     Mithin Normal Limits   0   0   0   0     Total Number in Group   15   15   15   15     Mithin Normal Limits   11   13   12   10     Mithin Normal Limits   0   0   0   0     Chromodacryorrhea   1   1   13   12   10     Mithin Normal Limits   1   1   13   12   10     Naval Discharge   1   0   0   0     Chromodacryorrhea   1   0   0   0     Mithin Normal Limits   0   0   0   0   0   0     Mithin Normal Limits   0   0   0   0   0   0   0     Mithin Normal Limits   0   0   0   0   0   0   0   0   0	Chromodacryorrhea		н	1	н	4	H	m	m
Total Number in Group									
Mithin Normal Limits 10 8 7 6 Alopecia	Total Number in Group		15	15	15	15	15	15	15
Alopecia Ano-Genital Staining Chromodacryorrhea  1500 Total Number in Group Within Normal Limits Ano-Genital Staining Chromodacryorrhea Nasal Discharge  5000 Total Number in Group Within Normal Limits Ano-Genital Staining Chromodacryorrhea Nasal Discharge  5000 Total Number in Group Within Normal Limits Ano-Genital Staining Chromodacryorrhea Nasal Discharge  5000 Total Number in Group Nithin Normal Limits Ano-Genital Staining Chromodacryorrhea Nasal Discharge  5000 Total Number in Group Nithin Normal Limits Ano-Genital Staining Chromodacryorrhea Nasal Discharge  5000 000 0000 0000 00000 00000000000	Within Normal Limits		10	8	7	9	80	7	9
Ano-Genital Staining 0 0 3 4  Chromodacryorrhea 5 7 7 7 7 7  Total Number in Group 15 15 15 15  Mithin Normal Limits 0 0 1 2  Chromodacryorrhea 0 0 0 1 3 4  Nasal Discharge 0 0 0 0 0 0  Total Number in Group 15 15 15 15  Within Normal Limits 0 0 0 0  Total Staining 0 0 0 0 0  Nasal Discharge 1 1 1 1 3 12 10  Chromodacryorrhea 3 2 2 4  Nasal Discharge 0 0 0 0 0  Draw Pales	Alopecia		0	0	0	0	П	Н	П
Son	Ano-Genital Staining		0	0	m	4,	ю	ю	ю
1500   Total Number in Group   15   15   15   15   15   15   15   1	Chromodacryorrhea		ហ	7	7	7	4	ហ	м
Total Number in Group   15   15   15   15   15   15   15   1									
# Within Normal Limits	Total Number in Group		15	15	15	15	15	15	15
Ano-Genital Staining 0 0 0 1 2 Chromodacryorrhea 5 4 1 3 Nasal Discharge 0 0 0 0 0  Total Number in Group 11 13 12 10 Ano-Genital Staining 0 0 0 0 Nava Dales 1 1 1 0 0 0 0  Day Pales 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	Within Normal Limits		10	11	13	11	80	8	σ
Chromodacryorrhea  Nasal Discharge  5000  Total Number in Group Within Normal Limits  Ano-Genital Staining Chromodacryorrhea Nasal Discharge  11 13 12 10  0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	Ano-Genital Staining		0	0	г	7	7	7	7
Sono   Nasal Discharge   0   0   0   0   0	Chromodacryorrhea		2	4	П	Э	Ŋ	5	2
5000  Total Number in Group  Within Normal Limits  Ano-Genital Staining  Chromodacryorrhea  Nasal Discharge  Day Pales			0	0	0	0	н	ч	0
p 15 15 15 15 15 15 16 11 13 12 10 10 10 10 11 11 11 12 10 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11									
11 13 12 10 0 0 2 4 3 2 2 1 1 0 0 0	Total Number in Group		15	15	15	15	15	15	15
0 0 0 7 1 1 1 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	Within Normal Limits		11	13	12	10	7	9	9
3 2 2 1 1 0 0 0	Ano-Genital Staining		0	0	7	4	4	œ	œ
1 0 0 0	Chromodacryorrhea		m	Ø	7	Н	m	7	Н
	Nasal Discharge		Н	0	0	0	Н	0	0
n	Dry Rales		0	0	0	0	0	н	0

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Perfluoro-n-butyl iodide (PFBI): A 13-Week Nose-Only Inhalation Toxicity Study in Rats with a 4-Week Recovery Period

Table 2

				Males				
			Dosing phase	a e	K :	Recovery phase	e e	
Dose Group PPM	Clinical Sign		1 0 1 1 0 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	6 1	6	16	23	30
1 0								
	Total Number in Group		14	14	Ŋ	ហ	2	ស
	Within Normal Limits		11	13	4	Ŋ	Ŋ	IJ
	Ano-Genital Staining		0	0	П	0	0	0
	Chromodacryorrhea		м	н	0	0	0	0
500								
	Total Number in Group		15	15	ιυ	Ŋ	Ŋ	5
	Within Normal Limits		თ	10	ιΩ	υ.	ហ	. 2
	Alopecia		H	п	0	0	0	0
	Ano-Genital Staining		ю	0	0	0	0	0
	Chromodacryorrhea		м	4	0	0	0	0
3 1500								
	Total Number in Group		15	15	Ŋ	Ŋ	2	വ
	Within Normal Limits		10	13	Ŋ	ហ	D.	ĸ
	Ano-Genital Staining		2	73	0	0	0	0
	Chromodacryorrhea		4	0	0	0	0	0
4 5000							1	ļ
	Total Number in Group	-	15	15	ഹ	ហ	ω Ω	J.
	Within Normal Limits		7	10	4	4	4	5
	Alopecia		0	0	0	Н	Н	0
	Ano-Genital Staining		σο	2	1	0	0	0
	1 + 1 0		c	c		-	-	0

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Perfluoro-n-butyl iodide (PFBI): A 13-Week Nose-Only Inhalation Toxicity Study in Rats with a 4-Week Recovery Period

Table 2

Dose   Dose   Dose   Day   D						E E	ıales					
Total Number in Group   10   10   10   10   10   10   10   1						Ran.		Д	osing ph	lase		
0 Total Number in Group Within Normal Limits  500 Total Number in Group Within Normal Limits  1500 Total Number in Group Within Normal Limits  500 Total Number in Group Within Normal Limits  60 60 60 60 60 60 60 60 60 60 60 60 60	Group	Dose PPM	Clinical Sign	Day	-7.		3 : :		16	23	30	37
Solution   Chromodacryorrhea   Chromodacryor	1	0				C T	Ç	5	<u>-</u>	Ç	5	Ç
S00  Total Number in Group Mithin Normal Limits  Chromodacryorrhea  5000  Total Number in Group Mithin Normal Limits  Chromodacryorrhea  5000  Total Number in Group Mithin Normal Limits  Chromodacryorrhea  5000  Total Number in Group Mithin Normal Limits  Chromodacryorrhea  5000  Total Number in Group Mithin Normal Limits  Chromodacryorrhea  5000  Total Number in Group Mithin Normal Limits  Chromodacryorrhea  5000  Total Number in Group Mithin Normal Limits  Chromodacryorrhea  5000  Total Number in Group Mithin Normal Limits  Chromodacryorrhea  5000  Total Number in Group Mithin Normal Limits  Chromodacryorrhea			iotai number in Group Within Normal Limits		10	10	10	9 6	9 0	ρ <b>σ</b> ο	9 49	9
Total Number in Group   10   10   10   10   10   10   10   1			Chromodacryorrhea		0	0	0	1	ಗ	7	4	4
Total Number in Group Within Normal Limits Chromodacryorrhea  1500 Total Number in Group Within Normal Limits  5000 Total Number in Group Within Normal Limits  Alopecia Chromodacryorrhea  5000 Total Number in Group Within Normal Limits  Chromodacryorrhea  5000 Total Number in Group Within Normal Limits  Chromodacryorrhea  5000 Total Number in Group Within Normal Limits  Alopecia Chromodacryorrhea  5000 Total Number in Group Within Normal Limits  Alopecia Chromodacryorrhea	7	200										
Mithin Normal Limits			Total Number in Group		10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10
Chromodacryorrhea  1500  Total Number in Group Within Normal Limits  5000  Total Number in Group Within Normal Limits  Alopecia Chromodacryorrhea  5000  Total Number in Group Within Normal Limits  Chromodacryorrhea  0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0			Within Normal Limits		10	10	ø.	10	7	8	IJ	2
1500 Total Number in Group 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10			Chromodacryorrhea		0	0	н	0	m	77	വ	ហ
Total Number in Group   10   10   10   10   10   10   10   1	ю	1500										
Sold Chromodacryorrhea 10 10 10 9 9 9 Chromodacryorrhea 0 0 0 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1			Total Number in Group		10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10
5000  Total Number in Group  Alopecia Chromodacryorrhea  0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0			Within Normal Limits		10	10	10	6	Ø	σ	Ŋ	m
5000 Total Number in Group 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 Within Normal Limits 10 10 10 9 7 Alopecia 0 0 0 0 0 0 Chromodacryorrhea 0 0 0 0 1 3			Chromodacryorrhea		0	0	0	Н	Н	<del></del> 1	ហ	7
Total Number in Group         10         10         10         10         10         10         10         10         10         10         10         10         10         10         10         10         10         7         Alopedia         8         Alopedia         8         Alopedia         9         0	4	2000										
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$			Total Number in Group		10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10
			Within Normal Limits		10	10	10	თ	7	σ	7	7
0 0 0 1 3			Alopecia		0	0	0	0	0	Н	4	4
			Chromodacryorrhea		0	0	0	H	ю	0	7	7

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Perfluoro-n-butyl iodide (PFBI): A 13-Week Nose-Only Inhalation Toxicity Study in Rats with a 4-Week Recovery Period

Table 2

! ! ! !				 	E 0 F	a les		 			! ! ! !
	í					Ă	Dosing phase	ខេច			
Group	Dose PPM	Clinical Sign	Day	444	51		65	72	79	86	92
H	0										
		Total Number in Group		10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10
		Within Normal Limits		9	9	1	e	(7)	П	7	7
		Alopecia		0	0	0	П	Н	П	1	н
		Ano-Genital Staining		0	7	4	4	ro	ស	ഹ	m
		Chromodacryorrhea		4	ю	9	m	9	7	v	ದ
8	500										
I		Total Number in Group		10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10
		Within Normal Limits		7	Ŋ	ιΩ	Н	7	0	1	2
		Alopecia		1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
		Ano-Genital Staining		0	m	٣	4	4	4	4	4
		Chromodacryorrhea		ю	7	ю	7	7	7	∞	7
ო	1500										
		Total Number in Group		10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10
		Within Normal Limits		Ŋ	4	9	9	4	ю	ю	4
		Alopecia		0	0	0	н	П	8	73	7
		Ano-Genital Staining		0	7	7	2	7	73	Ŋ	73
		Scab(s)		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	П
		Chromodacryorrhea		ιΩ	4	4	m	v	9	9	4
4	5000										
		Total Number in Group		10	10	10	10	10	10	10	70
		Within Normal Limits		Э	9	4	ო	01	4	4	4
		Alopecia		4	Н	7	7	7	73	73	7
	-	Ano-Genital Staining		0	Н	4	5	9	9	9	w
		Chromodacryorrhea		5	ю	П	ю	4	7	7	7
				1 1 1 1 1 1 1				1			1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1

Perfluoro-n-butyl iodide (PFBI): A 13-Week Nose-Only Inhalation Toxicity Study in Rats with a 4-Week Recovery Period

	Dosing phase	91	14	14	15 15		15 13	N		15
M M I de so	Pretest phase	9	15	15	15		15 15	0		15
		Day								
		Clinical Sign	Total Number in Group	Within Normal Limits	Total Number in Group Within Normal Limits		Total Number in Group Within Normal Limits	Focal Retinopathy		Total Number in Group Within Normal Limits
	. 1	Dose PPM	0	( (	000	1500		,	2000	
		Dose Group PPM	ਂ ਜ	Ċ	N ·	ю			4	

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Perfluoro-n-butyl iodide (PFBI): A 13-Week Nose-Only Inhalation Toxicity Study in Rats with a 4-Week Recovery Period

 	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1		0 U U U E U U	1	
			Pretest phase	Dosing phase	
Group	Dose Group PPM	Clinical Sign	Day -6		91
П	0	Total Number in Group	10	ri r	10
0	200	Within Normal Limits Total Number in Group	10	1	100
т	1500	Total Number in Group Within Normal Limits	10		10 9
4	5000	Conjunctivitis Total Number in Group Within Normal Limits	0 10 10	1	1 10 9
1 1 1 1	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	Conjunctivitis			1

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Table 4

Perfluoro-n-butyl iodide (PFBI): A 13-Week Nose-Only Inhalation Toxicity Study in Rats with a 4-Week Recovery Period

Mean Body Weights (g)

Males

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Table 4

Perfluoro-n-butyl iodide (PFBI): A 13-Week Nose-Only Inhalation Toxicity Study in Rats with a 4-Week Recovery Period

Mean Body Weights (g)

Males

		ļ		Dos	Dosing phase		
Group	PPM	Day.	29	36	43	50	57
1	0	Mean	230.13	237.33	246.17	256.25	267.26
		SD	11.07	10.81	12.88	14.72	14.95
		Z	15	14	14	14	14
7	500	Mean	228.78	237.93	243.99	255.99	265,18
		SD	5.71	7.93	8.98	11.49	14.15
		N	15	15	15	15	15
ю	1500	Mean	228.47	239.70	245.91	256.24	264.87
		SD	9.85	11.07	13.00	13.74	13.01
		Z	15	15	15	15	15
4	2000	Mean	217.12+	227.63*	232.87+	239.51+	245.51
		SD	10.50	10.89	11.35	12.16	14.50
		Z	15	15	15	15	15

Significant difference from Control Group (P < 0.05)
Significant difference from Control Group (P < 0.01)

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Table 4

Perfluoro-n-butyl iodide (PFBI): A 13-Week Nose-Only Inhalation Toxicity Study in Rats with a 4-Week Recovery Period

Mean Body Weights (g)

M a l e s

	1			Dos	Dosing phase		
Group	Dose	Бау	64	7.1	78	82	92
	0	Mean	276.36	284.81	292.83	300.99	303.06
		SD	15.57	15.75	16.71	17.13	17.78
		N	14	14	14	14	14
	200	Mean	273.85	281.80	288.64	298.12	302.01
		SD	14.26	14.71	15.99	18.20	17.75
		N	15	15	15	15	15
m	1500	Mean	274.15	280.17	289.42	294.37	295.85
		SD	12.94	13.13	13.52	15.47	16.60
		N	15	15	15	15	1.5
4	5000	Mean	252.73+	258.21+	265.10+	272.77+	274.62+
		SD	14.72	14.94	14.38	14.89	15.18
		· 2	15	15	15	15	15

Significant difference from Control Group (P < 0.01)

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Perfluoro-n-butyl iodide (PFBI): A 13-Week Nose-Only Inhalation Toxicity Study in Rats with a 4-Week Recovery Period

Table 4

Mean Body Weights (g)

Males

317.12 328.78 338.02 19.99 17.62 17.18 20.27 20.27 22.84 24.08 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5	
317.12 328.78 19.99 17.62 5 330.20 341.12 20.27 22.84 5 313.82 327.96 18.37 17.54 5 5 5 14.86 15.28	Day 8
19.99 17.62 5 5 5 330.20 341.12 20.27 22.84 5 5 313.82 327.96 18.37 17.54 16.37 17.54 17.54 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5	( ( ( ( ( ( ( ( ( ( ( ( ( ( ( ( ( ( (
5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5	
330.20 20.27 5 313.82 18.37 17.54 14.86 14.86 15.28 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5	
20.27 22.84 5 5 5 313.82 327.96 18.37 17.54 17.54 5 5 308.28 323.28 14.86 15.28 5 5	
313.82 313.82 18.37 17.54 5 308.28 323.28 14.86 5 5	3D 21.01
313.82 18.37 5 5 308.28 14.86 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5	
18.37 17.54 5 5 308.28 323.28 14.86 15.28	16an 303.52
308.28 323.28 333.7 14.86 15.28 15.3	
308.28 323.28 333.7 14.86 15.28 15.3 5	N
14.86 15.28 15.3 5 5	
5	

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Table 4

Perfluoro-n-butyl iodide (PFBI): A 13-Week Nose-Only Inhalation Toxicity Study in Rats with a 4-Week Recovery Period

Mean Body Weights (g)

Females

			Pretest phase		Dosing phase		1
Group	Dose	Day	L-	   1   1   1   1   1   1   1   1   1	60	1.5	22
	0	Mean	107.41	124.04	128.98	135.58	141.18
ı	•	SD	6.26	4.27	3.37	4.92	5.2
		z	10	10	10	10	1(
0	500	Mean	108.09	122.44	128.11	134.40	137.69
İ		SD	5.29	6.01	6.64	7.28	8.0'
		z	10	10	10	10	Ţ
~	1500	Mean	108.03	124.54	130.06	135.59	139.58
٠.		SD	5.30	5.68	6.77	7.47	8.2
		z	10	10	10	10	Ä
4	0004	Mean	106.57	121.47	125.75	132.02	134.85
,	) ) )	SD	96.9	7.37	7.65	8.76	10.00
		Z	10	10	10	10	1(

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Table 4

Perfluoro-n-butyl iodide (PFBI): A 13-Week Nose-Only Inhalation Toxicity Study in Rats with a 4-Week Recovery Period

Mean Body Weights (g)

Females

				Dos	Dosing phase		
Group	Dose	Бау	200	36	43	50	57
1 1 1	0	Mean	144.73	149.15	152.49	156.20	161.01
I		SD	6.07	5.48	5.36	5.32	5.27
		Z	10	10	10	10	10
0	200	Mean	142.36	146.90	149.82	154.61	157.31
ı	! !	CS	7.87	8.92	9.23	8.37	9.03
		Z	10	10	10	10	10
m	1500	Mean	145.31	149.38	152.16	155.61	159.51
,	! !	SD	7.00	7.32	9.93	9.54	10.62
		Z	10	10	10	10	1(
4	2000	Mean	138.83	141.70	145.64	149.25	152.27
		SD	10.44	12.02	12.69	12.05	11.75
		lz	10	10	10	10	10

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Table 4

Perfluoro-n-butyl iodide (PFBI): A 13-Week Nose-Only Inhalation Toxicity Study in Rats with a 4-Week Recovery Period

Mean Body Weights (g)

Females

	ı			Dosi	Dosing phase		. 1
Group	Dose	Бау	64	71	78	82	92
	0	Mean	162.01	164.39	164.44	167.02	168.66
		SD	5.65	5.93	6.87	7.12	5.93
		Z	1.0	10	10	10	10
0	500	Mean	160.10	161.96	164.14	169.24	170.34
		SD	7.98	8.53	9.05	8.35	8.60
		N	10	10	10	10	10
m	1500	Mean	161.16	164.68	164.88	168.50	170.26
		SD	60.6	10.14	9.91	10.83	11.47
		Z	10	10	10	10	10
4	5000	Mean	156.13	159.76	160.21	164.73	164.96
		SD	13.20	13.61	11.84	11.88	10.92
		N	10	10	10	10	10

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Table 5

Perfluoro-n-butyl iodide (PFBI): A 13-Week Nose-Only Inhalation Toxicity Study in Rats with a 4-Week Recovery Period

Mean Cumulative Body Weight Change from Baseline (g)

Males

1 of Dosing phase Baseline day:

	I			Dosing phase		
Group	Dose	Day		1.5	22	29
1	0	Mean	11.77	27.89	40.91	55.01
		SD	4.74	5.64	7.72	8.82
		N	15	15	15	15
8	500	Mean	12.91	28.22	40.63	52.20
		SD	3.63	4.85	7.52	9.52
		N	15	15	15	15
m	1500	Mean	14.99	30.64	39.51	52.32
		SD	3.78	4.53	7.31	7.33
		N	15	15	15	15
4	5000	Mean	76.6	24.42	34.25*	42.89+
		SD	2.74	4.66	6.37	7.35
		×	15	1.5	15	15

Significant difference from Control Group (P < 0.05) Significant difference from Control Group (P < 0.01)

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Perfluoro-n-butyl iodide (PFBI): A 13-Week Nose-Only Inhalation Toxicity Study in Rats with a 4-Week Recovery Period

Table 5

Mean Cumulative Body Weight Change from Baseline (g)

Males

71.27+ 13.11 15 91.09 12.67 14 88.60 16.90 15 88.72 12.23 15 65.27+ 10.93 15 80.08 14 79.41 14.08 15 80.09 11.83 15 Dosing phase 58.63\* 9.83 15 67.41 12.37 15 70.00 10.33 14 69.77 10.35 15 43 61.16 9.74 14 61.35 12.51 15 63.55 8.24 53.39 8.63 Baseline day: 1 of Dosing phase Mean SD N Mean SD N Mean SD N Mean SD N Dose PPM 500 1500 5000 Group -0 m 4

Significant difference from Control Group (P < 0.05) Significant difference from Control Group (P < 0.01) \* +

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Table 5

Perfluoro-n-butyl iodide (PFBI): A 13-Week Nose-Only Inhalation Toxicity Study in Rats with a 4-Week Recovery Period

Mean Cumulative Body Weight Change from Baseline (g)

Males

1 of Dosing phase

			DOS	Dosing phase	
đno	Dose	Day	64	7.1	78
	0	Mean	100.19	108.64	116.66
ı	•	SD	13.67	14.22	14.97
		Z	1.4	14	14
0	200	Mean	97.27	105.22	112.06
1	)	SD	17.70	18.51	19.55
		N	15	15	15
m	1500	Mean	00.86	104.03	113.27
,	: :	SD	11.80	12.58	11.85
		N	1.5	15	15
4	0005	Mean	78.50+	83.97+	+28.06
	) ) )	SD	13.02	13.36	13.45
		Z	15	15	15

+ Significant difference from Control Group (P < 0.01)

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Table 5

Perfluoro-n-butyl iodide (PFBI): A 13-Week Nose-Only Inhalation Toxicity Study in Rats with a 4-Week Recovery Period

Mean Cumulative Body Weight Change from Baseline (g)

Males Res

	,		Dosing phase		Recovery phase
Group	Dose PPM	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	SO	2 !	80 I
; ; ; ; ; ;	0	Mean	124.81	126.89	123.26
		SD	14.58	14.77	37.41
		Z	14	14	N
0	500	Mean	121.54	125.43	144.52
I	1	SD	22.20	22.23	25.12
		Z	15	15	വ
m	1500	Mean	118.23	119.70	129.04
		SD	14.45	15.03	19.03
		N	15	15	Ω.
4	5000	Mean	98.54+	100.39+	119.74
		SD	13.89	14.77	14.75
		Z	15	15	52

Significant difference from Control Group (P < 0.01)

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Perfluoro-n-butyl iodide (PFBI): A 13-Week Nose-Only Inhalation Toxicity Study in Rats with a 4-Week Recovery Period

Table 5

Mean Cumulative Body Weight Change from Baseline (g)

Males

			Recov	Recovery phase	
Group	Dose	Бау	1.5	22	50
1	0	Mean	140.36	152.02	161.26
ı		SD	19.29	18.56	18.51
		N	rv.	ហ	S.
c	005	Меал	155.40	166.32	175.32
1	)	SD	24.67	26.97	28.19
		, N	ស	Ŋ	5
c	1500	Mean	139.34	153.48	162.22
)	) ) )	SD	19.33	18.29	20.67
		N	ហ	ស	5
4	2000	Mean	133.06	148.06	158.48
ı	) ) )	SD	17.01	17.53	17.63
		Z	Ŋ	ις	Ŋ

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Perfluoro-n-butyl iodide (PFBI): A 13-Week Nose-Only Inhalation Toxicity Study in Rats with a 4-Week Recovery Period

Table 5

Mean Cumulative Body Weight Change from Baseline (g)

Females

1 of Dosing phase

Group Day 8 156		
500 Mean 4.94  500 Mean 5.67  1500 Mean 5.52  1 M 10  1 1 99  Mean 4.28	15	
SD 2.17  N 10  So Mean 5.67  N 10  1500 Mean 5.52  N 1.99  N 10		
500 Mean 5.67 SD 2.62 N 10 1500 Mean 5.52 SD 1.99 N 10		
500 Mean 5.67  SD 2.62  N 10  1500 Mean 5.52  N 1099  N 10		
SD 2.62 N 10 1500 Mean 5.52 N 10 5000 Mean 4.28		25 19.92
1500 Mean 5.52 SD 1.99 N 10		5.42 5.82
1500 Mean 5.52 SD 1.99 N 10 5000 Mean		
SD 1.99 N 10 S000 Mean		15.04 20.77
N 10		
5000 Mean 4.28		
		38 17.36
2.74		4.57 5.76
10		

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Table 5

Perfluoro-n-butyl iodide (PFBI): A 13-Week Nose-Only Inhalation Toxicity Study in Rats with a 4-Week Recovery Period

Mean Cumulative Body Weight Change from Baseline (g)

Females

1 of Dosing phase

1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	50	32.16	4.44	10	32.17	5.99	10	31.07	5.39	10	27.78	7.11	10	
Dosing phase	43		4.66	10	27.38	6.99	10	27.62	5.63	10	24.17	7.36	10	
		1	3.02	10	24.46	6.71	1.0	24.84	3.55	10	20.23	6.94	10	
	1 1 1 1 1	Mean	SD	N	Mean	SD	N	Mean	SD	N	Mean	SD	N	
í	PPM	0			200			1500			2000			
	Group	1			8			m			4			

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Table 5

Perfluoro-n-butyl iodide (PFBI): A 13-Week Nose-Only Inhalation Toxicity Study in Rats with a 4-Week Recovery Period

Mean Cumulative Body Weight Change from Baseline (g)

Females

1 of Dosing phase

	Į		Dosing phase	1	
roup	Dose	Бау	57	64	71
	0	Mean	36.97	37.97	40.35
I	•	SD	5.12	5.79	6.02
		Z	1.0	10	10
8	200	Mean	34.87	37.66	39.52
		SD	6.81	6.31	6.57
		N	10	10	10
е	1500	Mean	34.97	36.62	40.14
		SD	6.36	5.02	6.02
		N	10	10	10
4	5000	Mean	30.80	34.66	38.29
		SD	6.98	7.80	7.81
		Z	10	10	10

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Table 5

Perfluoro-n-butyl iodide (PFBI): A 13-Week Nose-Only Inhalation Toxicity Study in Rats with a 4-Week Recovery Period

Mean Cumulative Body Weight Change from Baseline (g)

Females

1 of Dosing phase

			DO	DOSTIIG DITASE	
Group	Dose	Day	78	80	92
1	0	Mean	40.40	42.98	44.62
ı	•	SD	6.74	7.08	5.17
		N	10	10	10
8	500	Mean	41.70	46.80	47.90
ı		SD	7.12	6.97	6.80
		N	10	10	10
т	1500	Mean	40.34	43.96	45.72
		SD	5.39	6.68	7.38
		N	10	10	10
4	5000	Mean	38.74	43.26	43.49
		SD	6.32	6.61	5.83
		N	10	10	10

Mal	es	N		ed Cons rams/an	•			Tabl	e 6
				Dosi	ng Phase	e Day			
	1	8	15	22	29	36	43	50	57
Group 1 – 0	) ppm								
Mean	16.6	16.0	16.0	15.3	16.0	15.1	16.4	16.9	17.5
SD	1.7	1.6	1.4	1.4	1.2	1.4	1.8	1.9	1.9
N	15	15	15	15	15	14	14	14	14
Group 2 –	500 ppm								
Mean	16.8	16.4	16.5	15.2	15.9	15.6	17.1	17.3	17.7
SD	1.2	1.1	2.2	1.1	1.6	1.5	1.2	2.0	1.3
N	15	15	15	15	15	15	14	15	15
Group 3 –	1500 ppm								
Mean	17.2	16.8	16.5	15.1	15.8	15.9	17.0	17.2	18.3
SD	1.0	0.9	1.0	0.9	1.1	1.5	1.8	1.6	1.6
N	15	15	15	15	15	15	15	15	15
Group 4 –	5000 ppm								
Mean	16.5	** 14.7	15.4	14.3	15.4	15.5	16.7	16.6	17.6
SD	1.9	14.7	15.4	3.6	1.0	0.8	1.0	1.0	2.0
N SD	1.9	1.1	1.1	3. <del>0</del> 14	1.0	0.8 14	1.0	1.0 14	2.0 14
IN	13	10	14	14	14	14	14	14	14

<sup>\*</sup>Significantly different from control mean; p≤0.05.

\*\*Significantly different from control mean; p≤0.01.

If no asterisks, no statistically significant differences from control mean.

	Mean Feed Consumption Values	
Males	(grams/animal/day)	Table 6

	ı	Dosing Ph	nase Day		
	64	71	78	85	92
Group 1 –	0 ppm				
Mean	18.3	18.2	17.8	18.8	18.2
SD	2.1	1.8	1.8	1.8	1.4
N	14	14	14	14	14
Group 2	500 ppm				
Mean	17.5	18.0	17.7	18.4	17.9
SD	1.4	1.3	1.4	1.7	1.3
N	15	15	15	15	15
Group 3 –	1500 ppm				
Mean	18.3	18.9	18.6	18.7	17.7
SD	1.8	1.9	1.7	2.4	1.8
N	15	14	14	15	15
Group 4 –	5000 ppm				
	*				
Mean	16.7	18.1	17.0	17.5	17.2
SD	1.4	0.9	1.1	1.0	1.0
N	14	14	15	15	15

<sup>\*</sup>Significantly different from control mean; p $\leq$ 0.05. \*\*Significantly different from control mean; p $\leq$ 0.01. If no asterisks, no statistically significant differences from control mean.

·	Mean Feed Consumption Values	
Males	(grams/animal/day)	Table 6

		Recovery	Phase Day	
	8	15	22	29
Group 1 – 0	) ppm			
Mean SD N	16.5 4.9 5	20.4 2.7 5	20.2 2.0 5	19.7 1.3 5
Group 2 – 5	500 ppm			
Mean SD N	20.5 1.4 5	22.3 0.6 5	21.9 1.6 5	21.1 1.3 5
Group 3 – 1	1500 ppm			
Mean SD N	20.5 2.0 5	21.2 3.0 5	22.1 2.6 5	20.9 2.4 5
Group 4 – 8	5000 ppm			
Mean SD N	19.4 1.3 5	21.8 1.5 5	22.9 1.2 5	21.5 1.5 5

<sup>\*</sup>Significantly different from control mean; p≤0.05.
\*\*Significantly different from control mean; p≤0.01.
If no asterisks, no statistically significant differences from control mean.

Fem	ales	M			umptior imal/day	Values		Tabl	e 6
				Dosi	ng Phase	e Day			
	1	8	15	22	29	36	43	50	57
Group 1 –	0 ppm								
Mean	11.3	11.3	11.2	11.1	11.0	11.3	11.9	11.9	12.1
SD N	0.8 10	1.1 10	0.8 10	1.2 10	0.7 10	0.9 10	1.0 10	1.0 10	0.9 10
Group 2 –	500 ppm								
Mean	11.4	11.6	11.4	10.5	11.3	10.7	11.7	11.6	11.9
SD N	0.9 9	1.5 9	1.0 9	1.5 9	1.8 9	1.0 9	1.2 9	1.3 9	1.0 9
Group 3 –	1500 ppm								
Mean	11.8	12.1	12.2	11.5	12.0	11.5	13.1	12.4	12.5
SD N	1.6 9	1.0 10	0.8 10	0.7 10	1.2 10	0.8 10	1.5 10	1. <del>4</del> 10	1.2 10
Group 4 –	5000 ppm								
Mean	11.9	11.3	11.1	10.2	10.9	10.6	11.9	11.6	11.9
SD N	0.8 9	1.3 10	1.0 10	0.7 10	1.3 10	1.2 10	1.1 10	1.1 10	1.3 10

<sup>\*</sup>Significantly different from control mean; p≤0.05.
\*\*Significantly different from control mean; p≤0.01.
If no asterisks, no statistically significant differences from control mean.

	Mean Feed Consumption Values	
Females	(grams/animal/day)	Table 6

	ı	Dosing Ph	nase Day		
	64	71	78	85	92
Group 1 –	0 ppm				
Mean	11.7	11.8	11.3	11.7	11.6
SD	1.0	1.1	1.3	1.3	0.6
N	10	10	10	10	10
Group 2 –	500 ppm				
Mean	11.2	11.9	11.5	12.6	12.0
SD	1.1	1.4	1.4	1.2	1.0
N	9	9	9	9	9
Group 3 –	1500 ppm				
					*
Mean	11.5	12.7	12.3	13.0	12.6
SD	1.4	1.5	1.3	1.6	1.1
N	10	10	10	10	10
Group 4 –	5000 ppm				
					*
Mean	11.4	12.3	11.9	12.4	12.5
SD	1.4	1.3	1.4	1.1	1.2
N	10	10	9	10	10

<sup>\*</sup>Significantly different from control mean; p≤0.05.

\*\*Significantly different from control mean; p≤0.01.

If no asterisks, no statistically significant differences from control mean.

Table 7 **Motor Activity Summary Statistics** 

Sex	Dose (ppm)	n	mean	sd	p-value (1)
Males	0	9	30.4	11.0	
	500	10	40.5	8.5	0.0726
	1500	10	37.1	9.9	0.3043
	5000	10	29.1	8.9	0.9807
Females	0	10	25.0	6.2	
	500	10	34.4	8.4	
	1500	10	33.5	9.9	
	5000	10	28.9	12.3	
Combined	0	19	27.6	9.0	
sexes	500	20	37.4	8.8	0.0052 **
	1500	20	35.3	9.8	0.0361 *
	5000	20	29.0	10.4	0.9394

n = number of animals per group.

mean = mean motor activity per group based on animal means over the 12 intervals. sd = standard deviation based on the animal means over the 12 intervals. (1) p-value for Dunnetts' test following significant ANOVA (\*= p<0.05, \*\*=p<0.01)

	Mean Motor Activity Values (number of beam breaks)	
Males	Week 13	Table 8

	5-Minute Interval												
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	Mean
Group 1	– 0 pp	om											
Mean SD n	136 49 9	79 38 9	54 36 9	27 37 9	21 32 9	13 25 9	7 18 9	14 26 9	2 2 9	6 14 9	2 5 9	5 11 9	30
Group 2	<b>– 500</b>	ppm	1										
Mean SD n	168 27 10	98 34 10	75 37 10	45 27 10	22 30 10	10 14 10	8 23 10	4 6 10	14 28 10	18 31 10	8 14 10	16 33 10	40
Group 3	- 150	о рр	m										
Mean SD n	154 33 10	97 31 10	51 31 10	42 32 10	23 25 10	26 36 10	18 29 10	9 16 10	12 23 10	6 16 10	3 5 10	5 10 10	37
Group 4	- 500	0 pp	m										
Mean SD n	146 40 10	90 34 10	48 31 10	35 25 10	11 19 10	7 15 10	3 7 10	2 4 10	4 5 10	2 5 10	0 0 10	2 3 10	29

	Mean Motor Activity Values (number of beam breaks)	
Females	Week 13	Table 8

	5-Minute Interval												
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	Mean
Group 1	– 0 pp	om											
Mean SD n	104 30 10	83 29 10	48 25 10	28 18 10	12 15 10	4 6 10	7 17 10	2 5 10	3 5 10	3 5 10	4 6 10	2 3 10	25
Group 2	- 500	ppm											
Mean SD n	117 23 10	91 21 10	75 15 10	47 29 10	35 32 10	21 25 10	15 25 10	5 12 10	5 8 10	1 2 10	2 2 10	1 2 10	34
Group 3	<b>– 150</b>	0											
Mean SD n	116 24 10	102 26 10	63 22 10	51 29 10	38 53 10	13 18 10	6 12 10	1 3 10	1 2 10	2 5 10	4 7 10	4 7 10	33
Group 4	500	0 ррі	m										
Mean SD n	111 26 10	75 22 10	55 23 10	23 21 10	35 46 10	23 39 10	8 14 10	5 11 10	0 1 10	2 3 10	2 4 10	7 13 10	29

	Summary of Functional Observational	
	Battery Evaluations	
Males	Week 13	Table 9

Exposure Level:		Group 1 0 ppm	Group 2 500 ppm	Group 3 1500 ppm	Group 4 5000 ppm
Body Weight (g)	Mean S.D. N	301.1 17.5 9	298.0 17.6 10	298.8 10.8 10	** 275.1 16.8 10
Forelimb Grip Strength (g)	Mean S.D. N	878 154.1 9	910 141.4 10	906 125.5 10	877 78.8 10
Hindlimb Grip Strength	Mean S.D. N	628 63.8 9	633 66.1 10	642 56.0 10	648 92.3 10
Landing Foot Splay (cm)	Mean S.D. N	3.4 1.0 9	3.3 0.8 10	3.6 1.1 10	3.4 0.5 10
Body Temperature (°C)	Mean S.D. N		36.6 1.3 10	36.6 1.2 10	36.3 1.1 10

<sup>\*</sup>Significantly different from control mean; p≤0.05.
\*\*Significantly different from control mean; p≤0.01.
If no asterisks, no statistically significant differences from control mean.

	Summary of Functional Observational	
	Battery Evaluations	
Males	Week 13	Table 9

	Exposure Level:	Group 1 0 ppm	Group 2 500 ppm	Group 3 1500 ppm	Group 4 5000 ppm
Number of Animals Examined		9	10	10	10
Home Cage Evaluations					
Posture	Sitting or Standing	9	10	10	10
	Rearing; Standing on Hindlimbs	0	0	0	0
	Asleep; May Be Lying on Side or Curled Up	0	0	0	0
	Lying on Side; Limbs in the Air	0	0	0	0
	Flattened; Limbs May Be Spread Crouched; Sitting Hunched, Head Hung	0	0	0	0
	Down	0	0	0	0
Vocalizations	Not Present	9	10	10	10
	Present	0	0	Ó	0
Palpebral Closure	Eyelids Open	9	10	10	10
	Eyelids Slightly Drooping	0	0	0	0
	Eyelids Half Closed	0	0	0	0
	Eyelids Completely Closed	0	0	0	0
Motor Movements	No abnormal movements	9	10	10	10
	Tremors	0	0	0	0
	Fasciculations	0	0	0	0
	Convulsions	0	0	0	0
	Stereotypy	0	0	0	0
	Other	0	0	0	0
Handling Evaluations					
Ease of Removal	Very Easy	9	10	10	10
	Easy	0	0	0	0
	Slightly Difficult	0	0	0	0
	Freezes or flinches	0	0	0	0
	Moderately Difficult	0	0	0	0
	Very Difficult	0	0	0	0
Reactivity to Handling	Low	9	10	10	10
•	Moderately Low	0	0	0	0
	Moderately High	0	0	0	0
	High	0	0	0	0
Chromodacryorrhea	Not Present	8	10	8	10

	Summary of Fur		vationa	ai		
Males	ballery W	Evaluations /eek 13			Tabl	e 9
	Present		1	0	2	0
			Group 1 0	Group 2 500	Group 3 1500	Group 4 5000
		Exposure Level:	ppm	ppm	ppm	ppm
Lacrimation	Not Present		9	10	10	10
	Moderate		0	0	0	0
	Extreme		0	0	0	0
	Extromo		Ū	Ŭ	Ü	Ū
Coat	Normal		9	10	10	10
	Slightly Soiled		0	0	0	0
	Moderately Soiled		0	0	0	0
	Extremely Soiled		0	0	0	0
Salivation	Not Present		9	10	10	10
	Slight		0	0	0	0
	Moderate		0	0	0	0
	Extreme		0	0	0	0
Open Field Evaluations						
Gait and Posture	Normal		9	10	10	10
Care and 1 octors	Ataxia		J		.0	10
	Attanta	Slight	0	0	0	0
		Moderate	0	0	0	0
		Severe	0	0	0	0
	Hindlimbs Splayed or Dra		J	U	O	Ū
	rimaining opicyca or bra	s Slight	0	0	0	0
		Moderate	0	0	0	0
		Severe	0	0	0	0
	Forelimbs Splayed or Drag		Ū	Ŭ	Ū	Ŭ
	· orominae opinayou or are	Moderate	0	0	0	0
		Severe	0	o	Ö	o
	Walks on Tiptoes	001010	ŭ	ŭ	Ū	Ŭ
		Slight	0	0	0	0
		Severe		0	ō	0
	Hunched Posture	20.010	-	-	ŭ	Ŭ
		Moderate	0	0	0	0
		Severe		Ö	Ö	0
	Body Drags or is Flattene		-	_	-	ŭ
	, 5	 Slight	0	0	0	0
		Moderate		Ō	0	0
		Severe		ō	Ō	0
				-	-	-

	Summary of Functional Observational	7
	Battery Evaluations	
Males	Week 13	Table 9

		Exposure Level:	Group 1 0 ppm	Group 2 500 ppm	Group 3 1500 ppm	Group 4 5000 ppm
Locomotion	No Impairment		9	10	10	10
	Slightly Impaired		0	0	0	0
	Moderately Impaired		0	0	0	0
	Severly Impaired		0	0	0	0
Arousal	Very Low, Stupor		0	0	0	0
	Moderately Low, Slight St	upor	0	0	0	0
	Slightly Low, Sluggish		0	1	0	2
	Alert		9	9	10	7
	High, Slight Excitement		0	0	0	1
	Very High, Hyper Alert		0	0	0	0
Piloerection	Not Present		9	10	10	10
	Present		0	0	0	0
Exophthalmia	Not Present		9	10	10	10
	Present		0	0	0	0
Feces	Number of Pellets		0	0	0	0
	Unformed Stool		0	0	0	0
Urine	Number of Pools		0	1	0	0
	Polyuria		0	0	0	0
Motor Movements						
Fasciculations	Not Present		9	10	10	10
	Present		0	0	0	0
Convulsions	Not Present		9	10	10	10
	Present		0	0	0	0
Tremors	Not Present		9	10	10	10
	Present		0	0	0	0
Reflex Assessments						
Visual Approach	No Reaction Slowly Approaches, Sniffs	and/or Turns	0	0	0	0
	Away		9	10	10	10
	Freezes or Pulls Away Slig	jhtly	0	0	0	0
	Jumps or Turns Abruptly t	to Avoid	0	0	0	0
	Attacks and/or Bites		0	0	0	0

	Summary of Functional Observational	
	Battery Evaluations	
Males	Week 13	Table 9

	Exposure Level:	Group 1 0 ppm	Group 2 500 ppm	Group 3 1500 ppm	Group 4 5000 ppm
Audition	No Reaction Slight Reaction, Some Evidence That Noise	0	0	0	o
	Was Heard	0	0	0	0
	Flinches or Flicks Ears	9	10	10	10
	Exaggerated; Jumps, Flips, Bites	0	0	0	0
Pain	No Reaction Turns or Walks Forward, or Vocalizes with	0	0	1	0
	Little or No Movement	9	10	9	10
	Fliches; Muscle Contractions Present Highly Exaggerated, Bizarre Reaction;	0	0	0	0
	Attacks, Bites	0	0	0	0
Pupil Response	Pupil Constricts	10	10	10	10
	No Constriction	0	0	0	0
	Miosis	0	0	0	0
	Mydriasis	0	0	0	0
	Ear Flattens Against Head or Animal Shakes				
Pinna	Head	9	10	10	10
	No Response	0	0	0	0
Proprioception	Returns Leg to Original Position Returns Leg Only Partially to Original	9	10	10	10
	Position No Response, Allows Leg to Remain in	0	0	0	0
	Pulled Back Position	0	0	0	0
Air Righting Reflex	Lands on All Four Feet	9	10	10	10
	Slightly Uncoordinated	0	0	0	0
	Lands on Side	0	0	0	0
	Lands on Back	0	0	0	0

	Summary of Functional Observational	
	Battery Evaluations	
Females	Week 13	Table 9

Exposure Level:		Group 1 0 ppm	Group 2 500 ppm	Group 3 1500 ppm	Group 4 5000 ppm
Body Weight (g)	Mean S.D. N	168.0 6.0 10	168.6 7.5 10	169.5 11.1 10	165.8 11.3 10
Forelimb Grip Strength (g)	Mean	764	717	771	737
	S.D.	109.9	104.1	52.8	67.5
	N	10	10	10	10
Hindlimb Grip Strength (g)	Mean	489	484	503	498
	S.D.	52.9	67.8	79.6	53.4
	N	10	10	10	10
Landing Foot Splay (cm)	Mean S.D. N	2.4 0.3 10	2.3 0.8 10	2.3 0.7 10	2.3 0.5 10
Body Temperature (°C)	Mean	37.1	36.4	37.2	37.1
	S.D.	1.0	1.6	1.0	1.3
	N	10	10	10	10

<sup>\*</sup>Significantly different from control mean; p≤0.05.
\*\*Significantly different from control mean; p≤0.01.
If no asterisks, no statistically significant differences from control mean.

	Summary of Functional Observational	
	Battery Evaluations	
Females	Week 13	Table 9

	Exposure Level:	Group 1 0 ppm	Group 2 500 ppm	Group 3 1500 ppm	Group 4 5000 ppm
Number of Animals Examined		10	10	10	10
Home Cage Evaluations					
Posture	Sitting or Standing	10	10	10	10
	Rearing; Standing on Hindlimbs	0	0	0	0
	Asleep; May Be Lying on Side or Curled Up	0	0	0	0
	Lying on Side; Limbs in the Air	0	0	0	0
	Flattened; Limbs May Be Spread	0	0	0	0
	Crouched; Sitting Hunched, Head Hung Down	0	0	0	0
Vocalizations	Not Present	10	10	10	10
	Present	0	0	0	0
Palpebral Closure	Eyelids Open	10	9	10	10
	Eyelids Slightly Drooping	0	0	0	0
	Eyelids Half Closed	0	0	0	0
	Eyelids Completely Closed	0	1	0	0
Motor Movements	No abnormal movements	9	10	10	10
	Tremors	0	0	0	0
	Fasciculations	0	0	0	0
	Convulsions	0	0	0	0
	Stereotypy	0	0	0	0
	Other	0	0	0	0
Handling Evaluations					
Ease of Removal	Very Easy	10	10	10	10
	Easy	0	0	0	0
	Slightly Difficult	0	0	0	0
	Freezes	0	0	0	0
	Moderately Difficult	0	0	0	0
	Very Difficult	0	0	0	0
Reactivity to Handling	Low	10	10	10	10
	Moderately Low	0	0	0	0
	Moderately High	0	0	0	0
	High	0	0	0	0
Chromodacryorrhea	Not Present	5	7	8	9
	Present	5	3	2	1

	Summary of Functional Observational	
	Battery Evaluations	
Females	Week 13	Table 9

		Exposure Level:	Group 1 0 ppm	Group 2 500 ppm	Group 3 1500 ppm	Group 4 5000 ppm
Lacrimation	Not Present		10	10	10	10
	Moderate		0	0	0	0
	Extreme		0	0	0	0
Coat	Normal		10	10	10	10
	Slightly Soiled		0	0	0	0
	Moderately Soiled		0	0	0	0
	Extremely Soiled		0	0	0	0
Salivation	Not Present		10	10	10	10
	Slight		0	0	0	0
	Moderate		0	0	0	0
	Extreme		0	0	0	0
Open Field Evaluations						
Gait and Posture	Normal		10	10	10	10
	Ataxia					
		Slight	0	0	0	0
		Moderate	0	0	0	0
		Severe	0	0	0	0
	Hindlimbs Sipayed or Drag					
		Slight		0	0	0
		Moderate	0	0	0	0
		Severe	0	0	0	0
	Forelimbs Splayed or Drag					
		Moderate		0	0	0
		Severe	0	0	0	0
	Walks on Tiptoes					
		Slight		0	0	0
		Severe	0	0	0	0
	Hunched Posture					
		Moderate		0	0	0
		Severe	0	0	0	0
	Body Drags or is Flattened					
		Slight		0	0	0
		Moderate		0	0	0
		Severe	0	0	0	0

	Summary of Functional Observational	
	Battery Evaluations	
Females	Week 13	Table 9

	Exposure Level:	Group 1 0 ppm	Group 2 500 ppm	Group 3 1500 ppm	Group 4 5000 ppm
Locomotion	No Impairment	10	10	10	10
	Slightly Impaired	0	0	0	0
	Moderately Impaired	0	0	0	0
	Severly Impaired	0	0	0	0
Arousal	Very Low, Stupor	0	0	0	0
	Moderately Low, Slight Stupor	0	0	0	0
	Slightly Low, Sluggish	0	0	1	1
	Alert	10	9	9	8
	High, Slight Excitement	0	1	0	1
	Very High, Hyper Alert	0	0	0	0
Piloerection	Not Present	10	10	10	10
	Present	0	0	0	0
Exophthalmia	Not Present	10	10	10	10
	Present	0	0	0	0
Feces	Number of Pellets	0	0	0	0
	Unformed Stool	0	0	0	0
Urine	Number of Pools	0	0	0	0
	Polyuria	0	0	0	0
Motor Movements					
Fasciculations	Not Present	10	10	10	10
	Present	0	0	0	0
Convulsions	Not Present	10	10	10	10
	Present	0	0	0	0
Tremors	Not Present	10	10	10	10
	Present	0	0	0	0
Reflex Assessments					
Visual Approach	No Reaction Slowly Approaches, Sniffs and/or Turns	0	0	0	0
	Away	10	10	10	10
	Freezes or Pulls Away Slightly	0	0	0	0
	Jumps or Turns Abruptly to Avoid	0	0	0	0
	Attacks and/or Bites	0	0	0	0

	Summary of Functional Observational	
	Battery Evaluations	
Females	Week 13	Table 9

	Exposure Level:	Group 1 0 ppm	Group 2 500 ppm	Group 3 1500 ppm	Group 4 5000 ppm
Audition	No Reaction Slight Reaction, Some Evidence That Noise	0	0	0	0
	Was Heard	0	0	0	0
	Flinches or Flicks Ears	10	10	10	10
	Exaggerated; Jumps, Flips, Bites	0	0	0	0
Pain	No Reaction Turns or Walks Forward, or Vocalizes with	1	0	0	0
	Little or No Movement	9	10	10	10
	Fliches; Muscle Contractions Present Highly Exaggerated, Bizarre Reaction;	0	0	0	0
	Attacks, Bites	0	0	0	0
Pupil Response	Pupil Constricts	10	10	10	9
	No Constriction	0	0	0	0
	Miosis	0	0	0	1
	Mydriasis	0	0	0	0
	Ear Flattens Against Head or Animal Shakes				
Pinna	Head	10	10	10	10
	No Response	0	0	0	0
Proprioception	Returns Leg to Original Position	10	10	10	10
	Returns Leg Only Partially to Original Position No Response, Allows Leg to Remain in Pulled	0	0	0	0
	Back Position	0	0	0	0
Air Righting Reflex	Lands on All Four Feet	10	10	10	10
	Slightly Uncoordinated	0	0	0	0
	Lands on Side	0	0	0	0
	Lands on Back	0	0	0	0

Mean Hematology Values	
Preface	Table 10

Abbreviation	Parameter	Reporting Units
HGB	Hemoglobin Concentration	g/dL
HCT	Hematocrit	percent
RBC	Erythrocyte Count	10 <sup>6</sup> /µL
RETIC	Absolute Reticulocyte Count	10 <sup>9</sup> /L
PLT	Platelet Count	10³/μL
MPV	Mean Platelet Volume	fL
MCV	Mean Corpuscular Volume	fL
MCH	Mean Corpuscular Hemoglobin	pg
MCHC	Mean Corpuscular Hemoglobin Concentration	g/dL
RDW	Red Cell Distribution Width	%
WBC	Total Leukocyte Count	$10^{3}/\mu$ L
ANEU	Absolute Neutrophils	$10^{3}/\mu$ L
ALYM	Absolute Lymphocytes	10³/µL
AMONO	Absolute Monocytes	10³/μL
AEOS	Absolute Eosinophils	10³/µL
ABASO	Absolute Basophils	10³/µL
ALUC	Absolute Large Unstained Cells	10³/μL

## **Key to Statistical Symbols:**

\*Significantly different from control mean; №0.05.

\*\*Significantly different from control mean; №0.01.

If no asterisks, no statistically significant differences from control mean.

Huntingdon Life Sciences Study No. 04-6154

		Moan Homatology Walnes - Termination
		Value
3	e 10	Tomato Today
	Table	Mount

WBC	x10^3/uL		4.09	0.733	89	*	5.21	0.577	ຫົ	*	5.26	0.333	σ.		4.45	0.637	10
RDW	<i>%</i>		12.4	0.22	80		12.6	0.42	σ	*	12.8	0.19	6	*	12.8	0.34	10
мснс	g/dL		33.8	0.38	ω		34.3	0.45	σ		34.2	0.46	σı		34.1	0.46	10
МСН	Бđ		16.6	0.25	α		16.8	0.29	6		16.7	0.27	O		16.9	0.31	10
MCV	fΓ		49.1	0.63	හ		48.9	0.70	σ		48.8	0.47	σ		49.5	0.77	10
MPV	fr		6.7	0.11	œ		6.7	0.33	σ		9.9	0.21	σ	*	7.0	0.30	10
PLT	x10^3/uL		617	35.4	α		638	57.1	σ		618	23.1	מ		614	77.8	10
RETIC	x10^9/L		146.7	11.44	ω		160.8	26.00	o,		149.7	13.70	Ф	*	173.5	19.39	10
RBC	<b>x1</b> 0^6/uL		8.82	0.231	80		9.02	0.229	σ	*	9.17	0.203	σ	*	96.8	0.220	10
нст	9/0		43.3	0.91	ω	× .	44.1	1.39	σ.	.*	44.7	96.0	6	*	44.3	0.91	10
ндв	g/dī.		14.7	0.26	α	*	15.1	0.46	σ	*	15.3	0.22	Q	*	15.1	0.22	10
			Mean	SD	ц		Mean	SD	ជ		Mean	SD	ជ		Mean	SD S	E
Group		лМ	mđđ o			2M	200 ppm			3M	1500 ppm			4M	2000 mdd 0005		

Huntingdon Life Sciences Study No. 04-6154 Table 10 Mean Hematology Values - Termination

Huntingdon Life Sciences Study No. 04-6154 Table 10

Mean Hematology Values - Termination

<b>М</b> ВС	x10^3/uL		4.42	œ		4.60	1.272	ω		4.79	0.762	89		4.41	0.526	10
RDW	o/o	î r	0.31	ω		12.0	0.37	80		11.9	0.24	88		11.7	0.19	10
MCHC	g/dL	•	34.2	ω		34.5	0.41	ω		34.4	0.37	æ		34.4	0.41	10
МСН	Бd	ī	0.18	ω		17.7	0.27	ω		17.7	0.14	ω		17.7	0.19	10
MCV	£L	i	51.4	<b>co</b>		51.3	0.62	ω		51.4	0.39	α		51.6	0.49	10
MPV	£L	ţ	7.1	80		7.3	0.32	ω		7.1	0.40	8		7.3	0.51	10
PLT	x10^3/uL	1	581	ω		566	131.9	ω		627	57.6	ω		609	54.9	10
RETIC	×10^9/L	6	159.9	ω		171.0	28.71	ω		170.3	11.36	8		156.3	19.60	10
RBC	x10^6/uL		8.39	80		8.54	0.260	ω		8.53	0.097	ω		8.54	0.237	10
HCT	o/o	,	43.1	ω		43.8	1.47	ω		43.8	0.57	<b>.</b> 00		44.0	1.11	10
нсв	g/dL		14.8	ω	*	15.1	0.40	α	*	15.1	0.20	œ		15.1	0.33	10
		;	Mean SD	ц		Mean	SD	ជ		Mean	SD	ц	,	Mean	SD	а
dronb		1.	mdd 0		2F	200 ppm			3F	1500 ppm			4 TT	maa 0005	4	

Huntingdon Life Sciences Study No. 04-6154 Table 10

Mean Hematology Values - Termination

Group		ANEU	ALYM	AMONO	AEOS	ABASO	ALUC
		x10°3/uL	x10^3/uL	x10^3/uL	x10^3/uL x10^3/uL x10^3/uL	x10^3/uL	x10^3/uL
1 <i>F</i> 0 ppm	Mean	99.0	3.52	0.08	90.0	90.0	0.04
	SD	0.150	0.627	8 8	0.011	0.016	900.0
2F							
mdd 005	Mean	0.74	3.63	0.08	90.0	0.07	0.04
	SD u	0.313 8	1.052 8	0.028 8	0.016 8	8 8 8 8	8 8 8
3.F							
1500 ppm	Mean	0.81	3.69	0.10	90.0	0.07	0.05
	ds n	U.146 8	0.577 8	0.03⊥ 8	8 8	1 8 8	8 8 8
4 F							
5000 ppm	Mean SD	0.70	3.46	0.09	0.06	0.06	0.04

¤

Mean Coagulation Values	
Preface	Table 11

Abbreviation	Parameter	Reporting Units
PT	Prothrombin Time	seconds
APTT	Activated Partial Thromboplastin Time	seconds

## **Key to Statistical Symbols:**

\*Significantly different from control mean; p≤0.05.

\*\*Significantly different from controlmean; p≤0.01.

If no asterisks, no statistically significant differences from control mean.

04-6154	uo	APTT	Seconds		23.1	1.12	80		23.9	3.00	σ		24.9	2.39	∞ .			25.5	2.73	σ
Study No.	Termination	단	Seconds		16.4	0.33	60	**	15.7	0.58	σ	,	15.5	0.41	æ		*	15.1	0.46	σ
fe Sciences	Coagulation Values -				Mean	SD	ជ		Mean	SD	п		Mean	SD	ជ			Mean	SD	и
Huntingdon Life Table 11	Mean Coagulat:	Group		П	mđđ o			2M	200 ppm			3M	1500 ppm			;	4M	2000 ppm		

Huntingdon Life Sciences Study No. 04-6154
Table 11
Mean Coagulation Values - Termination
Group
PT APTT
Seconds Seconds

		Seconds	Seconds
1F			
mdd c	Mean	15.7	21.3
	SD	0.50	2.66
	u	7	7
2F			
200 ppm	Mean	15.7	20.0
	SD	0.78	2.86
	ч	9	4
3F			
1500 ppm	Mean	15.2	19.4
	SD	0.34	2.50
	ជ	7	9
4 F			
2000 ppm	Mean	15.7	21.4
	SD	0.55	2.29

¤

Mean Clinical Chemistry Values	
Preface	Table 12

Abbreviation	Parameter	Reporting Units
AST	Aspartate Aminotransferase	U/L
ALT	Alanine Aminotransferase	U/L
ALKP	Alkaline Phosphatase	U/L
LD	Lactate Dehydrogenase	U/L
BUN	Blood Urea Nitrogen	mg/dL
CREAT	Creatinine	mg/dL
GLU	Fasting Glucose	mg/dL
CK	Creatine Kinase	U/L
CHOL	Cholesterol (Enzymatic)	mg/dL
TRIG	Triglycerides	mg/dL
TP	Total Protein	g/dL
ALB	Albumin	g/dL g/dL
Glob	Globulin (calculated)	g/dL g/dL
A/G	Albumin/Globulin Ratio (calculated)	g/uL
TBILI	Total Bilirubin	mg/dL
DBILI	Direct Bilirubin	mg/dL
IBILI	Indirect Bilirubin	mg/dL
Na <sup>+</sup>	Sodium	mEq/L
K <sup>†</sup>	Potassium	•
Cl <sup>-</sup>	Chloride	mEq/L
		mEq/L
Ca <sup>++</sup>	Calcium	mg/dL
PHOS	Inorganic Phosphorus	mg/dL
GGT	Gamma-Glutamyl Transferase	U/L

## **Key to Statistical Symbols:**

\*Significantly different from control mean; p≤0.05.

\*\*Significantly different from control mean; p≤0.01.

If no asterisks, no statistically significant differences from control mean.

Mean Clinical Chemistry Values - Termination Huntingdon Life Sciences Study No. 04-6154 Table 12

TP	g/dL		6.1	0.16	σ		6.2	0.18	10		6.2	0.11	10		6.2	0.12	10
TRIG	mg/dL		120	27.6	6		137	47.9	10		137	25.9	10		100	24.8	10
СНОГ	mg/dL		59	2.9	σ		28	4.9	10		26	3.7	10		22	4.2	10
CK	n/r		498	853.8	σ		188	128.0	10		152	92.4	10		184	70.8	10
GLU	mg/dL		205	22.8	σ		191	16.1	10	*	185	15.5	10	*	181	13.8	10
CREAT	mg/dL		0.3	90.0	σ		0.3	0.07	10		0.2	0.05	10		0.3	0.05	10
BUN	mg/dL		16	1.6	O		15	1.9	10		15	1.2	10		15	1.3	10
G	u/r		311	211.2	σ		219	197.8	10		163	145.3	. 10		214	105.6	10
ALKP	u/r		163	14.4	Ø	*	1,39	18.4	10	*	148	9.6	10	*	128	14.0	10
ALT	n/r		62	10.0	6		52	10.8	10	*	. 56	6.5	10	*	. 52	4.3	10
AST	U/L		80	17.3	Ø	*	89	12.4	10	*	67	8 4	10	*	62	4.2	10
			Mean	SD	ជ		Mean	SD	п		Mean	SD	¤		Mean	SD	ជ
Group		1М	mdd o			2M	200 ppm			3М	1500 ppm			4M	2000 ppm		

Huntingdon Life Sciences Study No. 04-6154 Table 12

Mean Clinical Chemistry Values - Termination

ьноз	mg/dL		7.6	0.73	σı	*	8.2	0.64	10	*	9.8	0.29	1,0	*	8 .5	0.51	10
Ca + +	mg/dL		10.6	0.69	0		10.4	1.04	10		10.5	0.67	10		10.7	0.56	10
C1 -	mEq/L		66	1.5	σ		66	0.8	10		100	1.1	10		66	1.1	10
Κ <del>,</del>	mEq/L		4.7	0.54	σ	٠	4.9	0.75	10		4.8	0.50	10		4.9	0.46	10
Na+	mEq/L		142	1.3	6		142	1.2	10		142	0.7	10		142	1.3	10
IBILI	mg/dL		0.08	0.037	6		0.10	0.036	10		60.0	0.035	10		0.09	0.045	10
DBILI	mg/dL		0.01	0.007	Q		00.00	0.005	10		0.01	0.008	10		0.01	0.007	10
TBILI	mg/dL		0.09	0.043	6		0.10	0.037	10		60.0	0.036	10		0.10	0.048	10
A/G			1.5	0.09	6		1.4	0.13	10		1.5	0.10	10		1.6	0.07	10
Glob	g/dL		2.5	0.10	Ø		2.5	0.15	10		2.5	0.11	10		2.5	0.11	10
ALB	g/dL		3.7	0.12	Q		3.6	0.16	10		3.7	0.07	10		3.8	0.05	10
			Mean	SS	ជ		Mean	SD	ď		Mean	SD	ជ		Mean	SD	п
Group		1M	mdd o			2M	200 ppm			3М	1500 ppm			4M	mdd 0005		

Huntingdon Life Sciences Table 12		Study No.	04-6154								
Mean Clinical Chemistry		Values - Tei	Termination								
Group		AST	ALT	ALKP	Γ'D	BUN	CREAT	GLU	CK	СНОГ	TRIG
		U/L	U/L	U/L	n/r	mg/dr	mg/dī	mg/dL	n/r	mg/dL	mg/dL
1.											
mđđ o	Mean	93	74	156	224	15	0.3	172	186	74	43
	SD	16.6	17.8	20.2	107.6	1.4	0.04	15.2	56.8	6.4	8.5
	ជ	σ	σ	σ	Ø	Ø	Ø	O	σ	σ	σ
2F		*	*			*	*				
200 ppm	Mean	78	52	140	213	13	0.2	176	191	73	40
	SD	8.4	4.7	24.0	111.6	1.7	0.04	21.7	70.0	7.6	9.8
	п	δ	σ	σ	σ	σ	Q	σ	σ	Ø	σ
3.F		*	*			*	* *				
1500 ppm	Mean	83	55	144	286	13	0.2	170	410	72	3.7
	SD	14.7	7.9	18.4	153.1	1.1	0.05	23.1	601.9	5.7	5.9
	п	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10
4 F		*	*			,	*				
5000 ppm	Mean	9/	23	145	299	13	0.2	156	240	* 85 * 85	38
	SD	8.7	5.1	11.5	195.9	1.2	0.04	16.9	128.8	5.7	9.9
	п	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10

g/dL

ΤP

5.7 0.13

5.7 0.16 10

5.7

Huntingdon Life Sciences Study No. 04-6154 Table 12

Table 12 Mean Clinical Chemistry Values - Termination

рноs	mg/dr		7.4	09.0	Q		7.9	0.54	თ		*	8.1	0.33	10	*	8.2	0.39	10
Ca ++	mg/dL		10.0	0.98	Ø		10.3	0.69	σ			10.4	0.36	10		10.3	0.62	10
C1-	ч/рат		102	1.3	σ		101	1.3	σ			102	6.0	10		102	1.3	10
¥ +	T/pām		4.9	0.79	σv		4.8	0.50	σ			4.7	0.32	10		4.6	0.40	10
Na+	mEq/L		142	1.3	თ		141	9.0	O			142	0.8	10		142	1.0	10
IBILI	mg/dr		0.09	0.036	O		0.08	0.037	6			0.11	0.039	10		0.08	0.035	10
DBILI	Tp/bm		00.00	0.005	σı		0.01	0.007	6			0.01	0.010	10		0.01	0.014	10
твігі	Tp/6m		0.09	0.033	σ		0.09	0.039	σ			0.11	0.041	10		60.0	0.036	10
A/G			1.6	0.07	σ		1.6	0.05	6			1.6	0.08	10		1.6	90.0	10
Glob	g/dL		2.3	0.11	Q		2.2	0.07	6			2.2	0.11	10		2.2	0.11	10
ALB	g/dL		3.5	0.11	σ		3.5	0.09	σ			3.5	0.08	10		3.5	0.08	10
			Mean	SD	ជ		Mean	SD	п			Mean	SD	п		Mean	SD	ц
Group		1.7	mdd 0			2F	500 ppm			Į.	34.	1500 ppm			4 F	2000 ppm		

	Mean Organ Weights		
	Preface	Table 13	
	ightseight Ratios		_
	eight Ratios		
Recovery Sacrifice Absolute Organ Wei	e ights	13	1
	eight Ratios		
% Organ to Brain W	eight Ratios	13	5
Key to Abbreviatio	ns:		

## Corresponding exposure levels for each group were as follows:

Thyroid/Parathyroid Gland

Group 1 - 0 ppm Group 2 - 500 ppm Group 3 - 1500 ppm Group 4 - 5000 ppm

g wt.

w/

observ.

Thyroid/Para =

Grams

Weight Observed

with

Subchronic/Inhalation 1.10008 0.09089 (10)0.08854 (10) 1.01307 0.09362 (10) 6) 1.11890 1.10134 Lungs 9.38629 9.17408 0.56650 (10) 0.65196 (10) 0.64328 (10) 6) 9.64866 2.02800 2.01133 6) 2.02457 0.11953 (10) (10) 1.97877 0.12583 (10) Kidneys Summary statistics for absolute organ weights (g) (10) (10) 0.85507 (10) 0.07568 0.89982 0.08892 0.90246 0.05500 0.09672 0.88044 6) Heart Animals Study start date: 08-Dec-05 Scheduled Sacrifices FS Study number: 04-6154 0.89203\* (10) (10) (10) 0.97614 0.97069 0.06698 0.91982 0.06478 0.06519 6) 0.06214 Epididymides мале 1.90650% (10) 0.04594 (10) 1.95824 0.04073 0.10126 (10)6) 1.95880 1.96162 0.06031 Brain 0.05876+ 0.05958+ 0.04788 0.05368 (10) 0.00437 (10) 0.00552 (10) 6) Adrenal Glands <u>(g</u> 271.87+ 16.24 295.17 11.04 299.08 17.07 293.06 14.80 (10) (10) 6) (10) Body wt. Huntingdon Life Sciences Number of observ. : Number of observ. : Mean: Standard deviation: Number of observ. : Mean: Standard deviation: Number of observ. : Mean: Standard deviation: Mean: Standard deviation: P.O. Box 2360 Mettlers Road Rat/Fischer Group

\*(+) = mean value of group was significantly different from control at P = 0.05(0.01) with Dunnett's test of significance \$(\$) = mean value of group was significantly different from control at P = 0.05(0.01) with Modified T test of significance

Subchronic/Inhalation (10) (10) 0.00676 (10)0.02724 0.00632 6) 0.02964 0.00676 0.02761 0.02868 0.00730 Thyroid/Para 0.17917% 0.01756 (10) 0.22056 0.03901 0.20778 0.06242 (10)0.21313 0.03340 (10)6) 0.14135 (10) (10) (10) (6) 0.15597 0.15907 2.87358 2.93170 0.13112 2.92920 2.91070 Testes Summary statistics for absolute organ weights (g) 0.54875% 0.58592 0.03064 0.05829 (10) 0.02212 (10) 0.03763 (10) 6) 0.60124 0.57971 Spleen Study start date: 08-Dec-05 Animals Scheduled Sacrifices FS Study number: 04-6154 \*91696.0 1.23456 0.19957 (10)(10) (10) 6) 1.22101 0.24000 1.21417 0.30461 0.11986 Seminal Vesicles Male 0.40812\* 0.09903 0.10542 (10) 0.53397 6) 0.09846 (10) 0.50425 0.13383 (10) 0.51308 Prostate 0.00796 0.00128 0.00120 (10) (10) 0.00796 (10)0.00794 6) 0.00795 0.00183 Pituitary Gland (g) 271.87+ 16.24 299.08 17.07 293.06 14.80 (6) (10) 295.17 11.04 (10) (10) Body wt. Final Huntingdon Life Sciences Number of observ. : Number of observ. : Number of observ. : Mean: Number of observ. : Mean: Mean: Standard deviation: Standard deviation: Standard deviation: Standard deviation: Mean: Mettlers Road P.O. Box 2360 Rat/Fischer Group N m

\*(+) = mean value of group was significantly different from control at P = 0.05(0.01) with Dunnett's test of significance %(\$) = mean value of group was significantly different from control at P = 0.05(0.01) with Modified T test of significance

Huntingdon Life Sciences	ciences	Summary	statistics fo	tics for absolute org	an weights	(g)		
P.O. Box 2360			Schedu	Scheduled Sacrifices FS	B FS			
Rat/Fischer			Study sta	Study start date: 08-Dec-05	Jec-05		Subchror	Subchronic/Inhalation
Group	Final		Brain		Kidneys		Lungs	
	Body wt. (g)	Adrenal Glands		Heart		Liver		Ovaries
	 	1	F C R A	1 e A n	imals			
1								
Mean:	1: 166.72	0.04755	1.75106	0.56755	1,17155	4.75103	0.79528	0.05702
Standard deviation:	1: 6.35	0.00838	0.05311	0.04367	0.06120	0.27811	0.10630	0.00758
Number of observ. :	: (10)	(10)	(10)	(10)	(10)	(10)	(10)	(10)
7								
Me an:	1: 166.57	0.05267	1.75454	0.59284	1.22454	4.58930	0.78574	0.06083
Standard deviation:	1: 8.55	0.00567	0.05612	0.05147	0.07346	0.35047	0.02351	0.01001
Number of observ. :	: (10)	(10)	(10)	(10)	(10)	(10)	(10)	(10)
m								
Mean:	1: 167.31	0.05866+	1.78372	0.59733	1.26315*	4.71926	0.80428	0.06477%
Standard deviation:	1: 10.44	0.00694	0.06059	0.05331	0.09399	0.41241	0.06596	0.00357
Number of observ. :	: (10)	(10)	(10)	(10)	(10)	(10)	(10)	(10)
4								
Mean:	1: 163.45	0.05872+	1.72553	0.57077	1.26840*	4.94262	0.78381	0.05466
Standard deviation:	1: 10.82	0.00744	0.07751	0.03860	0.08950	0.58573	0.07640	0.00860
Number of observ. :	: (10)	(10)	(10)	(10)	(10)	(10)	(10)	(10)

\*(+) = mean value of group was significantly different from control at P = 0.05(0.01) with Dunnett's test of significance %(\$) = mean value of group was significantly different from control at P = 0.05(0.01) with Modified T test of significance

Huntingdon Life Sciences	iences	Summary	Summary statistics for absolute organ weights (g)	or absolute c	rgan weights	(a)	
Mettlers Road			Study	Study number: 04-6154	54		
P.O. Box 2360 Rat/Fischer			Schedu Study sta	Scheduled Sacrifices FS Study start date: 08-Dec-05	18 FS 18C-05		Subchronic/Inhalation
Group	Final		Spleen	Thy	Thyroid/Para		
	Body wt. (g)	Pituitary Gland		Thymus	Uterus	Uterus w/ Cervix	
	;	, , , , , , , , ,	4 E E	le An	i m a 1 s	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	
₽							
Mean:	: 166.72	0.00851	0.41279	0.17571	0.01878	0.41304	
Standard deviation:	6.35	0.00196	0.02202	0.01757	0.00483	0.07187	
Number of observ.	: (10)	(10)	(10)	(10)	(10)	(10)	
73							
Mean:	: 166.57	0.00823	0.40446	0.17423	0.02042	0.48154	
Standard deviation:		0.00110	0.03068	0.01991	0.00481	0.12377	
Number of observ.		(10)	(10)	(10)	(6)	(10)	
m							
Mean:	: 167.31	0.00943	0.42692	0.17811	0.02161	0.54812	
Standard deviation:	10.44	0.00085	0.02289	0.02223	0.00225	0.20362	
Number of observ.	: (10)	(10)	(10)	(10)	(10)	(10)	
4							
Mean:	: 163.45	0.00837	0.39804	0.16170	0.02004	0.41566	
Standard deviation:	: 10.82	0.00207	0.03463	0.01574	0.00456	0.13237	
Number of observ.	: (10)	(6)	(10)	(10)	(10)	(10)	

\*(+) = mean value of group was significantly different from control at P = 0.05(0.01) with Dunnett's test of significance \*(\$) = mean value of group was significantly different from control at P = 0.05(0.01) with Modified T test of significance

	Inhalation		Lungs	1 1 1 1 1 1 1		0.36840	0.02860	(6)		0.37625	0.03133	(10)		0.37948	0.03267	(10)		0.37228	0.02057	(10)
	Subchronic/Inhalation	Liver		; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ;		3.13924	0.10374	(6)		3.12863	0.15327	(10)		3.27106	0.22504	(10)		3.43000+	0.14974	(10)
			Kidneys	 	1	0.67899	0.02166	(6)		0.69124	0.03343	(10)		0.68095	0.04468	(10)		0.72822+	0.02833	(10)
Summary Statistics for % Organ to Body Weight Study number: 04-6154	s FS ec-05	Heart		1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	,	0.29531	0.03165	(6)		0.30732	0.02855	(10)		0.30625	0.02373	(10)		0.31401	0.02397	(10)
istics for % Organ to Study number: 04-6154	Scheduled Sacrifices FS Study start date: 08-Dec-05		Epididymides	Anim	,	0.32771	0.03309	(6)		0.33182	0.02628	(10)		0.31194	0.02295	(10)		0.32872	0.02527	(10)
ry Statistics Study	Schedu Study sta	Brain	Epi	Male		0.65656	0.03812	(6)		0.67142	0.06939	(10)		0.66557	0.03619	(10)		0.70323	0.04039	(10)
Summa			Adrenal Glands	1		0.01612	0.00258	(6)		0.01838	0.00256	(10)		0.01989\$	0.00097	(10)		0.02198\$	0.00242	(10)
ces		Final	Body wt. (g)		,	299.08	17.07	(6)		293.06	14.80	(10)		295.17	11.04	(10)		271.87+	16.24	(10)
Huntingdon Life Sciences Mettlers Road	P.O. Box 2360 Rat/Fischer			1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	r.	Mean:	Standard deviation:	Number of observ. :	7	Mean:	Standard deviation:	Number of observ. :	ĸ	Mean:	Standard deviation:	Number of observ. :	4	Mean:	Standard deviation:	Number of observ. :

\*(+) = mean value of group was significantly different from control at P = 0.05(0.01) with Dunnett's test of significance %(\$) = mean value of group was significantly different from control at P = 0.05(0.01) with Modified T test of significance

		Subchronic/Inhalation		Thyroid/Para	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1		0.00911	0.00197	(6)		0.01010	0.00210	(10)		0.00937	0.00233	(10)		0.01049	0.00244	(01)
		Subchron	Thymus	Thy	 		0.07405	0.01435	(6)		0.07056	0.01918	(10)		0.07220	0.01103	(10)		0.06601	0.00652	(01)
ħ				Testes			0.98422	0.08639	(6)		1.00145	0.06949	(10)		0.98654	0.05060	(10)		1.05785%	0.02825	(01)
to Body Weigh	54 S FS	ec-05	Spleen		a 1 s		0.19628	0.01211	(6)		0.20535	0.01925	(10)		0.19653	0.00774	(10)		0.20202	0.01122	(01)
for % Organ	study number: 04-6154 Scheduled Sacrifices FS	Study start date: 08-Dec-05		Seminal Vesicles	Anima		0.41161	0.05091	(6)		0.41844	0.08726	(10)		0.41258	0.11024	(10)		0.35764%	0.04702	(01)
Summary Statistics for % Organ to Body Weight	stuay Schedu	Study sta	Prostate	Seminal	Male		0.17856	0.03161	(6)		0.17606	0.03900	(10)		0.17148	0.04760	(10)		0.15016	0.03752	(01)
Summa				Pituitary Gland	; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ;		0.00265	0.00035	(6)		0.00272	0.00047	(10)		0.00270	0.00043	(10)		0.00292	0.00064	(01)
nces			Final	Body wt. (g)	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1		299.08	17.07	(6)		293.06	14.80	(10)		295.17	11.04	(10)		271.87+	16.24	, ( , ,
Huntingdon Life Sciences	Mettlers Koad P.O. Box 2360	Rat/Fischer	Group			1	Me an:	Standard deviation:	Number of observ. :	7	Mean:	Standard deviation:	Number of observ. :	ო	Меап	Standard deviation:	Number of observ. :	4.	Mean:	Standard deviation:	Minister and a few managements

\*(+) = mean value of group was significantly different from control at P = 0.05(0.01) with Dunnett's test of significance \*(\$) = mean value of group was significantly different from control at P = 0.05(0.01) with Modified T test of significance

Huntingdon Life Sciences	nces	Summa	ry Statistics Study	istics for % Organ to Study number: 04-6154	Summary Statistics for % Organ to Body Weight Study number: 04-6154			
Metriers Road P.O. Box 2360 Dat/Friecher			Schedu Study sta	Schay number: 04 0154 Scheduled Sacrifices FS Study start date: 08-Dec-05	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1		Subchror	Subchronic/Inhalation
	Final		Brain		Kidneys		Lungs	
A	Body wt. (g)	Adrenal Glands		Heart	i	Liver		Ovaries
1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	! ! ! ! ! ! !	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1		le An	i mals			
Mean:	166.72	0.02847	1.05131	0.34032	0.70264	2.84886	0.47587	0.03420
Standard deviation:	6.35	0.00457	0.04232	0.02108	0.02286	0.10529	0.05117	0.00427
Number of observ. :	(10)	(10)	(10)	(10)	(10)	(10)	(10)	(10)
Mean:	166.57	0.03160	1.05557	0.35608	0.73559*	2.75446	0.47239	0.03656
Standard deviation:	8.55	0.00269	0.05896	0.02724	0.03555	0.14605	0.01770	0.00627
Number of observ. :	(10)	(10)	(10)	(10)	(10)	(10)	(10)	(10)
Mean:	167.31	0.03507+	1.07041	0.35677	0.75483+	2.82103	0.48172	0.03878%
Standard deviation:	10.44	0.00358	0.08652	0.01795	0.02580	0.18665	0.04118	0.00214
Number of observ. :	(10)	(10)	(10)	(10)	(10)	(10)	(10)	(10)
меап:	163.45	0.03592+	1.05818	0.34938	0.77597+	3.01496	0.47948	0.03340
Standard deviation:	10.82	0.00367	0.05667	0.01245	0.01840	0.18336	0.03235	0.00454
Number of observ. :	(10)	(10)	(10)	(10)	(10)	(10)	(10)	(10)

\*(+) = mean value of group was significantly different from control at P = 0.05(0.01) with Dunnett's test of significance  $%($\dot{s}$)$  = mean value of group was significantly different from control at P = 0.05(0.01) with Modified T test of significance

ody Weight	: 08-Dec-05 Subchronic/Inhalation	Thyroid/Para	mus Uterus w/ Cervix	Animals		0.01131	0.00313 0.03957	(10) (10) (10)		10444 0.01231 0.28751	0.00296 0.0	(10) (9) (10)		0.01300	0.00191 0.11779	(10) (10) (10)		0.01228	0.01228	0.01228	0.01228
Study number: 04-5154 Scheduled Sacrifices FS	Study start date: 08-Dec-05		Thymus	emale A		73 0.10539	56 0.00967			79 0.10444	0.0			55 0.10626	02 0.00988						
Summary Statis St Sc	Study	Spleen	3land	Eq.		0.00511 0.24773	0.00118 0.01256	(10) (10)		0.00494 0.24279	0.00060 0.01295	(10) (10)		0.00564 0.25555	0.00045 0.01202	(10) (10)					
			(g) Pituitary Gland	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1				(10)				(0				0)					
Huntingdon Life Sciences Mettlers Road P.O. Box 2360	r	Final	Body wt. (g)	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1		Mean: 166.72	eviation: 6.35			Mean: 166.57	eviation: 8.55	observ. : (10)		Mean: 167.31	eviation: 10.44	observ. : (10)			-	П	
Huntingdon Li: Mettlers Road P.O. Box 2360	Rat/Fischer	Group		 	-		Standard deviation:	Number of observ. :	7		Standard deviation:	Number of observ. :	ю		Standard deviation:	Number of observ. :	4	<b>4</b>	4	4 Standard d	4 Mean: Standard deviation:

\*(+) = mean value of group was significantly different from control at P = 0.05(0.01) with Dunnett's test of significance %(\$) = mean value of group was significantly different from control at P = 0.05(0.01) with Modified T test of significance

Scheduled Sacrifices FS   Study start date: 08-Dec-05	Huntingdon Life Sciences	ences	Summa	ry Statistics	for % Organ	Summary Statistics for % Organ to Brain Weight	ght		
Final Brain  M a 1 e A n i m a 1 s  17.07  0.30820  0.00000  3.59082  3.15402  17.07  (9)  (9)  (9)  (9)  (10)  14.80  0.38951  0.00000  49.67707  46.13542  10)  11.04  (10)	ers road Box 2360			Schedu	number: 04-6	15 F.S.		-	
Body wt. (g) Adrenal Glands  Bodywit. (g) Adrenal Glands  299.08  2.44843  100.0000  3.59082  17.07  0.30820  0.00000  3.59082  3.15402  19.00000  3.59082  3.15402  14.80  0.38951  0.00000  4.38804  6.25761  (10)	Tischer	Leu-H		Study sta	art date: U8-1	Jec-US Heart		Liver	Subchronic/innatation
299.08 2.44843 100.0000 49.87150 44.92209 1 17.07 (9) (9) (9) (9) (9) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10		Body wt. (g)	Adrenal Glands		ldidymides	3 3 3	Kidneys	; ;	Lungs
299.08       2.44843       100.0000       49.87150       44.92209       1         17.07       0.30820       0.00000       3.59082       3.15402         (9)       (9)       (9)       (9)       (9)         293.06       2.75023       100.0000       49.67707       46.13542       1         14.80       0.38951       0.00000       4.38804       6.25761       (10)         (10)       (10)       (10)       (10)       (10)       (10)         295.17       2.99794+       100.0000       46.90886       46.00050       1         295.17       2.99794+       100.0000       46.90886       46.00050       1         (10)       (10)       (10)       (10)       (10)       (10)         271.87+       3.12732+       100.0000       3.57688       4.91242       1         (10)       (10)       (10)       (10)       (10)       (10)	 	! ! ! ! ! ! ! !	1 	!	Ani	l eg		) 	
299.08 2.44843 100.0000 49.87150 44.82209 17.07 (9) (9) (9) (9) (9) (9) (9) (9) (9) (9)					,		1		
17.07       0.30820       0.00000       3.59082       3.15402         (9)       (9)       (9)       (9)       (9)         293.06       2.75023       100.0000       49.67707       46.13542       1         14.80       0.38951       0.00000       4.38804       6.25761       (10)         (10)       (10)       (10)       (10)       (10)         295.17       2.99794+       100.0000       46.90886       46.00050       1         11.04       0.23794       0.00000       3.11759       2.29901       (10)         271.87+       3.12732+       100.0000       46.81292       44.84875       1         16.24       0.30892       0.00000       3.57688       4.91242       1         (10)       (10)       (10)       (10)       (10)	Mean:		2.44843	100.0000	49.87150	44.92209	103.5687	479.3420	56.20787
(9) (9) (9) (9) (9) (9) (9) (9) (9) (9)	lard deviation:		0.30820	0.00000	3.59082	3.15402	3.25829	27.63694	4.51668
293.06 2.75023 100.0000 49.67707 46.13542 1 14.80 0.38951 0.00000 4.38804 6.25761 (10) (10) (10) (10) (10)  295.17 2.99794+ 100.0000 46.90886 46.00050 1 11.04 0.23794 0.00000 3.11759 2.29901 (10) (10) (10) (10) (10)  271.87+ 3.12732+ 100.0000 46.81292 44.84875 1 16.24 0.30892 0.00000 3.57688 4.91242 (10) (10) (10) (10)	er of observ. :		(6)	(6)	(6)	(6)	(6)	(6)	(6)
293.06 2.75023 100.0000 4.38804 6.25761 (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10	8								
14.80     0.38951     0.00000     4.38804     6.25761       (10)     (10)     (10)     (10)       (10)     (10)     (10)     (10)       295.17     2.99794+     100.0000     46.90886     46.00050       11.04     0.23794     0.00000     3.11759     2.29901       (10)     (10)     (10)     (10)       271.87+     3.12732+     100.0000     46.81292     44.84875     1       16.24     0.30892     0.00000     3.57688     4.91242     1       (10)     (10)     (10)     (10)	M e a n:		2.75023	100.0000	49.67707	46.13542	103.7794	470.7367	56.39312
(10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10)	lard deviation:		0.38951	0.0000.0	4.38804	6.25761	9.94493	57.69601	5.71934
295.17 2.99794+ 100.0000 46.90886 46.00050 1 11.04 0.23794 0.00000 3.11759 2.29901 (10) (10) (10) (10)  271.87+ 3.12732+ 100.0000 46.81292 44.84875 1 16.24 0.30892 0.00000 3.57688 4.91242 (10) (10) (10) (10)	r of observ. :	(10)	(10)	(10)	(10)	(10)	(10)	(10)	(10)
295.17 2.99794+ 100.0000 46.90886 46.00050 1 11.04 0.23794 0.00000 3.11759 2.29901 (10) (10) (10) (10)  271.87+ 3.12732+ 100.0000 46.81292 44.84875 1 16.24 0.30892 0.00000 3.57688 4.91242 (10) (10) (10) (10) (10)									
11.04 0.23794 0.00000 3.11759 2.29901 (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (1	Mean:		2.99794+	100.0000	46.90886	46.00050	102.6872	492.4114	57.15741
(10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10)	lard deviation:		0.23794	0.0000.0	3.11759	2,29901	9.47706	38.30017	5.79919
271.87+ 3.12732+ 100.0000 46.81292 44.84875 1 16.24 0.30892 0.00000 3.57688 4.91242 (10) (10) (10)	er of observ. :	(10)	(10)	(10)	(10)	(10)	(10)	(10)	(10)
271.87+     3.12732+     100.0000     46.81292     44.84875     1       16.24     0.30892     0.00000     3.57688     4.91242       (10)     (10)     (10)     (10)					-				
16.24     0.30892     0.00000     3.57688     4.91242       (10)     (10)     (10)     (10)	Mean:		3.12732+	100.0000	46.81292	44.84875	103.7686	488.8643	53.14740
(10) (10) (10) (10)	lard deviation:		0.30892	0.00000	3.57688	4.91242	5.61440	29.81966	4.88976
	ir of observ. :	(10)	(10)	(10)	(10)	(10)	(10)	(10)	(10)

\*(+) = mean value of group was significantly different from control at P = 0.05(0.01) with Dunnett's test of significance %(\$) = mean value of group was significantly different from control at P = 0.05(0.01) with Modified T test of significance

Huntingdon Life Sciences	es	Summ	Summary Statistics for % Organ to Brain Weight	s for % Organ	to Brain Wei	ght		
			Study Schedi	Study number: 04-6154 Scheduled Sacrifices FS	154 es FS			
			Study sta	Study start date: 08-Dec-05	Dec-05		Subchron	Subchronic/Inhalation
	Final		Prostate		Spleen		Thymus	
	Body wt. (g)	Pituitary Gland	Semina	Seminal Vesicles		Testes	Thy	Thyroid/Para
	1 1 1 1 1 1 1	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	M a 1	e Anim	a 1 ss	 		 
	299.08	0.40568	27.22719	63.01220	29.92546	149.7645	11.24439	1.39070
	17.07	0.06516	4.79900	9.80996	1.52709	7.24430	1.82750	0.31637
	(6)	(6)	(6)	(6)	(6)	(6)	(6)	(6)
	293.06	0.40672	26.12498	62.53035	30.77914	149.9309	10.71987	1.52027
	14.80	0.06479	4.36637	13.07750	3.48750	11,98826	3.68294	0.36710
	(10)	(10)	(10)	(10)	(10)	(10)	(10)	(10)
	295.17	0.40638	25.74575	61.75485	29.59873	148.5537	10.87066	1.41310
	11.04	0.06538	7.04452	14.48718	1.84332	9.96101	1.71215	0.37622
	(10)	(10)	(10)	(10)	(10)	(10)	(10)	(10)
	271.87+	0.41871	21.41155	50.91581	28.77023	150.7663	9.40095%	1.50173
	16.24	0.09910	5.56678	6.61963	1.61826	7.39941	0.92918	0.37024
	(10)	(10)	(10)	(10)	(10)	(10)	(10)	(10)

\*(+) = mean value of group was significantly different from control at P = 0.05(0.01) with Dunnett's test of significance \$(\$) = mean value of group was significantly different from control at P = 0.05(0.01) with Modified T test of significance

Subchronic/Inhalation 3.63431% 0.42029 (10) (10) 0.21958 (10) 3.47265 0.60121 3.17100 0.50188 (10) 3.25632 Ovaries 45.40373 (10) 45.12715 45.40267 44.82560 1.99424 (10) 3.85507 (10) 3.59348 (10) Fungs 271.5780 18.52115 (10) 261.7217 20.24816 (10) 264.7604 23.94305 (10) 286.2451 29.56066 (10) Liver Summary Statistics for % Organ to Brain Weight 66.93250 3.47549 73.51277+ 70.90261 (10) 69.79238 3.49169 (10) (10) 4.12125 Animals Kidneys Study start date: 08-Dec-05 Scheduled Sacrifices FS Study number: 04-6154 32.43054 2.53813 (10) (10) (10) 33.84769 3.47930 33.51747 3.10221 (10) 33.08973 1.89905 Heart Female 100.0000 0.0000.0 (10) 100.0000 0.0000.0 (10)100.0000 100.0001 0.0000.0 (10) 0.0000.0 (10)Brain 3.40499+ 3.29319+ 0.44068 (10) 0.29950 (10) 0.40627 (10) 0.41499 (10) 2.71120 3.00070 Adrenal Glands (g 6.35 8.55 163,45 10.44 166.72 (10) 166.57 (10) 167.31 (10) 10.82 (10) Body wt. Final Huntingdon Life Sciences Mean: Standard deviation: Number of observ. : Number of observ. : Number of observ. : Number of observ. : Mean: Standard deviation: Mean: Standard deviation: Mean: Standard deviation: Mettlers Road P.O. Box 2360 Rat/Fischer Group

\*(+) = mean value of group was significantly different from control at P = 0.05(0.01) with Dunnett's test of significance %(\$) = mean value of group was significantly different from control at P = 0.05(0.01) with Modified T test of significance

Body wt. (g) Pituitary Gland
0.48467
6.35 0.10384
(10)
0.46880
8.55 0.05984
(10)
0.52898
0.04758
(10)
0.48370
0.11287
(6)

\*(+) = mean value of group was significantly different from control at P = 0.05(0.01) with Dunnett's test of significance %(\$) = mean value of group was significantly different from control at P = 0.05(0.01) with Modified T test of significance

Huntingdon Life Sciences	sciences	Summary	Summary statistics for absolute organ weights	or absolute c	organ weights	(a)		
Mettlers Road			Study n	Study number: 04-6154	.54			
P.O. Box 2360			Schedul	Scheduled Sacrifices FS	SE FS			
Rat/Fischer			Study star	Study start date: 08-Dec-05	)ec-05		Subchron	Subchronic/Inhalation
Group	Final		Brain		Heart		Liver	
	Body wt. (g)	Adrenal Glands	Epid	Epididymides		Kidneys		Lungs
	 		M a l e	Anim	a l s			
П								
Mean:	n: 328.76	0.04370	1.98562	1.06848	0.92314	2.14766	10.43288	1.27052
Standard deviation:	n: 15.64	0.00930	0.06305	0.04218	0.09963	0.13269	0.91128	0.11766
Number of observ. :	: (5)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)
74								
Mean:	n: 340.98	0.04384	1.95984	1.04270	0.93138	2,16160	11.05290	1.34562
Standard deviation:	n: 22.66	0.00534	0.05944	0.16392	0.02670	0.16485	0.97832	0.31415
Number of observ.	: (5)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)
ю		-						
Mean:	n: 327.98	0.05136	2.00632	1.02908	0.98786	2.18818	10.48676	1.22604
Standard deviation:	77.71 : ux	0.00212	0.07688	0.11057	0.06768	0.13648	0.56885	0.10259
Number of observ. :	: (5)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(5)	(2)	(2)
4								
Mean:	n: 323.98	0.05096	1.95484	1.04162	0.95546	2.15438	10.75250	1.17454
Standard deviation:	n: 15.54	0.00223	0.05732	0.06532	0.04420	0.08297	0.42588	0.05059
Number of observ.	: (5)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)

\*(+) = mean value of group was significantly different from control at P = 0.05(0.01) with Dunnett's test of significance %(\$) = mean value of group was significantly different from control at P = 0.05(0.01) with Modified T test of significance

Huntingdon Life Sciences	ences	Summar	Summary statistics for absolute organ weights	or absolute o	organ weights	(a)		
Mettlers Road			Study	Study number: 04-6154	154			
P.O. Box 2360			Schedu	Scheduled Sacrifices FS	es FS			
Rat/Fischer			Study sta	Study start date: 08-Dec-05	Jec-05		Subchron	Subchronic/Inhalation
Group	Final		Prostate		Spleen		Thymus	
	Body wt. (g)	Pituitary Gland	Seminal	Seminal Vesicles		Testes	Thy	Thyroid/Para
	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	! ! ! ! ! ! ! ! ! ! ! ! ! ! ! ! ! ! !	Male	Anim	1		 	
1								
Mean:	328.76	09600.0	0.41716	1.20676	0.58824	3.09136	0.16898	0.02708
Standard deviation:	15.64	0.00144	0.17260	0.41315	0.07207	0.06911	0.01643	96000.0
Number of observ. :	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)
8								
Mean:	340.98	0.00788	0.55742	1.46656	0.64466	2.89256	0.20848%	0.03124\$
Standard deviation:	22.66	66000.0	0.12238	0.16999	0.04912	0.43152	0.01634	0.00168
Number of observ. :	(5)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)
m								
Mean:	327.98	0.00934	*86001.0	1.68142	0.64572	3.01130	0.21668	0.03006
Standard deviation:	17.77	0.00214	0.23455	0.36294	0.07205	0.29951	0.05715	0.00557
Number of observ. :	(2)	(5)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)
4								
Mean:	323.98	0.00928	0.48816	1.55680	0.65586	3.10906	0.20792	0.03002%
Standard deviation:	15.54	0.00141	0.11165	0.25401	0.02705	0.03845	0.03425	0.00210
Number of observ. :	(2)	(5)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)

\*(+) = mean value of group was significantly different from control at P = 0.05(0.01) with Dunnett's test of significance %(\$) = mean value of group was significantly different from control at P = 0.05(0.01) with Modified T test of significance

Huntingdon Life Sciences	iences	Summs	Summary Statistics for % Organ to Body Weight	for % Organ	to Body Weigh	ıt		
Mettlers Koad P.O. Box 2360			Schedu	Study number: 04-6154 Scheduled Sacrifices FS	SE FS		י מסאלים אינים.	Onhohionio/Inhalation
Group	Final		Brain	דר משרפ: מפיד	Heart		Liver	
) ) )	Body wt. (g)	Adrenal Glands		Epididymides		Kidneys		Lungs
1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1		; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ;	Male	m t u A	a 1 s			
-			:	;	,	,	1	
Mean:	328.76	0.01331	0.60499	0.32571	0.28057	0.65326	3.16875	0.38749
Standard deviation:	: 15.64	0.00287	0.03262	0.02189	0.02502	0.02578	0.13595	0.04451
Number of observ. :	: (5)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)
2								
Mean:	340.98	0.01285	0.57591	0.30492	0.27397	0.63402	3.23833	0.39260
Standard deviation:	: 22.66	0.00136	0.02218	0.03778	0.01710	0.02481	0.09133	0.07294
Number of observ. :	: (5)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)
m								
Mean:	327.98	0.01568	0.61265	0.31322	0.30126	0.66716	3.19746	0.37393
Standard deviation:	: 17.77	0.00065	0.02904	0.01978	0.01422	0.02017	0.03063	0.02626
Number of observ. :	: (5)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)
4								
Mean:	323.98	0.01577	0.60493	0.32237	0.29568	0.66627	3.32044*	0.36344
Standard deviation:		0.00123	0.04342	0.03044	0.02367	0.04242	0.07219	0.02804
Number of observ. :	: (5)	(2)	(5)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)

\*(+) = mean value of group was significantly different from control at P = 0.05(0.01) with Dunnett's test of significance %(\$) = mean value of group was significantly different from control at P = 0.05(0.01) with Modified T test of significance

Huntingdon Life Sciences	nces	Summ	Summary Statistics for % Organ to Body Weight	for % Organ	to Body Weigh	T.		
Mettlers Road			Study n	Study number: 04-6154	.54			
P.O. Box 2360			Schedul	Scheduled Sacrifices FS	S FS			
Rat/Fischer			Study star	Study start date: 08-Dec-05	Jec-05		Subchron	Subchronic/Inhalation
Group	Final		Prostate		Spleen		Thymus	
Д	Body wt. (g)	Pituitary Gland	Seminal	Seminal Vesicles		Testes	Thy	rhyroid/Para
1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	 	; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ;	X	m i u k	a 1 s	! ! ! ! ! ! ! !		
1								
Mean:	328.76	0.00293	0.12713	0.36589	0.17849	0.94177	0.05151	0.00825
Standard deviation:	15.64	0.00049	0.05358	0.12325	0.01591	0.04256	0.00570	0.00042
Number of observ. :	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)
73								
Mean:	340.98	0.00231	0.16335	0.43019	0.18915	0.84624	0.06111%	0.00917%
Standard deviation:	22.66	0.00025	0.03417	0.04472	0.00926	0.09981	0.00127	0.00039
Number of observ. :	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(5)	(2)	(2)
ю								
жеап:	327.98	0.00284	0.21157*	0.50912	0.19664	0.91738	0.06607	0.00916
Standard deviation:	17.77	0.00057	0.06460	0.08247	0.01605	0.06427	0.01689	0.00168
Number of observ. :	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)
4								
Mean:	323.98	0.00287	0.15043	0.48375	0.20267*	0.96134	0.06449	0.00929
Standard deviation:	15.54	0.00048	0.03188	0.09871	0.00978	0.04613	0.01288	0.00087
Number of observ. :	(2)	(5)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)

\*(+) = mean value of group was significantly different from control at P = 0.05(0.01) with Dunnett's test of significance %(\$) = mean value of group was significantly different from control at P = 0.05(0.01) with Modified T test of significance

Huntingdon Life Sciences	lences	Summ	Summary Statistics for % Organ to Brain Weight	s for % Organ	to Brain Wei	ght		
Mettlers Road			Study	Study number: 04-6154	154			
F.U. BOX 2350 Rat/Fischer			Study sta	scheduled sacrifices fs Study start date: 08-Dec-05	es rs Dec-05		Subchro	Subchronic/Inhalation
Group	Final		Brain		Heart		Liver	
	Body wt. (g)	Adrenal Glands	da	Epididymides		Kidneys		Lungs
,	; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ;		M M J	e Anim	В 1 в			
н								
Mean:	328.76	2.19265	100.0000	53.86806	46.56651	108,1361	525.4652	63.90799
Standard deviation:	15.64	0.42342	0.0000	3.10924	5.74359	5.16332	43.82209	4.40882
Number of observ. :	(5)	(2)	(5)	(5)	(5)	(2)	(5)	(5)
2								
Меап:	340.98	2.23594	100.0000	53.12375	47.54019	110.1824	563.1910	68.38714
Standard deviation:	22.66	0.25937	0.00000	7.69538	1.33115	5.13500	32.40360	13.98988
Number of observ. :	: (5)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)
ĸ								
M e a n:	327.98	2.56209	100.0000	51.25554	49.20844	109.0251	522.8256	61.04210
Standard deviation:	17.77	0.12406	0.0000.0	4.72366	2.05498	4.32448	24.65673	3.23015
Number of observ. :	(5)	(5)	(2)	(5)	(5)	(2)	(2)	(2)
4								
Mean:	323.98	2.60893	100.0000	53.25058	48.87238	110.2359	550,8254	60.07536
Standard deviation:	15.54	0.14446	0.0000	2.02672	1.62945	3.99048	35.13577	1.56861
Number of observ. :	(2)	(5)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)

\*(+) = mean value of group was significantly different from control at P = 0.05(0.01) with Dunnett's test of significance %(\$) = mean value of group was significantly different from control at P = 0.05(0.01) with Modified T test of significance

	Subchronic/Inhalation		Thyroid/Para	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1		1.36470	0.05937	(2)		1.59362\$	09090.0	(2)		1.49712	0.27049	(2)		1.53585%	0.10146	(2)
	Subchron	Thymus	Thy	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1		8.50636	0.70754	(2)		10.62576\$	0.51385	(2)		10.73710	2.40220	(2)	,	10.60419%	1.42987	(5)
ght			Testes	 		155.7534	3.70432	(2)		147.3772	20.09700	(2)		150.0009	12.59273	(2)		159.1257	3.83056	(2)
Summary Statistics for % Organ to Brain Weight Study number: 04-6154	Dec-05	Spleen		als s		29.63777	3.67673	(2)		32.86667	1.71527	(2)		32.12788	2.59180	(2)		33.55893	1.30330	(2)
istics for % Organ to Study number: 04-6154	Scheduled Sacrifices FS Study start date: 08-Dec-05		Seminal Vesicles	e Anim		60.56212	19.73854	(2)		74.78847	8.07859	(2)		83.63820	17.00308	(2)		79.47727	11.28201	(2)
nary Statistic	scned Study st	Prostate	Semina	M a l		20.94092	8.71529	(2)		28.39994	5.98013	(2)		34.72562*	11.00524	(2)		24.97178	5.69360	(5)
Bumn			Pituitary Gland			0.48497	0.08439	(2)		0.40161	0.04393	(2)		0.46302	0.08808	(2)		0.47508	0.07476	(2)
nces		Final	Body wt. (g)	! ! ! ! ! ! !		328.76	15.64	(2)		340.98	22.66	(2)		327.98	17.77	(2)		323.98	15.54	(2)
Huntingdon Life Sciences Mettlers Road	P.O. Box 2360 Rat/Fischer	Group	щ	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	7	меап:	Standard deviation:	Number of observ. :	7	Mean:	Standard deviation:	Number of observ. :	æ	Mean:	Standard deviation:	Number of observ. :	4	Mean:	Standard deviation:	Number of observ. :

\*(+) = mean value of group was significantly different from control at P = 0.05(0.01) with Dunnett's test of significance %(\$) = mean value of group was significantly different from control at P = 0.05(0.01) with Modified I test of significance

Incidence Summary Report	
for Gross Necropsy Observations	
Preface	Table 14

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Terminal Sacrifice	138
Recovery Sacrifice	139
Unscheduled Deaths	

# **Key to Abbreviations**

w/ = with

# Corresponding exposure levels for each group were as follows:

Group 1 - 0 ppm Group 2 - 500 ppm Group 3 - 1500 ppm Group 4 - 5000 ppm

Huntingdon Life Sciences	Incide	nce Sur	nmary	Report f	or Gros	s Necro	psy obs	Incidence Summary Report for Gross Necropsy Observations by Animal
Mettlers Road P O Rox 2360				Stud	Study number: 04-6154 Scheduled Sacrifices	r: 04-6 acrific	154 es FS	
Rat/Fischer				Study s	start da	date: 08-	08-Dec-05	Subchronic/Inhalation
	1	- Males				- Females	es	
Group:	П	7	Э	4		7	m	4
Number in	σ	10	10	10	10	10	10	10
Within Normal Limits	9	7	. 6	10	8	; ; &	7	α
Eyes Exophthalmia	0	0	0	0	0	0	ч	
Kidneys Cyst	Ħ	0	0	0	• — <del>—</del>	0	0	0
Liver Mass	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	T
Ovaries Cyst	0	0	0	0	° 	н	0	0
Prostate Discolored	0	ત	0	0	° 	0	0	0
Spleen Nodule	0	0	0	0		0	0	0
Testes Discolored	0	Н	0	0	·	0	0	0
Uterus w/ Cervix Distended	0	0	0	0	°	N	m	
Thymus Discolored	7	н	Н	0	°	0	0	0
Lymph Node other Discolored	0	0	0	0		н	0	
Skin (other) Hair Thin/Absent	0	0	0		°	0	0	1

Huntingdon Life Sciences	Incide	nce Sun	mary I	Incidence Summary Report for Gross Necropsy Observations by Animal	
Mettlers Road			•	Study number: 04-6154	
P.O. Box 2360				Scheduled Sacrifices FS	
Rat/Fischer				Study start date: 08-Dec-05	Subchronic/Inhalation
	i	Males			
Group:	Н	2	е	4	
Number in group:	Ŋ	Ŋ	ഗ	м	
Within Normal Limits	2		2	, in the state of	
Epididymides Small	0	н	0	0	
Testes Small	0		0	0	
Soft	0	н	0	0	
Discolored	0	1	0	0	
Thymus Discolored	т	н	0	٥	
Tail Gloved	,-	c	c	c	

Huntingdon Life Sciences	Incider	nce Sum	mary R	eport f	or Gross	Necro	psy obs	Incidence Summary Report for Gross Necropsy Observations by Animal	
Mettlers Road				Stud	Study number: 04-6154	.: 04-6	154		
P.O. Box 2360				All Un	All Unscheduled Sacrifices	d Sacr	ifices		
Rat/Fischer				Study s	Study start date: 08-Dec-05	e: 08-	Dec-05		Subchronic/Inhalation
	i	Males	:		-	Females	es		
Group:	н	7	ю	4	_	7	٣	4	
Number in group:	н	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Within Normal Limits		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	

Incidence Summary of Microscopic Findings with Severity Levels	
Preface	Table 15

#### **Table of Contents**

Terminal Sacrifice	142
Recovery Sacrifice	156
Unscheduled Deaths	

## **Key to Abbreviations**

Ctls = Controls (Group 1)

LN = Lymph Node

Nose/Turb Sec 1 = Nose/Turbinates Section 1
Nose/Turb Sec 2 = Nose/Turbinates Section 2
Nose/Turb Sec 3 = Nose/Turbinates Section 3
Nose/Turb Sec 4 = Nose/Turbinates Section 4

SC = Spinal Cord

Submandib/Max = Submandibular/Submaxillary

V-DVTC = Ventral Diverticulum

V-SM-G = Ventral Seromucous Glands

w/ = with

= Finding not present or observed

### Histopathology grading:

Grade 1: MINIMAL = the change is barely discernible and/or very few/very

small foci or areas are affected

Grade 2: SLIGHT = the change is more noticeable but only evident as

few/small foci or areas affected

Grade 3: MODERATE = the change is obviously present, and of appreciable

size and/or number

### Corresponding exposure levels for each group were as follows:

Group 1 - 0 ppm Group 2 - 500 ppm Group 3 - 1500 ppm Group 4 - 5000 ppm

06-Oct-06; 11:41 Huntingdon Life Sciences 04-6154

Perfluoro-n-butyl iodide (PFBI): A 13-Week Nose-Only Inhalation Toxicity Study in Rats with a 4-Week Recovery Period

Incidence Summary of Microscopic Findings with Severity Levels Terminal Sacrifice

		1	Ani	i m a	l s	Affec	t e	٦ ا		
sex:	-	Mal	о) СО	1		년 	e E	a le	Ω 1	
controls from group(s): I	Ctls	7	3	4	_	Ctls	7	ო	4	
ates with Diagnoses No. in group:	6	10	10	10	_	10	10	10	10	
3Number exa	6	0	0	10	_	10	0	0	10	
AortaNumber examined:	ø	0	0	10	_	10	٢	0	10	
BrainNumber examined:	σ	0	0	10	_	10	0	0	10	
CecumNumber examined:	σ	0	0	10	_	10	0	0	10	
Cervical SCNumber examined:	σ	0	0	10	_	10	0	0	10	
ColonNumber examined:	ø.	0	0	10	_	10	0	0	10	
DuodenumNumber examined:	ø.	0	0	10	_	10	0	0	10	
EpididymidesNumber examined:	Ø	0	0	10	_					
BsophagusNumber examined:	σ	0	0	10		10	0	0	10	
Femoral MarrowNumber examined:	σ	0	0	10	_	10	0	0	10	
Femur w/ JointNumber examined:	σ	0	0	10	_	10	0	0	7	
HeartNumber examined:	σ	0	0	10	_	10	0	0	10	
INFLAMMATORY FOCI WITH OK WITHOUT MICCARDIAL DEGENERALION 1> 2> 1- 1- 1- 1- 1- 1- 1- 1- 1- 1- 1- 1- 1-	7200	0000	0000	4 9 0 9		4 000	0000	0000	2000	

Perfluoro-n-butyl iodide (PFBI): A 13-Week Nose-Only Inhalation Toxicity Study in Rats with a 4-Week Recovery Period

Incidence Summary of Microscopic Findings with Severity Levels Terminal Sacrifice

1	 	       	An	i mals	Ą	f f e c	t e	1		
Controls from aroun(s): 1	1	р Д	] e s	!	_	[±4  -  -	e H	e H		
<u>О</u>	Ct1s		m	4		Ct1s	(7)	m	4	
Tissues With Diagnoses No. in group:	6	10	10	10	_	10	10	100	10	
OSA SITE CHEONIC ACT	6	0	0	10		10	0	0	10	
^-	80	0		10	_	10	0	0	10	
2>	н	0	0	0	_	0	0	0	0	
	П	0	0	0	_	0	0	0	0	
JejunumNumber examined:	σ	0	0	10	_	10	0	0	10	
KidneysNumber examined:	σ	0	0	10	_	10	0	0	10	
	Q	0	0	6	_	0	0	0	0	
1	0	0	0	1		10	0	0	10	
	0	0	0	н	_	10	0	o ,	10	
BASOPHILIC TUBULES					-				,	
	7	0	0	9		10	0	0	Ø.	
<b>.</b>	2	0	0	4		0	0	0	Н	
	2	0	0	4		0	0	0	Н	
INTERSTITIAL SUBACUTE/CHRONIC INFLAMMATORY FOCI										
A 1	7	0	0	თ		ω	0	0	10	
1	7	0	0	1	_	7	0	0	0	
Total Incidence of Finding Observed:	N	0	0	П	_	7	0	0	0	
DILATED TUBULES										
٨	80	0	0	თ		6	0	0	10	
17	0	0	0	Н		H	0	0	0	
Λm	П	0	0	0	_	0	0	0	0	
	н	0	0	H	_	Н	0	0	0	

All Diagnoses; Phases: P3; Death types: Scheduled FS; Date of death range: 24-Mar-06 To 27-Mar-06

Perfluoro-n-butyl iodide (PFBI): A 13-Week Nose-Only Inhalation Toxicity Study in Rats with a 4-Week Recovery Period

Incidence Summary of Microscopic Findings with Severity Levels Terminal Sacrifice

			1	Ani	m a l	s A f	ffect	t e d	;		
Controls from group(s): 1	Animal sex:	-	M a l	9 8		_	Δ. :	e m	л В	<b>S</b>	
	Dosage group:	Ct1s	73	33	4	_	Ctls	7	Э	4	
Tissues With Diagnoses	No. in group:	6	10	10	10		10	10	10	10	
	.Number examined:	6	0	0	10	_	10	0	0	10	
MEDULLA: MINERAL DEPOSIT(S)											
	٨	7	0	0		_	Н	0	0	1	
	1>	7	0	0	o,	· —	6	0	0	o.	
Total Incidence of Find	Finding Observed:	7	0	0	σı		6	0	0	9	
Tadmin	nber examined:	Ø	0	0	10	_	7	0	0	σ	
JLANDS DILATED						_					
	٨	4	0	0	ហ		Ŋ	0	0	7	
	1>	4	0	0	н		2	0	0	7	
	N V	н	0	0	4	_	0	0	0	0	
Total Incidence of Find	Finding Observed:	Ŋ	0	0	2	_	C)	0	0	7	
AMATORY CELLS (PRIMARILY L AND VARIABLE NUMBER OF	LYMPHOID CELLS NEUTROPHILS										
-AND/OR EOSINOPHILS)	^-	7	0	0	7		4	0	0	80	
	1>	Н	0	0	7		n	0	0	Н	
	2>	Н	0	0	ч		0	0	0	0	
Total Incidence of Find	Finding Observed:	7	0	0	т	_	m	0	0	႕	
MUCOSA: LYMPHOID CELL AGGREGATE(S)											
	^	80	0	0	9		7	0	0	ש	
	1>	H	0	0	4	_	0	0	0	0	
Total Incidence of Finc	Finding Observed:	н	0	0	4	_	0	0	0	0	
Larymx: V-SM-GNumber	mber examined:	4	0	0	σ		m	0	0	7	
	^	4	0	0	9	_	m	0	0	7	
Total Incidence of Find	Finding Observed:	0	0	0	0	_	0	0	0	0	
				1	:						

All Diagnoses; Phases: P3; Death types: Scheduled FS; Date of death range: 24-Mar-06 To 27-Mar-06

Perfluoro-n-butyl iodide (PFBI): A 13-Week Nose-Only Inhalation Toxicity Study in Rats with a 4-Week Recovery Period

Incidence Summary of Microscopic Findings with Severity Levels Terminal Sacrifice

	M a l	(A)	_	;	F. CO	a le	ι Ω	
dnoib:	7	٣	4	Ct1s		m	4	
group:	10		10	10	10	10	10	
examined: 4	0	0	6	m	oʻ	0	7	
(PRIMARILY LYMPHOID CELLS NUMBER OF NEUTROPHILS								
			•					
0 ^ 1	0	0	3	0		0	0	
1> 3	0	0	4	1		0	7	
2> 1	0	0	. 8	63		0	0	
Finding Observed: 4	0	0	9	ĸ		0	2	
->	0	0	4	-1	0	0	7	
1> 1	0	0	4	2		0	0	
2> 0	0	0	_ -	0	0	0	0	
Observed: 1	0	0	5	2	0		0	
4	0	0	 &	e		0	73	
1> 0	0	0	1	0		0	0	
Incidence of Finding Observed: 0	0	0	_	0		0	0	
IA			-		,		. '	-
4	0	0	<b>∞</b>	m		0	.71	
1> 0	0	0	1	0		0	0	
Finding Observed: 0	0	0	1	0		0	0	
examined:	0	0	0.	10	0	0	10	
	0	0	7	ю	0	0	ro	
	0	0		7		0	ហ	
	0	0	3	7			Ŋ	
	,	,	-					
	.0000 000 000 000 0	0000 0000 000 000 000	r	м 4 6 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0			1 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	10 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0

All Diagnoses; Phases: P3; Death types: Scheduled FS; Date of death range: 24-Mar-06 To 27-Mar-06

Perfluoro-n-butyl iodide (PFBI): A 13-Week Nose-Only Inhalation Toxicity Study in Rats with a 4-Week Recovery Period

Incidence Summary of Microscopic Findings with Severity Levels Terminal Sacrifice

		1	Ani	mals	Affe	e C	e d	!		
Animal sex:	1	Mal	a M	!	i 	EH CO	m a ]	В	1	
DO	Ctls		т	4	Ctls		7		4	
Tissnes With Diagnoses No. in group:	6	10	10	10		10 1	İ	10	10	- 1
Jac	6	0	0	10	_	10	0	0	10	
MEDIAL LOBE ANOMALY	•	•	,			<u> </u>		c	ď	
٨١	ש	0	0	TΩ	_	0 T	>	>	n	
27	0	0	0	0		0	0	0	1	
Total Incidence of Finding Observed:	0	0	0	0		0	0	0	Ħ	
Lumbar SCNumber examined:	σ	0	0	10	_	10	0	0	10	
LungsNumber examined:	σ.	10	10	10		10	10	10	10	
<	0	0	Н	0		ч	0	0	0	
â	Q	10	Q	10				10	10	
2>	0	0	0	0	_		0	0	0	
	6	10	0	10	_	9	. 01	10	10	
SUBPLEURAL/PERIVASCULAR LYMPHOID AGGREGATES WITH OR WITHOUT										
-VARIABLE NUMBERS OF NEUTROPHILS	4	9	Ŋ	7		5	4	œ	4	
15	īυ	4	Ŋ	ю		S.	9	7	9	
	ហេ	4	Ŋ	т	_	ιΩ	<b>9</b>	7	9	
AGONAL HEMORRHAGE(S)	t	C	ď	c	_	ď		·	5	
\(\frac{1}{2}\)	۰ ،	η α	ν -	0 0				2 0	2 0	
Total Incidence of Finding Observed:	2 2	1 (2)	-	1 73		П	0	0	0	
TERRET (C). MINEDAL DEBOGIT (C)										
(a)	ĸ	9	œ	©		9	2	9	9	
4	9	4	7	77	_	4	2	4	4	
	9	41	7	2	_	4	ល	4,	4	

All Diagnoses; Phases: P3; Death types: Scheduled FS; Date of death range: 24-Mar-06 To 27-Mar-06

Perfluoro-n-butyl iodide (PFBI): A 13-Week Nose-Only Inhalation Toxicity Study in Rats with a 4-Week Recovery Period

Incidence Summary of Microscopic Findings with Severity Levels Terminal Sacrifice

Control & from group(s). 1	1	! d	Anles	i m a 1	დ —	f f e c	e t a d	1 1	ري ا	
OD	Ctls	8	æ	4	_	Ct1s	7	ю	4	
	6	10	10	10		10	10	10	10	
Number exa	o o	10	10	10	_	10	10	10	10	
SUBACUTE (CHRONIC ACTIVE)/CHRONIC INFLAMMATION										
		σ	10	10	_	10	10	10	10	
41	0	Н	0	0		0	0	0	0	
	0	Н	0	0	_	0	0	0	0	
Lymph Node other	0	0	0	0	_	0	0	0	0	
Mediastinal LNNumber examined:	ω	0	0	10	_	10	0	0	9	
PARACORTICAL HYPERPLASIA		•	•	ć	-	r	c	c	c	
1>		0	0	0	_	'n	>	>	<b>&gt;</b> '	
		0	0	9	_	7	0	0	4	
<b>\$</b>	ις	0	0	4	_	ល	0	0	വ	
		0	0	10		10	0	0	Q	
SHANDOWHER BEAUTIES										
CTINOSES: ENER BY TIMOSES: ENER BY TI	4	0	0	4		თ	0	0	7	
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ΛΥ		>	>	4		,	•	, (	, (	
	4	0	0	9		г	0	5	.71	
SINUSOIDAL HISTIOCYTES					-	•		(	c	
A !	9	0	0	ω	_	0	0	0	သ	
^FI	П	0	0	1	_	1	0	0	-	
2>	н	0	0	1	_	0	0	0	0	
		0	0	77		Н	0	0	Н	
Mesenter; IN	Ø	0	0	10	_	10	0	0	10	
	,	•	•	•	-	c	c	c	r	
^ -	~1	0	0	7			> 1	، د	٠.	
^[	4	0	0	m	_	7	0	0	4.	
2>	4	0	0	ø	_	∞	0	0	ഗ	
Total Incidence of Finding Observed:	8	0	0	6	_	10	0	0	თ	

All Diagnoses; Phases: P3; Death types: Scheduled FS; Date of death range: 24-Mar-06 To 27-Mar-06

Perfluoro-n-butyl iodide (PFBI): A 13-Week Nose-Only Inhalation Toxicity Study in Rats with a 4-Week Recovery Period

Incidence Summary of Microscopic Findings with Severity Levels Terminal Sacrifice

	 		Ani	mals	Affec	t e	را 1-		
Control from anomalal. 1	Ε	al	a) av	-	H	E	a 1 e	Ω	
	Ctls	7	m	4	Ctls	7	٣	4	
	6	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	
Number	თ	0	0	10	10	0	0	10	
PARACORTICAL HYPERPLASIA									
A .	0	0	0	0	п	0	0	0	
	8	0	0	0	80	0	0	10	
<b>Α</b> Ε.	Н	0	0	-	1	0	0	0	
	σ	0	0	10	9	0	0	10	
SINUSES: FREE ERYTHROCYTES				•					
A 1	7	0	0	8	7	0	0	თ	
\$	н	0	0	7	2	0	0	н	
2>	П	0	0	0	П	0	0	0	
	7	0	0	7	m	0	0	Н	
						•			
HISTIOCYTIC AGGREGATES	7	0	0	7	m	0	0	7	
. / -	-	c	o	m	Ŋ	0	0	7	
( · c	1 C	, ,			0	c	¢	-	
۷	) r		0		1 C	· c	· c	· c	
ΛΥ	7	>	>	>	) I	> 0	•	,	
	7	0	0	m	7	0	0	m	
Nerve SciaticNumber examined:	Ø	0	0	10	10	0	0	10	
Nose/Turb Sec 1	6	0	0	10	10	0 .	0	10	
-HYPERTROPHY/HYPERPLASIA	m	0	0	80	æ	0	0	8	
	) <del>-</del>	, ,	• •	) -	"	c	C	-	
I A	-1	٠ د	<b>o</b> 1	٦,	) •	) <sup>'</sup> C	0 0	1 -	
2 >	ហ	0	0		4	Э '	<b>)</b>	۰ ۰	
	9	0	0	8	7	0	0	N	

All Diagnoses; Phases: P3; Death types: Scheduled FS; Date of death range: 24-Mar-06 To 27-Mar-06

Perfluoro-n-butyl iodide (PFBI): A 13-Week Nose-Only Inhalation Toxicity Study in Rats with a 4-Week Recovery Period

Incidence Summary of Microscopic Findings with Severity Levels Terminal Sacrifice

			A n i	m a l s	Ø	f fect	t e d	;		
Control from crown(s). 1		Mal	e e	!		F	еша	ј е		
DO	Ctls		m	4	_	Ctls	7	e	4	
Tissues With Diagnoses No. ingroup:	6	10	10	10	_	10	10	10	10	
	6	0	0	10		10	0	0	10	
A (RESPIRATORY): BASOPHILIC MA										
^	6	0	0	-	_	6	0	0	10	
1>	0	0	0	σ		П	0	0	0	
	0	0	0	σ	_	Н	0	0	0	
NAGAT TIMEN. DOCTNOBILITY MATRETAL										
MADAL BORBY: BOLLYOING TRACKS	ത	0	0	6	_	σ	0	0	10	
1	0	0	0	Н	_	Н	0	0	0	
	0	0	0	1	_	н	0	0	0	
TEACH TEACHER (SECOND ). CLAND DILAMED										
	Ø	0	0	10	_	10	0	0	9	
	C	C	O	0	_	0		0	т	
	0	0	0	0		0	0	0	Н	
		_	c	c		0	0	0	4	
	o	>	>	•	_	•	•	•		
	Ø	0	0	10	_	10	0	0	10	
NASAL MUCOSA (RESPIRATORY): EPITHELLUM- GUBLET CELL LUVDED-TODEY/HYDERD1ASTA										
- Ulebring Internet	ю	0	0	8	_	Ŋ	0	0	9	
1>	S	0	0	7		<sub>C</sub>	0	0	4	
2>	H	0	0	0		0	0	0	0	
	v	0	0	2	_	IJ	0	0	4	
TKTUTHEN CTTTHENDER (VICAME)										
NASAL MUCOSA (RESPIRATORY/OLFACIORY): BASOFRILLO FRAIENTAL	٧	C	c	7		7	0	0	10	
	, (c	0	0	· m		e	0	0	0	
Incidence of Finding Observe	m	0	0	ю	- <del></del> -	ന	0	0	0	
					.					-

All Diagnoses; Phases: P3; Death types: Scheduled FS; Date of death range: 24-Mar-06 To 27-Mar-06

Perfluoro-n-butyl iodide (PFBI): A 13-Week Nose-Only Inhalation Toxicity Study in Rats with a 4-Week Recovery Period

Incidence Summary of Microscopic Findings with Severity Levels Terminal Sacrifice

		     	4	n i m	a 1 s	Affec	τ Φ	٦ 		
		Σ	a ]	1 0	_	H	e E	ale	2	
CONTROLS ITOM group(s): 1 Dosade group	coup: Ctls	:	I	3		Ctls	8	m	4	
The second of the No. in diagrams of the No. in diagrams of the No. in diagrams of the No. in diagrams of the	group:	10		10 10		10	10	10	10	
Number exa	ned:		0	0 10	_	10	0	0	10	
4. ROSINOPHILIC MATERIAL										
	->		0	0	_	o.	0	0	7	
	1> 4		0	0	_	П	0	0	ო	
	rved:		0		4	П	0	0	ю	
NACAL MITCOGA (PESPIPATORY) - GLANDS DILATED										
	œ ^-	_	0	0	_ _	თ	0	0	10	
		_	0			1	0	0	0	
			0			0	0	0	0	
		,	0			Н	0	0	0	
NASAL MUCOSA (RESPIRATORY); SUBACUTE (CHRONIC ACTIVE)/										
-CHRONIC INFLAMMATION	٠ د	•	0	0 10	_	10	0	0	Q	
		_	0		_	0	0	0	1	
	rved: 0	_	0		0	0	0	0	н	
RY): EPITHELIUM- GOBLET CELL	examined: 9		0	0 10	_	10	0	0	10	
-HYPERTROPHY/HYPERPLASIA	۷ .	•	0	0 10	_	10	0	0	6	
		_	0		_	0	0	0	П	
	rved: 0	0	0	0	_ 0	0	0	0	1	
NASAL MUCOSA (OLFACTORY/RESPIRATORY): BASOPHILIC MATERIAL		_	c	c	_	r:	0	0	2	
		_	<b>.</b>			, [	, (	, ,	1 0	
	1>	7	0		 80		<b>&gt;</b> '	o (	0 (	
	2>	1	0	0	7	0	0	0	0	
		ω	0	Н	_	7	0	0	σο	

All Diagnoses; Phases: P3; Death types: Scheduled FS; Date of death range: 24-Mar-06 To 27-Mar-06

Perfluoro-n-butyl iodide (PFBI): A 13-Week Nose-Only Inhalation Toxicity Study in Rats with a 4-Week Recovery Period

Incidence Summary of Microscopic Findings with Severity Levels Terminal Sacrifice

1	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	 		 A n i	mals	Affe	c t e	i G		
Control a from aroun (a) . 1	Animal sex:	-	Мал	σ Ω	l I	-	E G	na 1	o o	!
	Dosage group:	Ctls	73	3	4	ctls	s 2			4
такатек Жіт Піваповев	No. in group:	6	10	10	10	1	10 10	٦	0	0
3	exa	6	0	0	10	_	10	0	0 1	10
V: EOS										
	^ '	0	0	0	0			0	0	1
	1>	89	0	0	6	_	10 0		0	8
	2>	н	0	0	ч	_	0	0	_	1
Total Incidence of F	Finding Observed:	Ø	0	0	10		10 (	0	0	on.
NASAL MICOSA (OLFACTORY): GLANDS DILATED										
	١	ω	0	0	10		6		0	8
	1>	П	0	0	0		1	0	0	2
Total Incidence of F	Incidence of Finding Observed:	н	0	0	0		Н		0	8
	Number examined:	σ	0	0	10		10 (		0 1	10
NASAL MUCOSA (OLFACTORY/RESPIRATORY): BASOPHILIC MATERIAL	_	c	c	c	c	_			c	m
	^1	>	>	٠ -	> !					
	1>	6	0	0	10	_	_ ∞	0	5	_
Total Incidence of F	Finding Observed:	o.	0	0	10				0	7
NASAL LUMEN: BOSINOPHILIC MATERIAL										
	1>	9	0	0	7	_	10 (	0	0	æ
	2 >	ю	0	0	т	_				2
Total Incidence of F	Finding Observed:	ø.	0	0	10	_	10	0	0	10
Ovaries	Number examined:						10 (	0	0	10
משמללתמס		6	0	0	10	_	10 (	0	0	10
CELL ATROPHY WITH OR WIT	NFLAMMATION									
	^ '	σ	0	0	6	_				7.0
	2>	0	0	0	Н	_			0	0
Total Incidence of F	Finding Observed:	0	0	0	ı	_	0	0	0	0
Parathyroid	Number examined:	σ	σı	7	6	_	10	8	6	6

All Diagnoses; Phases: P3; Death types: Scheduled FS; Date of death range: 24-Mar-06 To 27-Mar-06

Perfluoro-n-butyl iodide (PFBI): A 13-Week Nose-Only Inhalation Toxicity Study in Rats with a 4-Week Recovery Period

Incidence Summary of Microscopic Findings with Severity Levels Terminal Sacrifice

		1	Ani	m a l	S	ffect	t e	1		
Controls from group(s): 1	M	a 1	ω Ω	1	_	r.	eшa	e G	 	
	Ctls	73	c	4		Ctls	7	m	4	
Tissues With Diagnoses No. in group:	Ø	10	10	10		10	10	2	10	
	6	0	0	10	_					
LYMPHOID CELL AGGREGATE(S)	,	•	ď	t	-					
٨١	20	>	>	_						
1>	П	0	0	m						
	н	0	0	m						
Rectum/Low Colon	σ	0	0	10	_	10	0	. 0	10	
Salivary GlandsNumber examined:	თ	0	0	10	_	10	0	0	10	
Seminal VesiclesNumber examined:	თ	0	0	10	_					
SpleenNumber examined:	თ	0	0	10		10	0	0	10	
ACCESSORY SPLENIC TISSUE	თ	0	0	10	_	9	0	0	10	
4	0	0	0	0	_	Н	0	0	0	
Total Incidence of Finding Observed:	0	0	0	0		Н	0	0	0	
Sternal MarrowNumber examined:	σ	0	0	10	_	10	0	0	10	
SternumNumber examined:	თ	0	0	10		10	0	0	10	
	σ	0	0	10	<del>-</del>	10	0	0	10	
GLANDULAR MUCOSA: DILATED GLANDS	ហ	0	0	9	_	7	0	0	6	
4	4	0	0	4	_	٣	0	0		
	4	0	0	4,		m	0	0	п	
Submandib/Max LNNumber examined:	ω	0	0	10		σ	0	0	10	
PARACOKIICAL HIFERFLASIA	0	0	0	7	_	1	0	0	0	
1,	1	0	0	0	_	П	0	0	1	
2>	5	0	0	m	_	П	0	0	7	
3>	m	0	0	9		9	0	0	7	
	ወ	0	0	σ	_	ω	0	0	10	
								١		

All Diagnoses; Phases: P3; Death types: Scheduled FS; Date of death range: 24-Mar-06 To 27-Mar-06

Perfluoro-n-butyl iodide (PFBI): A 13-Week Nose-Only Inhalation Toxicity Study in Rats with a 4-Week Recovery Period

Incidence Summary of Microscopic Findings with Severity Levels Terminal Sacrifice

1	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	; ;	P			A f f e c	t e			
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CONTROL STORY I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I	ם ±	:	~~	4	_	Ct1s	7	٣	4	
		1 2	10	10		10	10	10	10	
Number of the state of the stat		٦	c	10	-	6	0	0	10	
TECHNOLITY		•	•	i	-					
SINUSOIDAL ALSTIOCYTES	,	C	С	m		N	0	0	т	
•		•	•	) [		١٢	c	_	c	
^1		>	>	•		7	۰ د	۰ د	<b>3</b> 1	
2>		0	0	0	_	4	0	0	υ	
3>		0	0	0	—	Н	0	0	0	
		0	0	7		7	0	0	7	
SINUSES: FREE ERYTHROCYTES										
<b>^</b>	7	0	0	10	_	7	0	0	σ	
^T	<b>⊢</b>	0	0	0		73	0	0	Н	
3>	٠	0	0	0		0	0	0	0	
. Total Incidence of Finding Observed:	. 2	0	0	0		7	0	0	Н	
SINUSOIDAL PLASMA CELLS				4	-	c	c	ď	•	
Λ 1		0	0	ത		ת	>	Э.	o T	
3>	0	0	0	1	_	0	0	0	0	
		0	0	Н		0	0	0	0	
					-					
TestesNumber examined:	6	0	0	10						
GERMINAL EPITHELIUM: DEGENERATION/ATROPHY				•	-					
٨		0	0	œ	_					
4	~	0	0	7	_					
		0	0	7	_					
Thoracic SCNumber examined:	on 	0	0	10	_	10	0	0	10	
			•		-	7	c	c	5	
ThymusNumber examined:	·.	0	0	ΙO	_	OT.	0	>	O T	
HEMORKHAGE (0)	. 7	0	0		_	80	0	0	ω	
1		0	0		_	7	0	0	7	
2	2> 2	0	0	0		0	0	0	0	
.Total Incidence of Finding Observed:		0	0			7	0	0	7	

All Diagnoses; Phases: P3; Death types: Scheduled FS; Date of death range: 24-Mar-06 To 27-Mar-06

Perfluoro-n-butyl iodide (PFBI): A 13-Week Nose-Only Inhalation Toxicity Study in Rats with a 4-Week Recovery Period

Incidence Summary of Microscopic Findings with Severity Levels
Terminal Sacrifice

		-	A n	i mals	A	f f e c	t e d	;		
Sex:		Σ	] e	-		[±	e ma	1 e	<b>S</b>	
DO	ctls	7	e	4	_	Ctls	7	m	4	
Tissues With Diagnoses No. in group:	6	10	10	10		10	10	10	10	
CELL HYPERTROPHY WITH OR	6	10	10	10	_	10	10	10	10	
-HYPERPLASIA	σ	4	~	m	_	10	10	10	D	
<u> </u>		. 0	7	7		0	0	0		
		9	7	7	_	0	0	0	п	
CYSTIC FOLLICULAR HYPERPLASIA			,	Ç		6	0	-	Ç	
^ I		7	T O	0 7		9 1	9 6	) (	2 0	
	0 :	0	0	0	_	0	0	0	0	
LYMPHOID CELL AGGREGATE(S)	7	Q	თ	10		თ	10	10	10	
		-		0	_	1	0	0	0	
		l H	1	0		H	0	0	0	
MINERAL DEPOSIT(S)	· ·	7	6	10	_	10	7	æ	7	
. 4		m	H	0	_	0	٣	7	ю	
		ю	1	0	_	0	m	77	м	
TracheaNumber examined MUCOSA: MIXED INFLAMMATORY CELLS (PRIMARILY LYMPHOID CELLS -ADMIXED WITH A SMALL AND VARIABLE NUMBER OF NEUTROPHILS	on	0	0	10	_	10	0	O	10	
	Λ Ω	0	0	7		7	0	0	4	
	1> 2	0	0	٣		0	0	0	4	
2>	^	0	0	0		æ	0	0	2	
	. 4	0	0	т	_	m	0	0	<b>9</b>	

All Diagnoses; Phases: P3; Death types: Scheduled FS; Date of death range: 24-Mar-06 To 27-Mar-06

06-Oct-06; 11:41 Huntingdon Life Sciences 04-6154

Perfluoro-n-butyl iodide (PFBI): A 13-Week Nose-Only Inhalation Toxicity Study in Rats with a 4-Week Recovery Period

Incidence Summary of Microscopic Findings with Severity Levels Terminal Sacrifice

		1	Ā	i m a 1	Ø	Affec	t e d	;		
Animal sex:	1	Ø	l e s	;		[± <sub>1</sub>	e H	, 1 e	s	
DC	Ctls	73	ю	4	_	Ctls	7	e	4	
Tiasnes With Diagnoses No. in group:	6	10	10	10	_	10	10	10	10	
NumNum	6	0	0	10	_	10	0	0	10	
MUCOSA: GLANDS DILATED					-	•	(	(	6	
A	σ.	0	0	თ	_	10	0	0	0.7	
2>	0	0	0	-	_	0	0	0	0	
	0	0	0	п	_	0	0	0	0	
(פ) קדור בקסיבור דומי רדר ווחארי בי היירי בי										
MUCUSA: DIMPROLD CELL AGGREGATE (5)	80	0	0	10	<u>-</u>	10	0	0	9	
. 4		0	0	0		0	0	0	н	
	ਜ :	0	0	0		0	0	0	т	
Urinary Bladdernumber examined:	υ σ	0	0	σ	_	10	0	0	10	
Uterus w/ Cervixnumber examined:					_	10	0	0	10	
LUMEN: DILATED					_	7	0	0	ω	
_					_	73	0	0	0	
2 2						н	0	0	-1	
i A	•					0	0	0	ı	
					_	e	0	0	7	

All Diagnoses; Phases: P3; Death types: Scheduled FS; Date of death range: 24-Mar-06 To 27-Mar-06

06-Oct-06- 11:47 Huntingdon Life Sciences 04-6154

Perfluoro-n-butyl iodide (PFBI): A 13-Week Nose-Only Inhalation Toxicity Study in Rats with a 4-Week Recovery Period

Incidence Summary of Microscopic Findings with Severity Levels Recovery Sacrifice

	1	A n	ı imal	s A	f f e c	t e d	1		
Controls from group(s): 1	е W	a 1 e	8	_	E4	e m	ъ П		
Dosage group:	Ctls 2	2	4		Ctls	73	m	4	
Tisanes With Diagnoses No. in group:	ស	5	5		0	0	0	0	
NumNum	ιn	5 2	4	_	0	0	0	0	
Thyroid	rv L	5	ro.	_	0	0	0	0	
-HYPERPLASIA	ľ	r.	ហ	_	0	0	0	0	
			0		0	0	0	0	
CYSTIC FOLLICULAR HYPERPLASIA	rv	rU n,	7. 4.	_	0	0	0	0	
	0	0	0 1	_	0	0	0	0	
	0	0	٦		0	0	0	0	
LYMPHOID CELL AGGREGATE(S)	īV	ru Ti	r D	_	0	. 0	0	0	
	0	0	0	_	0	0	0	0	
MINERAL DEPOSIT(S)	w		7	_	0	0	0	0	
1>	7	4	5 3		0	0	0	0	
	7	4	3	<del>-</del>	0	0	0	0	

All Diagnoses; Phases: P4; Death types: Scheduled FS; Date of death range: 21-Apr-06 To 21-Apr-06

Perfluoro-n-butyl iodide (PFBI): A 13-Week Nose-Only Inhalation Toxicity Study in Rats with a 4-Week Recovery Period

Incidence Summary of Microscopic Findings with Severity Levels Unscheduled Deaths

		;	Ani	mals	ΑĒ	fect	e Q	ı I	
Controls from group(s): 1		Mal	a) av	!	_	- FJ	Е В	] e	!
	ctls	7	m	4		Ct1s	<b>C</b> 1	ю	4
Tiesnes With Diagnoses No. in group:	Н	0	0	0		0	0	0	0
enal Glands	1	0	0	0		0	0	0	0
AortaNumber examined:	Н	0	0	. 0	_	0	0	0	0
BrainNumber examined:	н	0	0	0	_	0	0	0	0
CecumNumber examined:	н	0	0	0	_	0	0	0	0
Cervical SC	н	0	0	0	_	0	0	0	0
ColonNumber examined:	н	0	0	0	_	0	0	0	0
DuodenumNumber examined:	Н	0	0	0	_	0	0	0	0
Epididymides	н	0	0	0	_				
EsophagusNumber examined:	н	0	0	0	_	0	0	0	0
Femoral MarrowFemoral Marrow	н	0	0	0		0	0	0	0
Femur w/ Joint	н	0	0	0	_	0	0	0	0
HeartNumber examined:	н	0	0	0	_	0	0	0	0
^-	н ,	0 (	0 (	0 0		0 0	0 0	0 0	0 0
	0	0	0	<b>ɔ</b>	_	0	>	5	Þ
IleumNumber examined:	0	0	0	0		0	0	0	0
Incidence	0	0	0	0	_	0	0	0	0
JejunumNumber examined:	0	0	0	0	_	0	0	0	0

All Diagnoses; Phases: P3, P4; Death types: Unscheduled U3; Date of death range: 18-Jan-06 To 21-Apr-06

Perfluoro-n-butyl iodide (PFBI): A 13-Week Nose-Only Inhalation Toxicity Study in Rats with a 4-Week Recovery Period

Incidence Summary of Microscopic Findings with Severity Levels Unscheduled Deaths

		1	Ani	m a ls	Ą	f e c	e G	;		
Ocentrals from Armin(s). 1	Σ : -	ь Ц	a) D)	1	_	 F4	m a	1 6		
DO	Ct1s	7	33	4		Ctls	0	٣	4	
Tissues With Diagnoses No. in group:	1	0	0	0		0	0	0	0	
TIMOMINI WINE TIMOMINI	1	0	0	0	_	0	0	0	0	
CORITCO-MEDULMAKI JONCITON: MINEKAL DEFOSITAS	Н	0	0	0	_	0	0	0	0	
	0	0	0	0		0	0	0	0	
BASOPHILIC TUBULES.		,	,		_	c	d	c	c	
<b>^-</b>	Н	0	0	0		>	>	>	<b>.</b>	
	0	0	0	0		0	0	0	0	
INTERSTITIAL SUBACUTE/CHRONIC INFLAMMATORY FOCI	,	c	c	c	_	0	0	0	0	
	н о	0	0	0		0	0	0	0	
DILATED TUBULES	Н	0	0	0	_	0	. 0	0	0	
	0	0	0	0	_	0	0	0	0	
MEDULLA: MINERAL DEPOSIT(S)	1	0	0	0		0	0	0	0	
Total Incidence of Finding Observed:	0	0	0	0	_	0	0	0	0	
Larynx: V-DVTC	0	0	0	0	_	0	0	0	0	
MUCOSA: SERO-MUCOUS GLANDS DILATEDTotal Incidence of Finding Observed:	0	0	0	0	_	0	0	0	0	
MUCOSA: MIXED INFLAMMATORY CELLS (PRIMARILY LYMPHOID CELLS -ADMIXED WITH A SMALL AND VARIABLE NUMBER OF NEUTROPHILS										
-AND/OR EOSINOPHILS)	0	0	0	0	_	0	0	0	0	

All Diagnoses; Phases: P3, P4; Death types: Unscheduled U3; Date of death range: 18-Jan-06 To 21-Apr-06

Perfluoro-n-butyl iodide (PFBI): A 13-Week Nose-Only Inhalation Toxicity Study in Rats with a 4-Week Recovery Period

Incidence Summary of Microscopic Findings with Severity Levels Unscheduled Deaths

		-	Ani	m a 1	s A	ffect	t e d	1		
Animal sex:		Ma 1	O)	1		F	e m	e L	8	
Dosage gr	Ctls	0	е	4		Ctls	7	m	4	
No. in	Н	0	0	0		0	0	0	0	
rynx: V-DVTCNumber exa	0	0	0	0		0	0	0	0	
MUCOSA: LYMPHOID CELL AGGREGATE(S)	0	0	0	0	_	0	0	0	0	
Larynx: V-SM-G	0	0	0	0		0	0	0	0	
MUCOSA: SERO-MUCOUS GLANDS DILATEDTotal Incidence of Finding Observed:	0	0	0	0	_	0	0	0	0	
MUCOSA: MIXED INFLAMMATORY CELLS (PRIMARILY LYMPHOID CELLS -ADMIXED WITH A SWALL AND VARIABLE NUMBER OF NEUTROPHILS										
-AND/OR EOSINOPHILS) Total Incidence of Finding Observed:	0	0	0	0	_	0	0	0	0	
MUCOSA: LYMPHOID CELL AGGREGATE(S)	0	0	0	0	_	0	. 0	0	0	
MUCOSA: EPITHELIUM-SQUAMOUS/SQUAMOID METAPLASIA	0	0	0	0		0	0	0	0	
MUCOSA: STRATIFIED SQUAMOUS EPITHELLUM (NORMAL)-HYPERPLASIA	0	0	0	0	_	0	0	0	0	
LiverNumber examined:	Н	0	0	0	_	0	0	0	0	
INFLAMMATORY FOCI ->-		00	0 0	00		00	00	00	00	
MEDIAL LOBE ANOMALY		0	0	0		0 (	0 0	0 0	0 (	
	0	0	0	0	_	5	5	>	5	
Lumbar SCNumber examined:	T	0	0	0	_	0	0	0	0	1

All Diagnoses; Phases: P3, P4; Death types: Unscheduled U3; Date of death range: 18-Jan-06 To 21-Apr-06

Perfluoro-n-butyl iodide (PFBI): A 13-Week Nose-Only Inhalation Toxicity Study in Rats with a 4-Week Recovery Period

Incidence Summary of Microscopic Findings with Severity Levels Unscheduled Deaths

	e s 4	00	0	0	c	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	00	0 0	
٦ ٦	a 1 3	00	0	0	c	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0 0	0 0	>
t e	⊕ 7	0	0	0	c	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0 0	00	>
Affec	F Ctls	0 0	0	0	C	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	00	0 0	<b>-</b>
8 7			_	_	-	<del></del>	_	_	-		_		_	_			_
i m	1 4			0	c	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	00	0 (	0
A n	. e	0	, ,	0	c	00	0	0	c	0	0	0	0	0	00	0 0	0
	⊠ α α	0	· c	0	c	00	0	0	C	0	0	0	0	0	00	0	0
	 Ctls	-	<b>⊣ ⊢</b>	ı <del></del>	*	- <del>-</del> -	н	0	,-	1 П	F	10	0	1	44	ਜ਼	0
1	Controls from group(s): 1 Animal sex: Dosage group:	sues With Diagnoses	LungsNumbet examilined: ALVEOLAR/INTRAELVEOLAR MACROPHAGES	Total Incidence of Finding Observed:	SUBPLEURAL/PERIVASCULAR LYMPHOID AGGREGATES WITH OR WITHOUT -VARIABLE NUMBERS OF NEUTROPHILS	1> Total Incidence of Finding Observed:	AGONAL HEMORRHAGE(S)	Total Incidence of Finding Observed:	VESSEL(S): MINERAL DEPOSIT(S)		SUBACUTE (CHRONIC ACTIVE)/CHRONIC INFLAMMATION		Lymph Node othernumber examined:	Mediastinal LNNumber examined:	PARACORTICAL HYPERPLASIA 3> TATAl Incidence of Finding Observed:		

All Diagnoses; Phases: P3, P4; Death types: Unscheduled U3; Date of death range: 18-Jan-06 To 21-Apr-06

Perfluoro-n-butyl iodide (PFBI): A 13-Week Nose-Only Inhalation Toxicity Study in Rats with a 4-Week Recovery Period

Incidence Summary of Microscopic Findings with Severity Levels Unscheduled Deaths

		-	Ani	mals	Affe	c t e	ط		
Southern from grounds) 1	1	M a l	O)	-	1	F e m	r T	ο Ω	-
JQ DG	. Ctls	7	ო	4	Ctls	73		4	
Tissues With Diagnoses No. in group:	т.	0	0	0	0		٥	0	
11 INNum		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Total Incidence of Finding Observed:		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Mesenteric LNNumber examined:		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
SINUSOIDAL HISTIOCYTES		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
PARACORTICAL HYPERPLASIA	r-1	0	0	0		0	0	0	
		0	0	0	0	0		0	
SINUSES: FREE ERYTHROCYTES		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
HISTIOCYTIC AGGREGATES		0	0	0	0	0	0	O	
	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Nerve Sciaticnumber examined		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Nose/Turb Sec 1	 	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
-HYPERTROPHY/HYPERPLASIA ->-	٧	0	0	0	•	0	0	_	0
	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		0

All Diagnoses; Phases: P3, P4; Death types: Unscheduled U3; Date of death range: 18-Jan-06 To 21-Apr-06

Perfluoro-n-butyl iodide (PFBI): A 13-Week Nose-Only Inhalation Toxicity Study in Rats with a 4-Week Recovery Period

Incidence Summary of Microscopic Findings with Severity Levels Unscheduled Deaths

		-	Ani	mals	A f	fect	e d	!		
Control from ground(s). 1	W	la l	e S	Į.		F e	m m	le s	-	
Dosage gr	Ctls	8	٣	4	_	Ct1s	7	က	4	
Tissues With Diagnoses No. in group:	H	0	0	0		0	0	٥	0	ı
e/Turb Sec 1Num	Т	0	0	0		0	0	0	0	
SA (RESPIRATORY): BASOPHILIC MATERIAL	•	c	c	c	_	c	c	c	c	
->- Total Incidence of Finding Observed:	ч о	0	00	0		00	0	0	0	
NASAL LUMEN: EOSINOPHILIC MATERIAL				,	_	ď	c	c	c	
	н (	0	0 0	0 0		<b>&gt;</b>	> 0	> c		
	o	5	5	<b>-</b>		>	>	>	o	
NASAI, MICOSA (RESPIRATORY); GLANDS DILATED										
^-	Н	0	0	0	_	0	0	0	0	
	0	0	0	0		0	0	0	0	
אייה/ אייה ( אייה אייה אייה אייה אייה אייה אי	н	0	0	0	_	0		0	0	
(RESPIRATORY): EPITHELIUM-										
-HYPERTROPHY/HYPERPLASIA ->	П	0	0	0		0	0	0	0	
	0	0	0	0	_	0	0	0	0	
NASAL MUCOSA (RESPIRATORY/OLFACTORY): BASOPHILIC MATERIAL	F	c	c	0		0	0	0	0	
	10	0	0	0		0	0	0	0	
NASAL LUMEN: EOSINOPHILIC MATERIAL	F	0	0	0	_	0	0	0	0	
	0	0	0	0	_	0	0	0	0	
NASAL MUCOSA (RESPIRATORY): GLANDS DILATED	-	c	c	c	_	0	0	0	0	
Total Incidence of Finding Observed:	10	0	0	0		0	0	0	0	I

All Diagnoses; Phases: P3, P4; Death types: Unscheduled U3; Date of death range: 18-Jan-06 To 21-Apr-06

Perfluoro-n-butyl iodide (PFBI): A 13-Week Nose-Only Inhalation Toxicity Study in Rats with a 4-Week Recovery Period

Incidence Summary of Microscopic Findings with Severity Levels Unscheduled Deaths

Affected Temples	1 1 1 1 1 1	0 0	0 0 0 0		0	0 0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	0	0 0 0			0 0 0 0
i mals		4, C		•	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
- An	ນ໌ ⊣	n c				0	0	0	0	c		0	0 0	0		0 0	0	0		0	
>	Ξ	CTIS Z	-		1 0	0	п 0	1 0	0	-	0 0	1		н	0	н	ч	0		0	
	Controls from group(s): 1 Animal sex:	6 6 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4	WITH DIAGINOSES Mimber exa		^1		Nose/Turb Sec 3	-HYPERTROPHY/HYPERPLASIA ->		NASAL MUCOSA (OLFACTORY/RESPIRATORY): BASOPHILIC MATERIAL		NASAL LUMEN: EOSINOPHILIC MATERIAL		NASAL MUCOSA (OLFACTORY): GLANDS DILATED		Nose/Turb Sec 4	NASAL MUCOSA (OLFACTORI/KESFIKAIOKI): BASOFALLIC FAIERLAN>		NASAL LUMEN: BOSINOPHILIC MATERIAL		OvariesNumber examined:

All Diagnoses; Phases: P3, P4; Death types: Unscheduled U3; Date of death range: 18-Jan-06 To 21-Apr-06

Perfluoro-n-butyl iodide (PFBI): A 13-Week Nose-Only Inhalation Toxicity Study in Rats with a 4-Week Recovery Period

Incidence Summary of Microscopic Findings with Severity Levels Unscheduled Deaths

		A	n i n	a 1 s	Affec	α t	م - ـ ـ		
Animal sex:	M	a l	- S			F e m	а 1 е	ι  -	
DO	Ctls	7	9	4	Ct1s	7	Э	4	
Hissips With Diagnoses No. in group:	æ	0	0	0	0	٥	0	٥	
	П	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
ACINAR CELL ATROPHY WITH OR WITHOUT CHRONIC INFLAMMATION	,			-	C	c	c	c	
<b>^</b>	Н	0	0	5	0	>	>	>	
	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
ParathyroidNumber examined:	0	0	0	0		0	0	0	
ProstateNumber examined:	ᆏ	0	0	0					
LYMPHOID CELL AGGREGATE(S)	н	0	0	_ 0					
	0	0	0	0					
Rectum/Low Colon	н	0	0	0	0	0	o	0	
Salivary Glands	Т	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Seminal Vesicles	н	0	0	0					
SpleenNumber examined:	н	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
ACCESSORY SPLENIC TISSUE	1	0	0	0	0		0	0	
	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Sternal Marrow	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
SternumNumber examined:	н	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
StomachNumber examined:	п	0	0	0	0	0	0	O	
GLANDULAR MUCOSA: DILATED GLANDS>	Н	0	0	0	0		0	0	
	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
					,				

All Diagnoses; Phases: P3, P4; Death types: Unscheduled U3; Date of death range: 18-Jan-06 To 21-Apr-06

06-Oct-06; 11:42 Huntingdon Life Sciences 04-6154

Perfluoro-n-butyl iodide (PFBI): A 13-Week Nose-Only Inhalation Toxicity Study in Rats with a 4-Week Recovery Period

Incidence Summary of Microscopic Findings with Severity Levels Unscheduled Deaths

		7	Ani	mаI	₽		ב ש ב		
Controls from group(s): 1		Ma 1	o o	:	_	F	e H	Б	  -   
DO	Ctls	7	m	4		Ctls	7	m	4
Tissies With Diagnoses No. in group:	Н	0	0	0		0	0	0	0
andib/Max LNNumber exa	н	0	0	0	_	0	0	0	0
PARACORTICAL HIPERFLASIA	н	0	0	0	_	0	0	0	0
	н	0	0	0	_	0	0	0	0
SINUSOIDAL HISTIOCYTES	H	0	0	0		0	0	0	0
	0	0	0	0		0	0	0	0
SINUSES: FREE ERYTHROCYTES		c	c	c	_	c	c	c	c
3> Total Incidence of Finding Observed:	ਜ ਜ	00	00	0		0 0	00	0	0 0
SINUSOIDAL PLASMA CELLS	·	c	c	c	_	c	. c	c	c
->- Total Incidence of Finding Observed:	н о	00	0	0 0		0 0	0	0	0
TestesNumber examined:	н	0	0	0	_				
GERMINAL EFITHELLUM: DEGENERALION/AIROFRI	н	0	0	0	_				
	0	0	0	0					
Thoracic SC	н	0	0	0	_	0	0	0	0
ThymusNumber examined:	П	0	0	0	_	0	0	0	0
HEMORRHAGE(S) 2>	н	0	0	0	_	0	0	0	0
	н	0	0	0	_	0	0	0	0
mbid	Н	0	0	0	_	0	0	0	0

Perfluoro-n-butyl iodide (PFBI): A 13-Week Nose-Only Inhalation Toxicity Study in Rats with a 4-Week Recovery Period

Incidence Summary of Microscopic Findings with Severity Levels Unscheduled Deaths

	,		2 T & E	A f f e	ה ל ה	ָ קר	; ; !	į
Controla from group(s). 1	 ₩	a)		-	F e m	a 1	0 0	
Dosage gr		co	4	Ctl	2	m	4	
	1 0	0	0		0 0		0	
roid  FOLLICULAR CELL HYPERTROPHY W HYPERPLASTA	1 0	0	0	_	0	0	0	
<	1 0	0	0		0 0		0	
	0	0	0	_	0	0	0	
CYSTIC FOLLICULAR HYPERPLASIA	-	c	c	_			0	
		0	0		0 0	0	0	
LYMPHOID CELL AGGREGATE(S)		c	c	_			c	
Total Incidence of Finding Observed:		0 0	. 0		0		0	
		0 (	0 (		00	0 0	0 0	
Total Incidence of Finding Observed:		>	5	_			>	
TracheaNumber examined: MUCOSA: MIXED INFLAMMATORY CELLS (PRIMARILY LYMPHOID CELLS -ADMIXED WITH A SMALL AND VARIABLE NUMBER OF NEUTROPHILS -AND/OP ROGINOPHILS)	1 0	0	0		0	0	0	
<	1 0	0	0		0 0		0	
	0	0	0	_		0	0	
MUCOSA: GLANDS DILATED		c	c	_	c	c	c	
		0	0		0		0	
MUCOSA: LYMPHOID CELL AGGREGAIE(S)		0	0	_			0	
	0 0	0	0		0 0	0	0	
Urinary BladderNumber examined:	1 0	0	0		0 0	0	0	

All Diagnoses; Phases: P3, P4; Death types: Unscheduled U3; Date of death range: 18-Jan-06 To 21-Apr-06

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Incidence Summary of Microscopic Findings with Severity Levels Unscheduled Deaths

				, n	Animals	Affected	t e ċ	-		
Controls from group(s): 1	Animal sex:		мале	Φ Ω		1	e m	e H		
	Dosage group:	Ctls	7	٣	4	Ct1s	7	e	4	
Tissues With Diagnoses	No. in group:	П	0	0	0	0	0	٥	٥	
Uterus w/ Cervix	Number examined:					0	0	0	0	
LUMEN: DILATED										
	: Finding Observed:				_	0	0	0	0	

All Diagnoses; Phases: P3, P4; Death types: Unscheduled U3; Date of death range: 18-Jan-06 To 21-Apr-06